

# 2018 INTERIM FINANCIAL REPORT \_\_\_\_



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"The forecasts and forward-looking statements described in this document are based on the data, assumptions and estimates considered as reasonable by the Group as at the date of this document. These data, assumptions and estimates may evolve or change as a result of uncertainties related in particular to the economic, financial, competitive, tax or regulatory environment. The occurrence of one or more of the risks described in the registration document (document de référence) and may also have an impact on the business, financial position, results and prospects of the Group and thus affect its ability to achieve such forecasts and forward-looking statements. The Group therefore neither makes any commitment, nor provides any assurance as to the achievement of the forecasts and forward-looking statements described in this document."





"I certify that, to the best of my knowledge, the condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the applicable accounting standards, and give true and fair view of the assets and liabilities, and of the financial position and results of the Company and all its consolidated subsidiaries, and that the attached interim management report provides a true and fair view of the main events of the first six months of the year, their impact on the condensed interim consolidated financial statements, the significant transactions with related parties, as well as a description of the main risks and uncertainties for the remaining six months of the year."

Paris, September 5, 2018
Chief Executive Officer,
Philippe Petitcolin



## **KEY BUSINESS HIGHLIGHTS**

#### **CFM** commercial success

During the Farnborough Airshow, CFM International announced orders and commitments for 858 LEAP® and CFM56 engines, in addition to LEAP and CFM56 services agreements, at a combined value of USD 15.7 billion at list price. Following the air show, at July 31, 2018, the LEAP order book stands at 15,450 engines (orders and commitments) and CFM56 backlog stands at 434 engines.

## Continuing growth of narrowbody engines deliveries

Combined deliveries of CFM engines (LEAP and CFM56) increased by 20% in H1 2018 to 1,029 units, from 857 units in H1 2017.

## CFM56 program

CFM56 production rate was sustained with 591 units delivered in H1 2018 compared with 710 units in H1 2017, in line with customers' demand. CFM International expects to deliver around 1,000 CFM56 engines in 2018.

## **LEAP** program

The ramp-up of LEAP production proceeds. LEAP deliveries almost trebbled in H1 2018 to 438 engines compared with 147 engines in H1 2017. CFM International plans to deliver around 1,100 LEAP engines in 2018, as previously indicated.

LEAP-1A®: 27 airlines were operating 240 aircraft powered by LEAP-1A engines totalling over 1.2 million flight hours so far.

LEAP-1B®: 41 airlines were operating 183 aircraft powered by LEAP-1B engines totalling over 550,000 flight hours so far.

LEAP-1C®: Around 80 flight hours logged to date.

#### **Silvercrest**

Safran and Dassault Aviation reached an agreement regarding the indemnity to be paid to Dassault Aviation related to the termination of the Silvercrest engine for the Falcon 5X.

The amount is covered by the provisions previously booked by the Group, and the payment will be spread over three years from 2018.

Safran confirms that this agreement will not change its profitability and cash flow generation outlook.

## Helicopter turbines

Safran received EASA (European Aviation Safety Agency) engine type certification for its Arriel 2H engine (powering the Avicopter AC312E) and its Ardiden 3C (powering the Avicopter AC352).

#### Carbon brakes

Safran signed several carbon brakes contracts, notably with Turkish Airlines for 25 A350 and 25 Boeing 787, with Sun Express for 32 Boeing 737 MAX and with Indigo for 100 A320neo.

## Zodiac Aerospace - Aircraft Interiors

A major Middle-East airline selected Zodiac Aerospace to provide business class and economy class seats for a large wide-bodies linefit order.

In addition, a major Asian airline selected Zodiac Aerospace to provide first class seats for its future wide-bodies linefit order.

## **Zodiac Aerospace - Aerosytems**

ANA selected Zodiac Aerospace to retrofit its 16 Boeing 777-300 with the inflight connectivity system RAVE™ Broadband as well as its 8 Boeing 777-200, 11 Boeing 787-8 and 2 Boeing 787-9 with the inflight entertainment system RAVE Centric.

#### **Defense**

Raytheon Company and Safran have signed a Memorandum of Understanding to collaborate on the next-generation of combat vehicle sighting systems.

At the Eurosatory 2018 defense show, Safran Electronics & Defense introduced its new family of inertial navigation and pointing systems for land vehicles, Geonyx™.

## Signing of an agreement for the acquisition of Rockwell Collins' **Actuators, Pilot Controls and Special Products business**

These operations will expand the electrical actuation and flight control business lines of Safran Electronics & Defense and Zodiac Aerospace. In particular, they will allow Safran Electronics & Defense and Zodiac Aerospace (Aerosystems) to increase their critical mass in these sectors and to eventually enhance

The acquisition, which is subject to regulatory approval and the other usual conditions for this type of transaction, should be finalized in the first half of 2019.

## **Auxiliary Power Units (APUs)**

Boeing and Safran agreed to create a new 50/50 JV to design, build and service APUs. The completion of the transaction, subject to customary conditions including regulatory and antitrust clearance, is expected to close in H2 2018.

The JV will be accounted for using the equity method and will be progressively capitalized once the regulatory authorizations are obtained.

## On demand mobility

Safran and Bell announced a new collaboration on the development of innovative hybrid electric propulsion systems for future air taxi and VTOL systems. In this collaboration, Bell will lead the design, development and production of VTOL systems, and Safran will bring its technical expertise to bear in the development of a disruptive propulsion system.

#### **Foreword**

To reflect the Group's actual economic performance and enable it to be monitored and benchmarked against competitors, Safran prepares an adjusted income statement in addition to its consolidated financial statements.

Readers are reminded that Safran:

- is the result of the May 11, 2005 merger of Sagem and Snecma, accounted for in accordance with IFRS 3, "Business Combinations", in its consolidated financial statements;
- > recognizes, as of July 1, 2005, all changes in the fair value of its foreign currency derivatives in "Financial income (loss)", in accordance with the provisions of IAS 39 applicable to transactions not qualifying for hedge accounting (see section 3.1, Note 1.f of the 2017 Registration Document).

Accordingly, Safran's consolidated income statement has been adjusted for the impact of:

- > purchase price allocations with respect to business combinations. Since 2005, this restatement concerns the amortization charged against intangible assets relating to aircraft programs revalued at the time of the Sagem-Snecma merger. With effect from the first-half 2010 interim financial statements, the Group decided to restate:
  - the impact of purchase price allocations for business combinations, particularly amortization charged against intangible assets recognized at the time of the transaction

- and amortized over extended periods due to the length of the Group's business cycles and the impact of remeasuring inventories, as well as
- gains on remeasuring any previously held equity interests in the event of step acquisitions or asset contributions to joint ventures;

Safran has also applied these restatements to the acquisition of Zodiac Aerospace with effect from 2018.

- the mark-to-market of foreign currency derivatives, in order to better reflect the economic substance of the Group's overall foreign currency risk hedging strategy:
  - revenue net of purchases denominated in foreign currencies is measured using the effective hedged rate, i.e., including the costs of the hedging strategy,
  - all mark-to-market changes on instruments hedging future cash flows are neutralized.

The resulting changes in deferred tax have also been adjusted.

## RECONCILIATION OF THE CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT WITH THE ADJUSTED INCOME STATEMENT

The impact of these adjustments on income statement items is as follows:

		Currency hedges		<b>Business combinations</b>		
(in € millions)	First-half 2018 consolidated data	Remeasurement of revenue <sup>(1)</sup>	Deferred hedging gain (loss) <sup>(2)</sup>	Amortization of intangible assets from Sagem- Snecma merger <sup>(3)</sup>	PPA impacts – other business combinations <sup>(4)</sup>	First-half 2018 adjusted data
Revenue	9,393	113	-	-	-	9,506
Other recurring operating income and expenses	(8,544)	(1)	-	30	313	(8,202)
Share in profit from joint ventures	63	-	-	-	19	82
Recurring operating income	912	112	-	30	332	1,386
Other non-recurring operating income and expenses	(26)	-	-	-	-	(26)
Profit from operations	886	112	-	30	332	1,360
Cost of debt	(34)	-	-	-	-	(34)
Foreign exchange gain (loss)	(175)	(83)	189	-	-	(69)
Other financial income and expense	(11)	-	-	-	-	(11)
Financial income (loss)	(220)	(83)	189	-	-	(114)
Income tax expense	(100)	(10)	(65)	(10)	(87)	(272)
Profit from continuing operations	566	19	124	20	245	974
Profit from discontinued operations and disposal gain	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loss for the period attributable to non-controlling interests	(31)	(1)	-	(1)	(9)	(42)
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE PARENT	535	18	124	19	236	932

- (1) Remeasurement of foreign-currency denominated revenue net of purchases (by currency) at the hedged rate (including premiums on unwound options) through the reclassification of changes in the fair value of instruments hedging cash flows recognized in profit or loss for the period. However, the use of the outstanding portfolio of currency derivatives held by Zodiac Aerospace at the acquisition date gave rise to the partial reclassification of changes in the fair value of currency hedges to financial income (loss) for a six-month transition period
- (2) Changes in the fair value of instruments hedging future cash flows that will be recognized in profit or loss in future periods (€189 million excluding tax), and the impact of taking into account hedges when measuring provisions for losses on completion (zero at June 30, 2018).
- (3) Cancelation of amortization/impairment of intangible assets relating to the remeasurement of aircraft programs resulting from the application of IFRS 3 to the Sagem-Snecma merger.
- (4) Cancelation of the impact of remeasuring inventories at the time of the acquisition of Zodiac Aerospace for a negative €294 million (see section 3, Note 4, "Scope of consolidation") and cancelation of amortization/impairment of assets identified during other business

Readers are reminded that only the condensed interim consolidated financial statements are subject to review by the Group's Statutory Auditors. The condensed interim consolidated financial statements include the revenue and operating profit indicators set out in the adjusted data in section 3, Note 5, "Segment information".

Adjusted financial data other than the data provided in section 3, Note 5, "Segment information" are subject to the verification procedures applicable to all of the information provided in the interim report.

## 1.1 FIRST-HALF 2018 RESULTS

All figures concerning the first-half income statement and commented in sections 1.1 and 1.2 represent adjusted data, except when noted otherwise. Comments on the interim consolidated income statement are provided in section 1.3 of this document.

## Adjusted interim income statement

The data shown for first-half 2018 include four months of activity for Zodiac Aerospace, acquired by Safran on February 13, 2018 and consolidated with effect from March 1, 2018.

fine Familions)         Adjusted data (published)         IFRS 15 impact*         Adjusted data (published)           Revenue         8,038         (568)         7,670         9,506           Other Income         143         -         143         148           Income from operations         6,181         (568)         7,812         4,66           Change in inventories of finished goods and work-in-progress         415         12         427         406           Capitalized production         241         6         247         197           Raw materials and consumables used         (4,940)         156         (2,247)         (2,779)           Personnel costs         (2,247)         -         (2,247)         (2,779)           Taxes         (65)         -         (165)         (779)           Depreciation, amortization and increase in provisions, met of use         (331)         30         (301)         (429)           Asset impairment         (87)         7         (600         (20)           Other recurring operating income and expenses         99         (10)         82         82           Recurring operating income and expenses         (126)         (173)         1,045         1,358           Other inco		First-half 2017			First-half 2018
No.					
Other income   143   - 143   148   148   149	(in € millions)	(published)	IFRS 15 impact*	Adjusted data	Adjusted data
Income from operations	Revenue	8,038	(368)	7,670	9,506
Change in inventories of finished goods and work-in-progress	Other income	143	-	143	148
Capitalized production         241         6         247         197           Raw materials and consumables used         (4,940)         156         (4,784)         (5,575)           Personnel costs         (2,247)         -         (2,247)         (2,770)           Taxes         (165)         -         (165)         (179)           Depreciation, amortization and increase in provisions, net of use         (165)         -         (165)         (179)           Asset impairment         (87)         7         (80)         (20)           Other recurring operating income and expenses         59         (6)         53         20           Share in profit from joint ventures         92         (10)         82         82           Recurring operating income         1,218         (173)         1,045         1,366           Other non-recurring operating income and expenses         (16)         -         (16)         (26)         36           Other non-recurring operating income and expenses         (16)         -         (10)         (26)         36           Other non-recurring operating income and expenses         (16)         -         (10)         (26)         36           Origin exchange gain (loss)         (28) <td< td=""><td>Income from operations</td><td>8,181</td><td>(368)</td><td>7,813</td><td>9,654</td></td<>	Income from operations	8,181	(368)	7,813	9,654
Raw materials and consumables used         (4,940)         156         (4,784)         (5,575)           Personnel costs         (2,247)         -         (2,247)         (2,770)           Taxes         (165)         -         (165)         (179)           Depreciation, amortization and increase in provisions, net of use         (331)         30         (301)         (429)           Asset impairment         (87)         7         (80)         (20)           Other recurring operating income and expenses         59         (6)         53         20           Share in profit from joint ventures         92         (10)         82         82           Recurring operating income         1,218         (173)         1,045         1,360           Other non-recurring operating income and expenses         (16)         173         1,045         1,360           Other non-recurring operating income and expenses         (16)         173         1,029         1,360           Ost of net debt         (28)         -         (28)         (34)           Foreign exchange gain (loss)         24         (29)         (5)         (69)           Other financial income and expense         (30)         18         (24)         (21)         (25	Change in inventories of finished goods and work-in-progress	415	12	427	406
Personnel costs   (2,247)   - (2,247)   (2,770)     Taxes   (165)   - (165)   (179)     Depreciation, amortization and increase in provisions, net of use   (331)   30   (301)   (429)     Asset impairment   (87)   7   (80)   (20)     Other recurring operating income and expenses   59   (6)   53   20     Share in profit from joint ventures   92   (10)   82   82     Recurring operating income and expenses   1218   (173)   1,045   1,366     Other non-recurring operating income and expenses   166   - (166   (25)     Profit from operations   1,202   (173)   1,029   1,360     Other non-recurring operating income and expenses   (16)   - (16)   (25)     Profit from operations   1,202   (173)   1,029   1,360     Other financial income and expense   (20)   17   (3)   (11)     Financial income and expense   (20)   17   (3)   (11)     Financial income doss   (24)   (12)   (36)   (114)     Financial income doss   (24)   (12)   (36)   (114)     Financial income doss   (306)   58   (248)   (272)     Share in profit from associates   (306)   58   (248)   (272)     Share in profit from associates   (306)   58   (73)   (74)     FROFIT FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS   (37)   (37)   (37)     FROFIT FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS   (37)   (37)   (37)     FROFIT FOR THE PERIOD   (36)   (38)   (38)   (38)   (38)     Attributable to:   (306)	Capitalized production	241	6	247	197
Taxes         (165)         -         (165)         (179)           Depreciation, amortization and increase in provisions, net of use         (331)         30         (301)         (429)           Asset impairment         (87)         7         (80)         (20)           Other recurring operating income and expenses         59         (6)         53         20           Share in profit from joint ventures         92         (10)         82         82           Recurring operating income         1,218         (173)         1,045         1,586           Other non-recurring operating income and expenses         (16)         -         (16)         1,260           Other non-recurring operating income and expenses         (16)         -         (16)         (26)         1,360           Other of net debt         (28)         -         (28)         -         (28)         (34)           Foreign exchange gain (loss)         24         (29)         (5)         (69)           Other financial income (loss)         (24)         (12)         (36)         (118)           Frindit before tax         1,178         (185)         93         1,246           Income tax expense         (30)         58         (24)	Raw materials and consumables used	(4,940)	156	(4,784)	(5,575)
Depreciation, amortization and increase in provisions, net of use	Personnel costs	(2,247)	-	(2,247)	(2,770)
net of use         (331)         30         (301)         (429)           Asset impairment         (87)         7         (80)         (20)           Other recurring operating income and expenses         59         (6)         53         20           Share in profit from joint ventures         92         (10)         32         82           Recurring operating income         1,218         (173)         1,045         1,366           Other non-recurring operating income and expenses         (16)         -         (16)         (26)           Profit from operations         1,202         (173)         1,028         1,360           Cost of net debt         (28)         -         (28)         (34)           Foreign exchange gain (loss)         24         (29)         (35)         (69)           Other financial income and expense         (20)         17         (3)         (11)           Financial income (loss)         (24)         (12)         (36)         (114)           Profit brom discontinued operations         (30)         88         (248)         (272)           Share in profit from associates         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -	Taxes	(165)	-	(165)	(179)
Other recurring operating income and expenses         59         (6)         53         20           Share in profit from joint ventures         92         (10)         82         82           Recurring operating income         1,28         (173)         1,045         1,366           Other non-recurring operating income and expenses         (16)         -         (16)         (26)           Profit from operations         1,202         (173)         1,029         1,360           Cost of net debt         (28)         -         (28)         (34)           Foreign exchange gain (loss)         24         (29)         (5)         (69)           Other financial income and expense         (20)         17         (3)         (11)           Financial income and expense         (20)         17         (3)         (11)           Profit before tax         1,178         (185)         993         1,246           Income tax expense         (306)         58         (248)         (272)           Share in profit from associates         52         (127)         745         924           PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD         1,637         (127)         745         924           Attributable to:         5	·	(331)	30	(301)	(429)
Share in profit from joint ventures         92         (10)         82         82           Recurring operating income         1,218         (173)         1,045         1,386           Other non-recurring operating income and expenses         (16)         -         (16)         (26)           Profit from operations         1,202         (173)         1,029         1,360           Cost of net debt         (28)         -         (28)         (34)           Foreign exchange gain (loss)         24         (29)         (5)         (69)           Other financial income and expense         (20)         17         (3)         (11)           Financial income (loss)         (24)         (12)         365         (114)           Profit from come tax expense         (306)         58         (248)         (272)           Share in profit from associates         -	Asset impairment	(87)	7	(80)	(20)
Recurring operating income         1,218         (173)         1,045         1,386           Other non-recurring operating income and expenses         (16)         -         (16)         (26)           Profit from operations         1,202         (173)         1,029         1,360           Cost of net debt         (28)         -         (28)         (34)           Foreign exchange gain (loss)         (24)         (29)         (5)         (69)           Other financial income and expense         (20)         17         (3)         (11)           Financial income (loss)         (24)         (12)         (36)         (114)           Profit from closson (loss)         (24)         (12)         (36)         (114)           Profit from text expense         (306)         58         (248)         (272)           Share in profit from associates         -	Other recurring operating income and expenses	59	(6)	53	20
Other non-recurring operating income and expenses         (16)         -         (16)         (26)           Profit from operations         1,202         (173)         1,029         1,360           Cost of net debt         (28)         -         (28)         (34)           Foreign exchange gain (loss)         24         (29)         (5)         (69)           Other financial income and expense         (20)         17         (3)         (11)           Financial income (loss)         (24)         (12)         (36)         (114)           Profit before tax         1,178         (185)         993         1,246           Income tax expense         (306)         58         (248)         (272)           Share in profit from associates         -	Share in profit from joint ventures	92	(10)	82	82
Profit from operations         1,202         (173)         1,029         1,360           Cost of net debt         (28)         -         (28)         (34)           Foreign exchange gain (loss)         24         (29)         (5)         (69)           Other financial income and expense         (20)         17         (3)         (114)           Profit prom closs)         (24)         (12)         (36)         (114)           Profit prom closs         (306)         58         (248)         (272)           Share in profit from associates         -         -         -         -         -           PROFIT FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS         872         (127)         745         974           Profit from discontinued operations and disposal gain         765         8         773         -           PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD         1,637         (19)         1,518         932           Attributable to:         -	Recurring operating income	1,218	(173)	1,045	1,386
Cost of net debt       (28)       -       (28)       (34)         Foreign exchange gain (loss)       24       (29)       (5)       (69)         Other financial income and expense       (20)       17       (3)       (11)         Financial income (loss)       (24)       (12)       (36)       (114)         Profit before tax       1,178       (185)       993       1,246         Income tax expense       (306)       58       (248)       (272)         Share in profit from associates       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -        -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -        -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -        - <td>Other non-recurring operating income and expenses</td> <td>(16)</td> <td>-</td> <td>(16)</td> <td>(26)</td>	Other non-recurring operating income and expenses	(16)	-	(16)	(26)
Foreign exchange gain (loss)  Ctef financial income and expense  (20) 17 (3) (11)  Financial income (loss)  (24) (12) (36) (114)  Profit before tax  1,178 (185) 993 1,246  Income tax expense  (306) 58 (248) (272)  Share in profit from associates	Profit from operations	1,202	(173)	1,029	1,360
Other financial income and expense       (20)       17       (3)       (11)         Financial income (loss)       (24)       (12)       (36)       (114)         Profit before tax       1,178       (185)       993       1,246         Income tax expense       (306)       58       (248)       (272)         Share in profit from associates       -        -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -        -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -        -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -        -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       - <th< td=""><td>Cost of net debt</td><td>(28)</td><td>-</td><td>(28)</td><td>(34)</td></th<>	Cost of net debt	(28)	-	(28)	(34)
Prinancial income (loss)	Foreign exchange gain (loss)	24	(29)	(5)	(69)
Profit before tax	Other financial income and expense	(20)	17	(3)	(11)
Income tax expense   (306)   58   (248)   (272)     Share in profit from associates     -   -   -     PROFIT FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS   872   (127)   745   974     Profit from discontinued operations and disposal gain   765   8   773   -     PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD   1,637   (119)   1,518   974     Attributable to:	Financial income (loss)	(24)	(12)	(36)	(114)
Share in profit from associates         -         <	Profit before tax	1,178	(185)	993	1,246
PROFIT FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS         872         (127)         745         974           Profit from discontinued operations and disposal gain         765         8         773         -           PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD         1,637         (119)         1,518         974           Attributable to:         Strip of the parent         1,606         (118)         1,488         932           continuing operations         842         (126)         716         932           discontinued operations         764         8         772         -           non-controlling interests         31         (1)         30         42           continuing operations         30         (1)         29         42           discontinued operations         1         -         1         -           Earnings per share from continuing operations attributable to owners of the parent (in €)         2.05         (0.31)         1.74         2.17           Diluted earnings per share         2.01         (0.30)         1.71         2.11           Earnings per share from discontinued operations attributable to owners of the parent (in €)         8         0.02         1.88         -	Income tax expense	(306)	58	(248)	(272)
Profit from discontinued operations and disposal gain         765         8         773         -           PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD         1,637         (119)         1,518         974           Attributable to:	Share in profit from associates	-	-	-	-
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD       1,637       (119)       1,518       974         Attributable to:         > owners of the parent       1,606       (118)       1,488       932         continuing operations       842       (126)       776       932         discontinued operations       764       8       772       -         non-controlling interests       31       (1)       30       42         continuing operations       30       (7)       29       42         discontinued operations       1       -       1       -         Earnings per share from continuing operations attributable to owners of the parent (in €)         Basic earnings per share       2.05       (0.31)       1.74       2.17         Diluted earnings per share from discontinued operations attributable to owners of the parent (in €)       2.01       (0.30)       1.71       2.11         Earnings per share       1.86       0.02       1.88       -	PROFIT FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	872	(127)	745	974
Attributable to:         > owners of the parent       1,606       (118)       1,488       932         continuing operations       842       (126)       716       932         discontinued operations       764       8       772       -         > non-controlling interests       31       (1)       30       42         continuing operations       30       (1)       29       42         discontinued operations       1       -       1       -       1       -         Earnings per share from continuing operations attributable to owners of the parent (in €)       2.05       (0.31)       1.74       2.17         Diluted earnings per share       2.01       (0.30)       1.71       2.11         Earnings per share from discontinued operations attributable to owners of the parent (in €)       1.86       0.02       1.88       -	Profit from discontinued operations and disposal gain	765	8	773	-
> owners of the parent continuing operations       1,606       (118)       1,488       932         continuing operations       842       (126)       716       932         discontinued operations       764       8       772       -         > non-controlling interests       31       (1)       30       42         continuing operations       30       (1)       29       42         discontinued operations       1       -       1       -         Earnings per share from continuing operations attributable to owners of the parent (in €)       2.05       (0.31)       1.74       2.17         Diluted earnings per share       2.01       (0.30)       1.71       2.11         Earnings per share from discontinued operations attributable to owners of the parent (in €)       1.86       0.02       1.88       -	PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD	1,637	(119)	1,518	974
continuing operations842(126)716932discontinued operations7648772-> non-controlling interests31(1)3042continuing operations30(1)2942discontinued operations1-1-Earnings per share from continuing operations attributable to owners of the parent (in €)2.05(0.31)1.742.17Diluted earnings per share2.01(0.30)1.712.11Earnings per share from discontinued operations attributable to owners of the parent (in €)Basic earnings per share1.860.021.88-	Attributable to:				
discontinued operations7648772-> non-controlling interests31(1)3042continuing operations30(1)2942discontinued operations1-1-Earnings per share from continuing operations attributable to owners of the parent (in €)2.05(0.31)1.742.17Diluted earnings per share2.01(0.30)1.712.11Earnings per share from discontinued operations attributable to owners of the parent (in €)Basic earnings per share1.860.021.88-	> owners of the parent	1,606	(118)	1,488	932
> non-controlling interests31(1)3042continuing operations30(1)2942discontinued operations1-1-Earnings per share from continuing operations attributable to owners of the parent ( $in ∈ l$ )2.05(0.31)1.742.17Diluted earnings per share2.01(0.30)1.712.11Earnings per share from discontinued operations attributable to owners of the parent ( $in ∈ l$ )1.860.021.88-	continuing operations	842	(126)	716	932
continuing operations30(1)2942discontinued operations1-1-Earnings per share from continuing operations attributable to owners of the parent (in $\in$ )1.742.17Basic earnings per share2.05(0.31)1.742.17Diluted earnings per share2.01(0.30)1.712.11Earnings per share from discontinued operations attributable to owners of the parent (in $\in$ )Basic earnings per share1.860.021.88-	discontinued operations	764	8	772	-
discontinued operations     1     -     1     -       Earnings per share from continuing operations attributable to owners of the parent (in €)     2.05     (0.31)     1.74     2.17       Basic earnings per share     2.01     (0.30)     1.71     2.11       Earnings per share from discontinued operations attributable to owners of the parent (in €)     1.86     0.02     1.88     -	> non-controlling interests	31	(1)	30	42
Earnings per share from continuing operations attributable to owners of the parent (in $\in$ )  Basic earnings per share  2.05 (0.31) 1.74 2.17  Diluted earnings per share  2.01 (0.30) 1.71 2.11  Earnings per share from discontinued operations attributable to owners of the parent (in $\in$ )  Basic earnings per share  1.86 0.02 1.88 -	continuing operations	30	(1)	29	42
to owners of the parent (in €)       Basic earnings per share     2.05     (0.31)     1.74     2.17       Diluted earnings per share     2.01     (0.30)     1.71     2.11       Earnings per share from discontinued operations attributable to owners of the parent (in €)       Basic earnings per share     1.86     0.02     1.88     -	discontinued operations	1	-	1	-
Diluted earnings per share 2.01 (0.30) 1.71 2.11 Earnings per share from discontinued operations attributable to owners of the parent (in $\in$ )  Basic earnings per share 1.86 0.02 1.88 -					
Earnings per share from discontinued operations attributable to owners of the parent (in $\in$ )  Basic earnings per share  1.86  0.02  1.88	Basic earnings per share	2.05	(0.31)	1.74	2.17
to owners of the parent (in $\in$ )  Basic earnings per share  1.86  0.02  1.88	Diluted earnings per share	2.01	(0.30)	1.71	2.11
Diluted earnings per share 1.83 0.02 1.85 -	Basic earnings per share	1.86	0.02	1.88	-
	Diluted earnings per share	1.83	0.02	1.85	-

<sup>(\*)</sup> The data published for first-half 2017 have been restated to reflect the impact of the change in accounting policy resulting from the retrospective application of IFRS 15, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers".

## Adjusted revenue

First-half 2018 revenue amounted to €9,506 million, including the four-month contribution of €1,516 million from Zodiac Aerospace. This represents an increase of 23.9%, or €1,836 million, compared to the year-ago period. At constant scope, revenue grew 4.3%.

On an organic basis, revenue increased 10.1% as all activities contributed positively.

The net impact of currency variations was a negative €445 million, reflecting a negative translation effect on non-Euro revenues, principally USD. The average USD/EUR spot rate was 1.21 to the Euro in the first-half of 2018, compared to 1.08 in the year-ago period. The Group's hedge rate improved to USD 1.18 to the Euro in H1 2018 from USD 1.21 in H1 2017.

(in € millions)	Propulsion	Aircraft Equipment	Defense	Aerosystems	Aircraft Interiors	Holding company and other	Safran
H1 2017	4,414	2,636	612	N/A	N/A	8	7,670
H1 2018	4,744	2,585	651	742	774	10	9,506
Reported growth	7.5%	(1.9)%	6.4%	N/A	N/A	N/A	23.9%
Impact of changes in scope	(0.2)%	-	-	N/A	N/A	N/A	19.6%
Currency impact	(5.2)%	(7.5)%	(2.8)%	N/A	N/A	N/A	(5.8)%
Organic growth	12.9%	5.6%	9.2%	N/A	N/A	N/A	10.1%

## Adjusted recurring operating income

First-half recurring operating income reached €1,386 million, up 32.6% compared to €1,045 million in first-half 2017. This increase notably includes the four-month contribution of €129 million from Zodiac Aerospace, as well as the positive currency impact of €79 million (notably comprising the improved EUR/USD hedge

rate). Recurring operating income margin stood at 14.6% of sales compared with 13.6% in the year-ago period.

As expected, profitability increased strongly in Propulsion, Aircraft Equipment and Defense.

## Adjusted profit from operations

One-off items, mainly related to transaction costs, totalled a negative €26 million during first-half 2018:

(in € millions)	First-half 2017	First-half 2018
Adjusted recurring operating income	1,045	1,386
% of revenue	13.6%	14.6%
Total one-off items	(16)	(26)
Capital gain (loss) on disposals	-	5
Impairment reversal (charge)	-	1
Other infrequent & material non-operational items	(16)	(32)
ADJUSTED PROFIT FROM OPERATIONS	1,029	1,360
% of revenue	13.4%	14.3%

## Adjusted net income - Group share

Adjusted net income – Group share was €932 million (basic EPS of €2.17 and diluted EPS of €2.11) compared with €716 million for continuing operations in H1 2017 (basic EPS of €1.74 and diluted EPS of €1.71). It includes:

- > net adjusted financial loss of €114 million, including cost of debt of €34 million;
- > an adjusted tax expense of €272 million (22% apparent tax rate).

The reconciliation between H1 2018 consolidated income statement and adjusted income statement is provided and commented in the Notes on page 4.

## 1.2 BUSINESS COMMENTARY

## First-half 2018 key figures

The data for the first-half 2017 have been restated in accordance with IFRS 15.

The date shown for first-half 2018 include four months of activity for Zodiac Aerospace (Aerosystems and Aircraft Interiors).

## Segment breakdown of adjusted revenue

<b>Segment breakdown of adjusted revenue</b> (in € millions)	First-half 2017	First-half 2018	% change	% organic change**
Aerospace Propulsion	4,414	4,744	7.5%	12.9%
Aircraft Equipment	2,636	2,585	(1.9)%	5.6%
Defense	612	651	6.4%	9.2%
Aerosystems*	N/A	742	N/A	N/A
Aircraft Interiors*	N/A	774	N/A	N/A
Holding company and other	8	10	-	
TOTAL GROUP	7,670	9,506	23.9%	10.1%

<sup>(\*)</sup> For the March to June 2018 period.

## Segment breakdown of adjusted recurring operating income

Segment breakdown of recurring operating income			
(in € millions)	First-half 2017	First-half 2018	% change
Aerospace Propulsion	721	868	20.4%
% of revenue	16.3%	18.3%	
Aircraft Equipment	287	347	20.9%
% of revenue	10.9%	13.4%	
Defense	35	45	28.6%
% of revenue	5.7%	6.9%	
Aerosystems*	N/A	129	N/A
% of revenue	N/A	17.4%	
Aircraft Interiors*	N/A	-	N/A
% of revenue	N/A	-	
Holding company and other	2	(3)	N/A
TOTAL GROUP	1,045	1,386	<b>32.6</b> %
% of revenue	13.6%	14.6%	

<sup>(\*)</sup> For the March to June 2018 period.

## 2018 adjusted revenue by quarter

2018 adjusted revenue by quarter (in € millions)	First-quarter 2018	Second-quarter 2018	First-half 2018
Aerospace Propulsion	2,286	2,458	4,744
Aircraft Equipment	1,263	1,322	2,585
Defense	298	353	651
Zodiac Aerospace*	369	1,147	1,516
Others	6	4	10
TOTAL REVENUE	4,222	5,284	9,506

<sup>(\*)</sup> Zodiac Aerospace includes Aerosystems and Aircraft Interiors. Zodiac Aerospace is fully consolidated since March 1, 2018.

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> Organic change does not include changes in the scope of consolidation (in particular, the four-month contribution of Zodiac Aerospace) or currency impacts for the period.

## Segment operations review

#### **Aerospace Propulsion**

First-half 2018 revenue was €4,744 million, up 7.5% compared to €4,414 million in the year-ago period. On an organic basis, revenue grew 12.9%, driven by the civil aftermarket, narrowbody engines programmes (LEAP and CFM56) and helicopter turbines activities.

OE revenue grew 14.1% (in €) in H1 2018 compared with H1 2017, thanks to higher sales of narrowbody engines. The total number of narrowbody aircraft engines deliveries increased 20% from 857 to 1,029 engines. As planned, LEAP production ramp-up more than offset the ramp-down of CFM56: LEAP shipments grew by 291 units to 438 engines in H1 2018 from 147 in H1 2017 while CFM56 volumes dropped by 119 units to 591 deliveries in H1 2018 from 710 in H1 2017. Helicopter turbines OE sales resumed organic growth on the back of increased volumes of higher value engines. In line with FY 2018 assumptions, headwinds to revenue included lower shipments of high thrust engines modules and military OE sales. M88 engines deliveries amounted to four units in H1 2018 compared with 12 in H1 2017.

Service revenue was up 3.0% in Euro terms and represented a 57.4% share of H1 2018 sales. Organic growth was driven by civil aftermarket activities and helicopter turbines services, partially offset by lower military support activities.

Civil aftermarket revenue grew 12.5% in USD terms in H1 2018 (including 16.4% in Q1 2018 and 8.8% in Q2 2018) thanks to higher spare parts sales. As expected, revenue recognition for service contracts slowed down in Q2 2018 after a sharp seasonal increase in Q1 2018.

On the basis of H1 2018 growth and of the continuing momentum in spare parts sales, Safran raises its civil aftermarket growth assumption for FY 2018: civil aftermarket is now expected to grow in the 10% to 12% range (previously "in the high single digits").

Recurring operating income was €868 million, an increase of 20.4% compared with €721 million in first-half 2017. Recurring operating margin grew from 16.3% to 18.3%.

Profitability benefitted from the civil aftermarket growth, the higher contribution of helicopter turbines activities, the lower expensed R&D and the improved EUR/USD hedge rate.

The CFM56-LEAP transition was a tailwind of €35 million to recurring operating income growth in H1 2018 compared with H1 2017. The contribution of profitable CFM56 deliveries and the planned reduction in LEAP production cost per unit was partially offset by the increased volumes of LEAP deliveries with negative margins.

Lower military sales had a negative effect on profitability.

In H2 2018, Safran expects the CFM56-LEAP transition to represent a headwind to recurring operating income notably due to the planned acceleration of LEAP deliveries and to the continuing ramp-down of CFM56 OE volumes.

Safran now expects an overall negative impact on Propulsion adjusted recurring operating income variation in the range €100 million to €150 million compared to 2017 (previously "in the range €150 to €200 million").

#### Aircraft Equipment

First-half 2018 revenue amounted to €2,585 million compared to €2,636 million in the year-ago period. On an organic basis, revenue was up 5.6%.

OE revenue grew 2.5% organically, mainly driven by increased volumes of nacelles. Deliveries of nacelles for LEAP-1A powered A320neo grew by 67 units to 172 nacelles in H1 2018. A380 nacelle shipments were flat. Higher sales of equipment (landing gear and wiring) for the Boeing 787 and the A320 family also contributed to OE growth.

Service revenue was up 12.6% organically, driven by the growing contribution of carbon brakes as well as by nacelle and landing gear support activities.

Recurring operating income was €347 million, an increase of 20.9% compared to €287 million in the year-ago period. Recurring operating margin strongly increased from 10.9% to 13.4%. The growth in profitability was driven by higher volumes (notably in services) and by the benefits of cost reduction and productivity actions, only partially offset by higher expensed R&D. The improved EUR/USD hedge rate had a positive impact on profitability.

#### Defense

First-half 2018 revenue was €651 million, up 6.4% compared to €612 million in the previous year. On an organic basis, revenue increased by 9.2%.

Growth in military sales was driven by increases in guidance and sighting systems as well as by portable optronics (LTLM II contract in the US). Avionics revenue was also up thanks to electronics (FADEC for LEAP), optics equipment for telescopes and support activities.

Recurring operating income, at 6.9% of revenue, was up at €45 million compared to €35 million (5.7% of revenue) in first-half 2017. Increased volumes coupled with production cost reductions drove profitability improvements. Self-funded R&D spending remained at a high level (10.6% of sales) to maintain technological edge.

#### **Zodiac Aerospace** (4 months from March to June 2018)

Revenue of Zodiac Aerospace for the March to June period was €1,516 million (including an unfavourable currency impact for both Aerosystems and Aircraft Interiors). Recurring operating income amounted to €129 million.

Aerosystems recorded revenue of €742 million. Sales were impacted by a slow-down in Safety Systems as well as in Fluid and Water & Waste Systems, partially offset by the positive momentum in Connected Cabin and the higher contribution of Control Systems.

Aerosystems recurring operating income was €129 million. Control Systems and Connected Cabin had a positive impact while R&D and industrialization spending was a headwind to profitability.

Aircraft Interiors recorded revenue of €774 million. The performance continued to be negatively impacted by lower volumes, notably due to the commercial impacts of previous design and execution issues. Aircraft Interiors recurring operating income was €0 million. The performance was driven by the first benefits of operational improvement plans and cost reduction programs.

#### Holding company and other

The reporting segment "Holding company and other" includes costs of general management as well as transverse services provided for the Group and its subsidiaries including central finance, tax and foreign currency management, Group legal, communication and human resources.

In addition, the holding company invoices subsidiaries for shared services including administrative service centres (payroll, recruitment, IT, transaction accounting), a centralized training organization and Safran's R&T center.

Holding company and other impact on Safran recurring operating income was a negative €3 million in first-half 2018 compared with a positive €2 million in the year-ago period.

#### Research and development

Total R&D expenditure, including customer-funded, reached €726 million (including €170 million from Zodiac Aerospace), compared with €756 million in H1 2017.

The self-funded R&D effort before research tax credit was €565 million (including €126 million from Zodiac Aerospace), compared with €539 million for first-half 2017. Excluding the impact of the four-month consolidation of Zodiac Aerospace, self-funded R&D dropped €100 million compared to the year-ago period.

Capitalized R&D was €139 million (including €27 million from Zodiac Aerospace) compared with €167 million for H1 2017. Excluding Zodiac Aerospace, capitalized R&D fell €55 million notably as Safran ceased capitalizing R&D on the LEAP-1B at the end of February 2017. Amortization and depreciation of capitalized R&D was €104 million (including €16 million from Zodiac Aerospace) compared with €76 million for H1 2017.

The impact on recurring operating income of expensed R&D was €458 million (of which €112 million related to Zodiac Aerospace) compared with €374 million in the year-ago period. Excluding Zodiac Aerospace, R&D charged to recurring operating income dropped €28 million.

## 1.3 INTERIM 2018 CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

The data shown for first-half 2018 include four months of activity for Zodiac Aerospace, acquired by Safran on February 13, 2018 and consolidated with effect from March 1, 2018.

(in € millions)	First-half 2017*	First-half 2018	% change
Revenue	8,011	9,393	+17.3%
Other operating income and expenses	(6,757)	(8,544)	
Share in profit from joint ventures	57	63	
Recurring operating income	1,311	912	-30.4%
Other non-recurring operating income and expenses	(16)	(26)	
Profit from operations	1,295	886	-31.6%
Financial income (loss)	2,353	(220)	
Profit before tax	3,648	666	
Income tax expense	(1,171)	(100)	
Profit from continuing operations	2,477	566	
Profit from discontinued operations and disposal gain	773	-	
Loss for the period attributable to non-controlling interests	(29)	(31)	
PROFIT FROM THE PERIOD ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE PARENT	3,221	535	

<sup>(\*)</sup> The data published for first-half 2017 have been restated to reflect the impact of the change in accounting policy resulting from the retrospective application of IFRS 15, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" (see Note 3.a.2, "Impact at June 30, 2017").

### Consolidated revenue

For first-half 2018, revenue was €9,393 million, compared to €8,011 million in the same period a year ago, a 17.3% year-on-year increase.

The difference between adjusted consolidated revenue and consolidated revenue is due to the exclusion of foreign currency derivatives from the adjusted figures. Neutralizing the impact of foreign currency hedging increased first-half consolidated revenue in 2018 by €113 million (versus €341 million for first-half consolidated revenue in 2017). This year-on-year change results from movements in average exchange rates with regard to the effective hedged rates for the period on the portion of foreign-currency denominated flows hedged by the Group. For example, the hedged EUR/USD rate for first-half 2018 was 1.18, against an average rate of 1.21, which explains why netting out the effect of foreign currency hedging results in a consolidated revenue figure that is lower than adjusted revenue.

Year-on-year changes in revenue, excluding the impact of adjusting items are analyzed above (see sections 1.1 and 1.2).

## **Consolidated recurring** operating income

Recurring operating income came in at €912 million for first-half 2018, compared to €1,311 million for first-half 2017. The difference between recurring operating income and adjusted recurring operating income, which came in at €1,386 million, results in particular from:

- > amortization charged against intangible assets measured when allocating the purchase price for the May 2005 Sagem-Snecma business combination, representing €30 million for first-half 2018 (versus €33 million for first-half 2017);
- > amortization charged against intangible assets measured when allocating the purchase price for other business combinations, representing €332 million for first-half 2018 (versus €46 million for first-half 2017) and including the impact of remeasuring inventories at fair value as part of the provisional allocation of the Zodiac Aerospace purchase price for a negative €294 million (see section 3, Note 4, "Scope of consolidation");
- > a positive €112 million impact resulting from foreign currency transactions (compared to a positive impact of €351 million for first-half 2017), including the remeasurement of foreign-currency denominated revenue (€113 million) and of "other recurring operating income and expenses" (€1 million).

Changes in recurring operating income, excluding the impact of adjusting items, are analyzed above (see sections 1.1 and 1.2).

## Consolidated profit from operations

Profit from operations came in at €886 million for first-half 2018. compared to €1,295 million for first-half 2017.

Profit from operations includes recurring operating income of €912 million (€1,311 million for first-half 2017) and a non-recurring expense of €26 million (versus a non-recurring loss of €16 million for first-half 2017.

Changes in profit from operations in adjusted data as well as non-recurring items are analyzed above (see section 1.1).

## Consolidated financial income (loss)

The Group reported a financial loss of €220 million for first-half 2018, compared to financial income of €2.353 million for first-half 2017.

Two items account for the difference between consolidated financial loss for first-half 2018 and the adjusted financial income analyzed above (see section 1.1):

- > changes in the fair value of foreign currency derivatives hedging future cash flows which had a negative impact of €189 million (compared to a positive impact of €2,740 million for first-half 2017). This amount is recognized in full in financial income (loss) in the consolidated financial statements, whereas this impact is neutralized in the adjusted consolidated financial statements:
- > the net positive impact of exchange rate hedging on the portion of foreign-currency denominated flows hedged by the Group totalling €83 million for first-half 2018 (compared to a €351 million negative impact for first-half 2017). This impact is recognized in financial income (loss) in the consolidated financial statements, whereas it is recognized in profit from operations (mostly in revenue) in the adjusted income statement.

## Consolidated income tax expense

Income tax expense amounted to €100 million for first-half 2018 compared to €1.171 million for first-half 2017.

For first-half 2018, changes in the fair value of currency derivatives recognized in financial income (loss) generated €72 million in deferred tax income. For first-half 2017, changes in the fair value of currency instruments amounted to a positive €2,740 million and generated a deferred tax expense.

## Consolidated profit attributable to owners of the parent

This caption amounted to €535 million for first-half 2018 and €3,221 million for first-half 2017. For first-half 2017, a profit from discontinued operations of €765 million is included in this caption, comprising the earnings after tax of the Security businesses until their disposal and the capital gain on the disposal after tax (see section 1.1).

## 1.4 BALANCE SHEET AND CASH FLOW

## **Balance sheet**

Balance sheet – Assets (in € millions)	Dec. 31, 2017*	June 30, 2018
Goodwill	1,831	7,346
Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	9,114	10,401
Investments in equity-accounted companies	2,127	2,144
Other non-current assets	575	862
Derivative assets	582	831
Inventories and work-in-progress	3,954	5,578
Contract costs	261	473
Trade and other receivables	4,952	6,154
Contract assets	1,366	1,485
Cash and cash equivalents	4,914	2,380
Other current assets	2,709	716
TOTAL ASSETS	32,385	38,370

Balance sheet – Liabilities		
(in € millions)	Dec. 31, 2017*	June 30, 2018
Equity	9,648	10,796
Provisions	2,188	2,632
Borrowings subject to specific conditions	569	610
Interest-bearing liabilities	4,636	5,925
Derivative liabilities	805	1,230
Other non-current liabilities	682	1,371
Trade and other payables	4,409	5,244
Contract liabilities	9,090	10,103
Other current liabilities	358	459
TOTAL EQUITY & LIABILITIES	32,385	38,370

<sup>(\*)</sup> The data published for December 31, 2017 have been restated to reflect the impact of the change in accounting policy resulting from the retrospective application of IFRS 15, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers".

They do not include data relating to Zodiac Aerospace, which was acquired after December 31, 2017.

## Cash flow highlights

Cash flow highlights (in € millions)	First-half 2017	Full-year 2017	First-half 2018
Adjusted attributable net profit	1,488	2,393	932
Post-tax capital gain on Security activities	(774)	(832)	-
Depreciation, amortization, provisions and others	380	500	787
Cash flow from operations	1,094	2,061	1,719
Changes in working capital	183	691	(299)
Capex (property, plant and equipment assets)	(345)	(740)	(387)
Capex (intangible assets)	(96)	(225)	(69)
Capitalization of R&D	(170)	(349)	(144)
Free cash flow	666	1,438	820
Dividends paid	(366)	(372)	(721)
Divestments/acquisitions and others	2,643	611	(3,946)
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	2,943	1,677	(3,847)
Net debt at beginning of period	(1,383)	(1,383)	294
Net debt at end of period	1,560	294	(3,533)

Operations generated €820 million of free cash flow, including €25 million from Zodiac Aerospace. Free cash flow generation was driven by cash from operations of €1,719 million, devoted principally to tangible and intangible investments (at €600 million) and to an increase of €299 million in working capital requirements in the context of the CFM56-LEAP transition and of the consolidation of Zodiac Aerospace.

- > A dividend of €1.60 per share was approved by the shareholders at the Annual General Meeting of May 25, 2018 and was entirely paid in May 2018 impacting cash flow in the total amount of €695 million.
- > On May 24, 2017, Safran announced its intention to implement a €2.3 billion ordinary share buyback program to run over the two years following the completion of the tender offer for Zodiac Aerospace shares. Having completed the repurchase of the initial tranche signed on March 27, 2018 for a total amount of €122 million, Safran signed a follow-on repurchase

tranche on June 29, 2018 with a different investment service provider to acquire up to €400 million worth of shares no later than October 31, 2018. The unit price may not exceed the maximum of €118 per share set by the May 25, 2018 Annual General Meeting.

- > In the context of the financing of the public tender offer for Zodiac Aerospace shares, €2 billion of marketable securities had been pledged for the tender offer period and therefore been excluded from "cash and cash equivalents" on December 31, 2017. The pledge was fully lifted in March 2018 at the end of the subsequent offer.
- > Safran recorded a total cash outflow of €4.474 million related to the tender offer for Zodiac Aerospace shares. In addition, Zodiac Aerospace net debt of €1,034 million was consolidated into Safran net debt at June 30, 2018.
- > The net debt position was €3,533 million as of June 30, 2018 compared to a net cash position of €294 million as of December 31, 2017.

#### Currency hedges

## 1.5 CURRENCY HEDGES

The rally of the Euro towards 1.25 in the first part of the year has triggered some knock-out barriers originally set between 1.21 and 1.25. Safran has fully replaced these instruments with limited impact on its 2019 and 2020 target ranges which remain in line with previous announcements. In addition, Safran increased its 2021 coverage by an additional USD 3.5 billion at rates within the 1.16-1.20 range previously announced. Safran has included the expected net exposure of Zodiac Aerospace activities in its hedging policy while maintaining the targeted hedge rates.

Safran's hedging portfolio totalled USD 25.9 billion on August 31, 2018 (versus USD 20.3 billion last April).

2018: the Group is fully hedged; no change in the targeted hedge rate of USD 1.18.

2019: coverage of net EUR/USD exposure increased to USD 7.2 billion (USD 6.7 billion in April). Some instruments

have knock-out barriers set at various levels between USD 1.26 and USD 1.32 with maturities up to end 2019. No change in the target range between USD 1.16 and USD 1.18.

2020: coverage of net EUR/USD exposure remained around USD 5.0 billion. Some instruments have knock-out barriers set at various levels between USD 1.27 and USD 1.32 with maturities up to mid-2020. No change in the target range between USD 1.16 and USD 118.

2021: coverage of net EUR/USD exposure increased to USD 6.0 billion (USD 2.5 billion in April). Safran has set up new USD 3.5 billion hedges with knock-out barriers set at various levels between USD 1.28 and USD 1.33 with maturities up to mid-2020. No change in the target range between USD 1.16 and USD 1.20.

## 1.6 FULL-YEAR 2018 OUTLOOK AND TEN-MONTH 2018 OUTLOOK FOR ZODIAC AEROSPACE

2018 guidance is established considering the full application of the new IFRS 15 revenue recognition standard.

## FY 2018 outlook for Safran (excluding Zodiac Aerospace)

Safran expects the strong momentum seen in first-half 2018 for its Propulsion, Aircraft Equipment and Defense activities to continue into second-half 2018. As a result, Safran raises its expectations for 2018. Compared to its estimated restated key metrics for the application of IFRS 15, Safran expects:

- > adjusted revenue to grow on an organic basis in the range 7% to 9% (previously "at the top end of the 2% to 4% range"). At an estimated average spot rate of USD 1.21 to the Euro in 2018, adjusted revenue is expected to grow in the mid-single digits (previously "to grow slightly at an estimated average spot rate of USD 1.23 to the Euro in 2018");
- > adjusted recurring operating income to grow around 20% (previously "at the upper end of the 7% to 10% range") at a hedged rate of USD 1.18 to the Euro;
- > free cash flow to be comfortably above 50% of adjusted recurring operating income, an element of uncertainty being the rhythm of payments by state-clients.

The assumptions, on which the guidance is based, have been updated notably to reflect the strength of the civil aftermarket activities and the updated impact of the CFM56-LEAP transition on recurring operating income:

- > civil aftermarket growth in the 10% to 12% range (previously "in the high single digits");
- > transition CFM56-LEAP: overall negative impact on Propulsion adjusted recurring operating income variation in the range €100 to 150 million (previously "€150 to 200 million") thanks to an improvement of CFM56 gross margin. This negative impact from the transition represents a significant reduction compared to 2017 and includes:
  - lower CFM56 OE volumes,
  - negative margin on LEAP deliveries.

The following assumptions are unchanged compared with Q1 2018 revenue announcement:

- > increase in aerospace OE deliveries, despite a fall in high thrust engine module volumes;
- > reduction of self-funded R&D of around €150 million:
  - positive impact on recurring operating income after activation and amortization of capitalized R&D;
- > capex outflows of a similar level to 2017;
- > continued benefits from productivity improvements.

## Ten-month 2018 outlook for Zodiac Aerospace

Regarding Zodiac Aerospace businesses (consolidated for 10 months in 2018), Safran expects a contribution in the range:

- > €3.6 billion to €4 billion (at an estimated average spot rate of USD 1.21 to the Euro in 2018) to its adjusted revenue;
- > €260 million to €300 million (at a hedged rate of USD 1.18 to the Euro from September 1, 2018) to its adjusted recurring operating income;
- > €80 million to €120 million to its free cash flow.

## Update on the integration of Zodiac Aerospace

The integration work is on track with three priorities:

- > organizational with the objective notably of streamlining and reducing overheads and improving operational responsiveness.
  - as announced, the envisaged merger by absorption of Zodiac Aerospace SA by Safran SA is expected to be completed before the end of 2018:

- > functional with the implementation of methodologies and Group processes to recover critical programs.
  - Safran financial reporting & consolidation process is now fully deployed and effective,
  - Lean-Sigma Program launched: ~150 Green Belts/Black Belts/Master Black Belts trainings have been initiated,
  - implementation of Safran operational standards (One Safran) started on key sites and programs;
- > operational performance with reinforced management of recovery plans for sites experiencing difficulties:
  - more than 30 Safran coaches are on site at Zodiac Aerospace to support recovery plans and accelerate deployment,
  - more than 25 on-site operational projects have been launched.

Zodiac Aerospace four-month contribution and ten-month expected contribution to Safran is in line with the financial roadmap. The next step consists in integrating the financial outlook of Zodiac Aerospace activities into Safran's medium-term plan.

Safran confirms its target of €200 million annual pre-tax run rate cost synergies of which around 90% should be achieved by 2020.

In addition, based on the strong upgrade of Safran FY 2018 outlook, the acquisition of Zodiac Aerospace should improve its 2018 earnings per share at the lower end of the previously indicated range.

## 1.7 RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Readers are invited to refer to Note 24 of section 3 of this report and sections 7.1.4 and 8.4.1 of the 2017 Registration Document filed with the French financial markets authority (Autorité des Marchés Financiers - AMF) on March 29, 2018 under number D. 18-0225.

## 1.8 ISSUE OF BONDS CONVERTIBLE AND/OR EXCHANGEABLE FOR NEW AND/OR EXISTING SHARES ("OCEANE" BONDS)

## 1.8.1 Board of Directors' report on the use of the authorization granted to the Board of Directors in the twentieth resolution adopted at the June 15, 2017 Annual General Meeting

Additional report by the Board of Directors on the terms and conditions of the issue of bonds convertible and/or exchangeable for new and/or existing ordinary shares ("OCEANE" bonds), maturing on June 21, 2023 (drawn up in accordance with Article R.225-116 of the French Commercial Code)

To the Shareholders.

In accordance with Articles L.225-129-5 and R.225-116 of the French Commercial Code (Code de commerce), we hereby report to you on the use of the authorization granted to the Board of Directors of Safran (the "Company") in the twentieth resolution of the June 15, 2017 Ordinary and Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting (the "Annual General Meeting") in order to carry out, without pre-emptive subscription rights for existing shareholders, a private placement of bonds convertible and/or exchangeable for new and/or existing ordinary shares ("OCEANEs"), maturing on June 21, 2023 (the "Bonds").

On this basis, and in accordance with the above-mentioned legal and regulatory provisions, the report below (i) describes the final terms and conditions of the Bond issue and (ii) explains the impact of those terms and conditions on the Company's shareholders and holders of securities carrying rights to Company shares.

#### **Background**

## 1.1 Annual General Meeting of June 15, 2017

In the twentieth resolution of the Annual General Meeting, in accordance with Articles L.225-129 et seg. and L.228-91 et seg. of the French Commercial Code, and of Article L.411-2-II of the French Monetary and Financial Code (Code monétaire et financier), the shareholders granted the Board of Directors a twenty-six month authorization to increase the Company's capital by issuing ordinary shares and/or securities carrying immediate or deferred rights to new or existing ordinary shares of the Company, without pre-emptive subscription rights for existing shareholders, through a private placement governed by Article L.411-2-II of the French Monetary and Financial Code.

The shareholders set the following ceilings in the resolution: (i) the maximum nominal amount of any capital increases carried out pursuant to the authorization - either directly and/ or on exercise of rights to shares - was set at €8 million (not including the nominal amount of any ordinary shares to be issued to protect the rights of holders of securities carrying rights to Company shares), and (ii) the maximum principal amount of debt securities that may be issued pursuant to the authorization was set at €1.8 billion.

In addition to these ceilings set by the shareholders, in accordance with section 3 of Article L.225-136 of the French Commercial Code, the maximum nominal amount of any capital increases carried out pursuant to the twentieth resolution may not represent over 20% of the Company's share capital per year.

## 1.2 Meeting of the Board of Directors of May 25, 2018

At its May 25, 2018 meeting, having placed on record that the above-mentioned authorization granted in the twentieth resolution of the Annual General Meeting had not yet been used, the Board of Directors used said authorization to unanimously decide:

- a. the issue by the Company of the Bonds, without pre-emptive subscription rights for existing shareholders, through a private placement in accordance with the provisions of Article L.411-2-II of the French Monetary and Financial Code, representing a maximum nominal amount of €700 million,
- b. any increase(s) in the Company's share capital that may be necessary due to the issue, on one or more occasions, of new ordinary Company shares as a result of holders of the bonds (the "Bondholders") exercising their Conversion Rights subject to a ceiling representing a maximum nominal amount of €1.1 million (not including the nominal amount of any ordinary shares to be issued in accordance with the applicable laws and terms and conditions of the issue to protect the rights of the Bondholders in the event of any subsequent corporate actions);
- (ii)to grant the Chief Executive Officer who may delegate authority to any representative duly empowered in accordance with the law - the necessary powers to issue the Bonds, to determine the terms and conditions thereof, and to decide on the final characteristics and timing of the issue, within the limitations of the authorization granted by the shareholders and the delegation of authority granted by the Board of

## 1.3 Decision of the Chief Executive Officer of June 18, 2018

On June 18, 2018, using the authorization granted by the Board of Directors on May 25, 2018, the Chief Executive Officer decided to issue the Bonds in accordance with the terms and conditions described in section 2 below.

## 2. Terms and conditions of the issue

## 2.1 Characteristics of the issue

€699,999,983.10
€696,849,983.14
4,996,431
€140.10, representing an issue premium of 37.5% over the reference price of ordinary shares of the Company, corresponding to the volume-weighted average price of the ordinary Company shares listed on Euronext Paris between the launch of the issue on June 18, 2018 and the determination of the final terms and conditions of the Bonds.
Carried out on June 18, 2018, in France and outside France – apart from in the United States, Canada, South Africa, Australia and Japan – among entities falling within the scope of Article L.411-2-II of the French Monetary and Financial Code, using the fast-track procedure.
No public offering was carried out.
100% of par.  On the Bond Issue Date (as defined below), the price of new ordinary shares of the Company issued at the Company's discretion on exercise of the Conversion Right (as defined below) shall, based on the Conversion Ratio (as defined below) applicable on the Bond Issue Date, be equal to the par value per Bond defined above, in accordance with the provisions of Articles L.225-136 and R.225-119 of the French Commercial Code.
June 21, 2018 (the "Bond Issue Date").
June 27, 2018 on the open market <i>(Freiverkehr)</i> of the Frankfurt stock exchange, under ISIN code FR0013344033.
Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V. and/or Clearstream Banking S.A. (Luxembourg).
Citigroup Global Markets Limited and Société Générale.
CACEIS Corporate Trust - securities services and centralizing agent. Aether Financial Services - calculation agent.
Undertaking not to issue shares of the Company or securities carrying rights to Company shares for a period of 90 calendar days as from the settlement-delivery date (June 21, 2018), apart from certain standard exceptions or prior consent from the Global Coordinators.

## 2.2 Characteristics of the Bonds

Ranking of the Bonds	The Bonds constitute unsecured, direct, general, unconditional and unsubordinated debt obligations, ranking equally among themselves and, subject to mandatory legal exceptions, <i>pari passu</i> with all other present or future unsecured debts and guarantees of the Company.
Negative pledge	Only applies in the event that the Company or one of its principal subsidiaries grants a guarantee to the holders of other bonds or other marketable instruments representing new or existing debt securities issued or guaranteed by the Company or one of its principal subsidiaries.
Nominal rate - Coupon	The Bonds do not carry any coupon.
Term of the Bonds	5 years.
Maturity date of the Bonds	June 21, 2023 (the "Maturity Date of the Bonds").
Redemption at maturity	Redemption in full at par on the Maturity Date of the Bonds (or the following business day if this date is not a business day).

## discretion

- Early redemption, at the Company's (i) The Company may redeem all or some of the Bonds at any time before the Maturity Date of the Bonds, without any limitation on price or number, either by repurchasing them through on-market or off-market transactions, or through repurchase or exchange offers.
  - (ii) The Company may redeem all of the outstanding Bonds at par, at any time from June 21, 2021 until the Maturity Date of the Bonds, subject to a minimum prior notice period of 30 calendar days, if the arithmetic mean, calculated over a period of 20 consecutive trading days chosen by the Company out of the 40 consecutive trading day period preceding the publication of the early redemption notice, of (a) the volume-weighted average price of Company shares traded on Euronext Paris, and (b) the Conversion Ratio (as defined below) applicable at each date, exceeds 130% of the par value of the Bonds.
  - (iii) The Company may redeem all of the outstanding Bonds at par at any time, subject to a minimum prior notice period of 30 calendar days, if the total number of Bonds still outstanding represents less than 15% of the number of Bonds originally issued.

#### Obligatory early redemption of the Bonds

Possible, with the Bonds redeemed at par, notably in the event of default by the Company.

#### Early redemption at the Bondholders' discretion

Possible, with the Bonds redeemed at par, in the event of a change in control of the Company.

#### Rights attached to the Bonds/ Conversion Right

#### Nature of the Conversion Right

The Bonds carry a Conversion Right ("Conversion Right"), whereby the Bondholders will be entitled to receive a number of new or existing ordinary shares (at the Company's discretion) equal to the Conversion Ratio (as defined below) applicable at the Exercise Date (as defined below), multiplied by the number of Bonds for which the Conversion Right has been exercised.

On the Bond Issue Date, the "Conversion Ratio" was 1 share to 1 Bond (subject to any subsequent adjustments carried out to protect the rights of Bondholders).

#### Exercise Period of the Conversion Right

The Bondholders may request to exercise their Conversion Right at any time from the Bond Issue Date until the start of the seventh trading day preceding (i) the Maturity Date of the Bonds or, (ii) the early redemption date of the Bonds, it being specified that any Bonds for which the Bondholders have requested the exercise of their Conversion Right will not entitle their holders to any redemption at either the Maturity Date of the Bonds or at their early redemption date.

Any Bondholder who has not requested the exercise of its Conversion Right during the time period indicated above will be reimbursed in cash at the Maturity Date of the Bonds or at their early redemption date.

Terms of allocation of ordinary shares pursuant to exercise of the Conversion Right On exercise of its Conversion Right, each Bondholder will receive new and/or existing ordinary shares of the Company.

The total number of new and/or existing ordinary Company shares (the allocation of which will be decided by the Company) will be determined by the calculation agent and will be equal, for each Bondholder, to the Conversion Ratio in effect on the Exercise Date multiplied by the number of Bonds transferred to the centralizing agent and for which the Conversion Right has been exercised.

#### Suspension of the Conversion Right

In the event of a capital increase or the issue of new Company shares or securities carrying rights to Company shares, or any other financial transactions conferring pre-emptive subscription rights or reserving a priority subscription period for the benefit of the Company's shareholders, the Company will be entitled to suspend the exercise of the Conversion Right for a period which may not exceed three months or any other period provided for in the applicable regulations. However, in no circumstances may such suspension cause the Bondholders to lose their Conversion Right.

Any decision by the Company to suspend the Bondholders' Conversion Right will be published in a notice in the French legal gazette (Bulletin des Annonces Légales Obligatoires - BALO). This notice must be published at least seven calendar days before the suspension of the Conversion Right becomes effective and must specify the dates on which the suspension period begins and ends. This information will also be published by the Company on its website (www.safran-group.com).

	Conditions of exercise of the Conversion Right To exercise their Conversion Right, Bondholders must make a request to the financial intermediary that holds their Bonds in a securities account. Any such request is irrevocable once received by the relevant financial intermediary. The centralizing agent will ensure the centralization of the request.  The date of the request will correspond to either (i) the business day on which both of the conditions described below are satisfied, if they are satisfied by 5:00 p.m. (Paris time), or (ii) the following business day, if said conditions are satisfied after 5:00 p.m. (Paris time) (the "Date of the Request"):  The centralizing agent has received the exercise request transmitted by the financial intermediary that holds the Bonds in a securities account;  The Bonds have been transferred to the centralizing agent by the relevant financial intermediary.  Any request for the exercise of a Conversion Right sent to the centralizing agent will be effective as of the first trading day following the Date of the Request (the "Exercise Date"). All requests for the exercise of the Conversion Right must be received by the centralizing agent (and the Bonds transferred to the centralizing agent) no later than the start of the seventh trading day preceding the Maturity Date of the Bonds or the early redemption date of the Bonds.  All Bondholders with Bonds having the same Exercise Date will be treated equally and will each receive the same proportion of new and/or existing ordinary shares for their Bonds, subject to rounding.  The Bondholders will receive delivery of their new and/or existing ordinary shares no later than the seventh trading day following the Exercise Date.
Dividend rights and listing of the underlying shares	The new or existing ordinary shares delivered on exercise of the Conversion Right will carry dividend rights and entitle their holders to all the rights attached to the ordinary shares as from their delivery date, it being specified that in the event that a record date for a dividend (or interim dividend) occurs between the Exercise Date and the delivery date of the shares, the Bondholders will not be entitled to such dividend (or interim dividend) nor to any compensation therefor, subject to the right to an adjustment of the Conversion Ratio – a right to which the Bondholders are entitled until the day prior to the delivery date of the ordinary shares.  Applications will be made for the admission to trading on Euronext Paris of the new ordinary shares issued upon exercise of the Conversion Right. Accordingly, the new shares will immediately become fungible with the existing ordinary shares listed on Euronext Paris and will be tradable, as from the date on which they are admitted to trading, on the same listing line as said existing ordinary shares under the same ISIN code (FR0000073272).  Any existing ordinary shares allocated upon exercise of the Conversion Right will be immediately tradable on Euronext Paris.
Currency of the issue	Euro.

## 3. Purpose of the issue

Governing law

The purpose of the issue of the Bonds is for the Company to have access to financing for its general corporate purposes.

French law.

## 4. Impact of the issue of the bonds and the exercise of the Conversion Right on existing holders of Company shares and securities carrying rights to Company shares

## 4.1 Dilution in the event that new ordinary shares of the Company are issued on exercise of the Conversion Right – Impact on attributable equity for shareholders and holders of securities carrying rights to shares

The table below, provided for information purposes only, shows the impact that the issue of new ordinary shares would have on attributable equity per share if the Conversion Right were exercised for all Bonds, assuming that the Company opted to grant only new ordinary shares.

This impact was calculated based on the following:

- (i) equity as reported in the parent company and consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017, adjusted to reflect the €5,330,211.60 capital increase of February 7, 2018, representing an aggregate issue amount of €2,243,486,062.44
- (ii) 434,581,892 undiluted shares at May 25, 2018, i.e., 443,680,643 shares making up the Company's share capital at that date (of which 25,651,058 Class A Preferred Shares issued as part of the February 7, 2018 capital increase), less 9,098,751 shares held in treasury at April 30, 2018; and
- (iii) an assumption that the Conversion Ratio equals 1.

	Before issue	After issue
Parent company equity	€10,533,312k	€11,233,312k <sup>(1)</sup>
Consolidated equity (attributable to owners of the parent)	€12,564,625k	€13,261,475k <sup>(2)</sup>
Number of shares - undiluted	434,581,892	439,578,323
Number of shares – diluted <sup>(3)</sup>	441,859,097	446,855,528
Parent company equity per share - undiluted	€24.24	€25.55
Parent company equity per share - diluted(3)	€25.31	€26.59
Attributable consolidated equity per share - undiluted	€28.91	€30.17
Attributable consolidated equity per share - diluted(3)	€29.84	€31.07

<sup>(1)</sup> Assuming the Conversion Right is exercised at the time of the issue (nominal amount of the issue: €700,000,000).

## 4.2 Dilution in the event that new ordinary shares of the Company are issued on exercise of the Conversion Right – Impact on existing shareholders and holders of securities carrying rights to shares

The table below, provided for information purposes only, shows the impact of the issue of new ordinary shares on the ownership interest of a shareholder holding 1% of the Company's share capital prior to May 25, 2018.

This impact was calculated based on the following:

- (i) 443,680,643 shares making up the Company's share capital at May 25, 2018 (of which 25,651,058 Class A Preferred Shares issued as part of the February 7, 2018 capital increase); and
- (ii) an assumption that the Conversion Ratio equals 1.

Shareholder's % ownership interest	Before issue	After issue
Undiluted basis	1%	0.99%
Diluted basis <sup>(1)</sup>	0.98%	0.97%

<sup>(1)</sup> Assuming that all 7,277,205 OCEANE bonds issued by the Company on January 8, 2016 are converted and that the same amount of new ordinary Company shares is issued based on a Conversion Ratio of 1 to 1.

<sup>(2)</sup> Assuming the Conversion Right is exercised at the time of the issue (net proceeds from the issue: €696,850,000).

<sup>(3)</sup> Assuming that all 7,277,205 OCEANE bonds issued by the Company on January 8, 2016 are converted and that the same amount of new ordinary Company shares is issued based on a Conversion Ratio of 1 to 1 (nominal amount of the issue: €650 million; liability component at December 31, 2017: €622 million).

## 5. Impact of the issue of the bonds and the exercise of the Conversion Right on Safran's share price and market capitalization

The theoretical impact of the issue and conversion of the Bonds on Safran's market capitalization is a positive 0.40% on an undiluted basis and a positive 0.24% on a diluted basis.

This impact was calculated based on the following:

- > a price of €102.30 per Safran share, corresponding to the average of the opening Safran share prices over the 20 trading days preceding the date on which the issue was launched;
- > the issue of 4,996,431 Bonds with a par value of €140.10 per bond, which could potentially be converted into an aggregate 4,996,431 ordinary Safran shares (at a ratio of 1 ordinary share to 1 Bond); and
- > net issue proceeds of €696,849,983.14.

Based on the above, the following table shows the theoretical impact of the issue and conversion of the Bonds on Safran's share price and market capitalization:

Theoretical impact of the issue and conversion of the Bonds on Safran's share price and market capitalization	
Issue of the Bonds	
Number of Bonds issued	4,996,431
Conversion Ratio	1
Net proceeds from issue of the Bonds	€696,849,983.14
Total number of ordinary Safran shares that could potentially be issued on conversion of the Bonds	4,996,431
Situation before the issue of the Bonds (undiluted basis)	
Number of Safran shares outstanding before the issue of the Bonds	443,680,643
Safran share price before the issue of the Bonds	€102.30
Safran's market capitalization before the issue of the Bonds	€45,388,529,779
Situation after the issue and conversion of the Bonds (undiluted basis)	
Total number of Safran shares after the issue and conversion of the Bonds	448,677,074
Safran's theoretical market capitalization after the issue and conversion of the Bonds	€46,085,379,762
Theoretical value of one Safran share after the issue and conversion of the Bonds	€102.71
Theoretical impact of the issue and conversion of the Bonds	+0.40%
Situation after the issue and conversion of the Bonds (diluted basis)(1)	
Total number of Safran shares after the issue and conversion of the Bonds	455,954,279
Safran's theoretical market capitalization after the issue and conversion of the Bonds	€46,755,971,711
Theoretical value of one Safran share after the issue and conversion of the Bonds	€102.55
Theoretical impact of the issue and conversion of the Bonds	+0.24%

<sup>(1)</sup> Assuming that all 7,277,205 OCEANE bonds issued by the Company on January 8, 2016 are converted and that the same amount of new ordinary Company shares is issued based on a Conversion Ratio of 1 to 1 (net proceeds from the issue: €670,591,949.03).

French original signed in Paris, on July 24, 2018.

The Board of Directors

## 1.8.2 Statutory Auditors' additional report on the terms and conditions for the issue of bonds convertible and/or exchangeable for new and/or existing shares ("OCEANE" bonds), maturing on June 21, 2023

Board of Directors' meeting of July 24, 2018

Statutory Auditors' additional report on the issue, without pre-emptive subscription rights, of bonds convertible and/or exchangeable for new and/or existing shares ("OCEANE" bonds)

This is a free translation into English of a report issued in French and is provided solely for the convenience of English-speaking users. This report should be read in conjunction with and construed in accordance with French law and professional standards applicable in France.

To the Shareholders.

In our capacity as Statutory Auditors of your Company and in accordance with Article R.225-116 of the French Commercial Code (Code de commerce), and further to our report of May 9, 2017, we hereby report to you on the issue, with or without pre-emptive subscription rights for existing shareholders, of ordinary shares or securities carrying rights to shares, as authorized by the Ordinary and Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting of June 15, 2017.

The Ordinary and Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting of June 15, 2017 authorized the Board of Directors - or any duly empowered representative - to issue ordinary shares of the Company or securities carrying rights to new and/or existing ordinary shares of the Company, within the scope of an offering set out in Article L.411-2-II of the French Monetary and Financial Code (Code monétaire et financier), without pre-emptive subscription rights for existing shareholders, for a period of twenty-six months from the date of the meeting (twentieth resolution). The Shareholders' Meeting set (i) the maximum nominal amount of debt securities that may be issued at €1.8 billion, and (ii) the maximum nominal amount of the capital increases that could be carried out at €8 million. Pursuant to section 3 of Article L.225-136 of the French Commercial Code, the maximum nominal amount of any capital increases carried out pursuant to the twentieth resolution may not represent over 20% of the Company's share capital per year.

At its meeting of May 25, 2018, using the authorization granted by the Shareholders' Meeting, the Board of Directors (i) decided on the principle of the issue, without pre-emptive subscription rights, of bonds convertible and/or exchangeable for new and/ or existing shares ("OCEANEs") (the "Bonds") in a maximum amount of €700 million, through a private placement governed by Article L.411-2-II of the French Monetary and Financial Code, and (ii) set the maximum nominal amount of the capital increases that could be carried out as a result of the issue at €1.1 million. Also at its meeting of May 25, 2018, the Board of Directors decided to grant the Chief Executive Officer the necessary powers to issue the Bonds, to determine the terms and conditions thereof, and to decide on the final characteristics and timing of the issue.

On June 18, 2018, using this delegation of authority, the Chief Executive Officer decided to issue the Bonds under the following terms and conditions:

- > the nominal amount of the issue was €699,999,983.10, represented by 4,996,431 Bonds;
- > the par value of the Bonds was €140.10, representing an issue premium of 37.5% over the reference price for ordinary shares of the Company, corresponding to the volume-weighted average price of the ordinary Company shares listed on Euronext Paris between the launch of the issue on June 18, 2018 and the determination of the final terms and conditions of the Bonds;
- > on the bond issue date (June 21, 2018), the price of new ordinary shares of the Company issued at the Company's discretion on exercise of the conversion right (the "Conversion Right") shall, based on the 1 to 1 conversion ratio (the "Conversion Ratio") applicable at the bond issue date, be equal to the par value of the Bonds. The Bonds mature on June 21, 2023;
- > the Bonds carry a Conversion Right whereby the bondholders will be entitled to receive a number of new or ordinary shares (at the Company's discretion) based on the Conversion Ratio applicable at the bond issue date, i.e., 1 to 1.

At its meeting on July 24, 2018, the Board of Directors placed on record the issue of 4,996,431 Bonds with a par value of €140.10, corresponding to a total issue amount of €699,999,983.10.

It is the responsibility of the Board of Directors to prepare an additional report in accordance with Articles R.225-115 et seq. of the French Commercial Code. Our role is to report on the fairness of the financial information taken from the financial statements, on the proposed cancellation of pre-emptive subscription rights and on certain other disclosures relating to the share issue contained in this report.

We performed the procedures that we deemed necessary in accordance with the professional guidance issued by the French national auditing body (Compagnie nationale des commissaires aux comptes) for this type of engagement. These procedures mainly

- > the fairness of the financial information taken from the annual and consolidated financial statements authorized for issue by the Board of Directors and audited by us in accordance with professional standards applicable in France;
- the compliance of the terms and conditions of the issue with the delegation of authority granted by the Shareholders' Meeting;
- > the information provided in the Board of Directors' additional report on the choice of constituent elements used to determine the issue price and on its final amount.

We have no matters to report as to:

- > the fairness of the financial information taken from the financial statements and included in the Board of Directors' additional report;
- > the compliance of the terms and conditions of the transaction with the delegation of authority granted by the Shareholders' Meeting of June 15, 2017 and with the information provided to the shareholders;
- > the choice of constituent elements used to determine the issue price and its final amount;
- > the presentation of the impact of the issue on the situation of the holders of shares and securities granting access to the share capital, as expressed in relation to shareholders' equity, and on the Company's share price;
- > the proposed cancellation of pre-emptive subscription rights, upon which you have voted.

Courbevoie and Paris-La Défense, July 25, 2018

Statutory Auditors

**ERNST & YOUNG et Autres MAZARS** 

Nicolas Macé Gaël Lamant Christophe Berrard Jean-Roch Varon



As regards the risks identified by the Group, we are updating section 4 of our 2017 Registration Document to take account of recent developments in the Brexit negotiations (specifically concerning section 4.3.1, "Risks relating to the environment in which the Group operates", with impacts in both section 4.3.1.1, "Risks relating to changes in the competitive landscape - Political uncertainties" and section 4.3.1.3, "Legal and regulatory risks"), to apply the assumption of a "hard" Brexit scenario, i.e., a clean break in relations between the United Kingdom and the European Union on March 29, 2019, without a transitional agreement or any specific agreed adaptation measures. Given that the Group has more than 4,250 employees and five subsidiaries with operations in the United Kingdom (Safran Landing Systems, Safran Nacelles, Safran Electrical & Power, Safran Helicopter Engines and Zodiac Aerospace), Safran is implementing a risk mitigation strategy and rolling out a contingency plan focused primarily on supply chain and aerospace certification issues. The plan mainly involves stockpiling inventories on both sides of the border and ensuring the security of the certification request process, and is being rolled out across all Group entities concerned by Brexit.

For information on all other risk factors for which no significant change was identified, readers are invited to refer to section 4 of the 2017 Registration Document filed with the AMF on March 29, 2018 under number D.18-0225.



The Board of Directors' meeting of September 5, 2018 adopted and authorized the publication of Safran's consolidated financial statements and adjusted income statement for the six-month period ended June 30, 2018.

## **CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT**

(in € millions)	Note	First-half 2017*	First-half 2018
Revenue	6	8,011	9,393
Other income	7	143	148
Income from operations		8,154	9,541
Change in inventories of finished goods and work-in-progress		427	112
Capitalized production		247	197
Raw materials and consumables used	7	(4,784)	(5,574)
Personnel costs	7	(2,237)	(2,770)
Taxes		(165)	(179)
Depreciation, amortization and increase in provisions, net of use	7	(360)	(478)
Asset impairment	7	(80)	(20)
Other recurring operating income and expenses	7	52	20
Share in profit from joint ventures	15	57	63
Recurring operating income		1,311	912
Other non-recurring operating income and expenses	7	(16)	(26)
Profit from operations		1,295	886
Cost of net debt		(28)	(34)
Foreign exchange gain (loss)		2,384	(175)
Other financial income and expense		(3)	(11)
Financial income (loss)	8	2,353	(220)
Profit before tax		3,648	666
Income tax expense	9	(1,171)	(100)
Profit from continuing operations		2,477	566
Profit from discontinued operations and disposal gain	23	773	-
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD		3,250	566
Attributable to:			
> owners of the parent		3,221	535
continuing operations		2,449	535
discontinued operations		772	-
> non-controlling interests		29	31
continuing operations		28	31
discontinued operations		1	-
Earnings per share from continuing operations attributable			
to owners of the parent (in €)	10		
Basic earnings per share		5.96	1.25
Diluted earnings per share		5.85	1.21
Earnings per share from discontinued operations attributable			
to owners of the parent (in €)	10		
Basic earnings per share		1.88	-
Diluted earnings per share		1.84	-

<sup>(\*)</sup> The data published for first-half 2017 have been restated to reflect the impact of the change in accounting policy resulting from the retrospective application of IFRS 15, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" (see Note 3.a.2, "Impact at June 30, 2017"). The data shown for first-half 2018 include four months of activity for Zodiac Aerospace, acquired by Safran on February 13, 2018 and consolidated with effect from March 1, 2018.

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(in € millions)	Note	First-half 2017*	First-half 2018
Profit for the period		3,250	566
Other comprehensive income			
Items to be reclassified to profit		(350)	84
Available-for-sale financial assets	14	(4)	-
Translation adjustments		(95)	94
Remeasurement of hedging instruments		17	(29)
Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income to be reclassified to profit		(23)	9
Share in other comprehensive income of equity-accounted companies to be reclassified to profit (net of tax)	15	(19)	10
Items related to discontinued operations to be reclassified to profit		(220)	-
Income tax on items related to discontinued operations to be reclassified to profit		(6)	-
Items not to be reclassified to profit		(3)	(4)
Actuarial gains and losses on post-employment benefits		(3)	(6)
Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income not to be reclassified to profit		-	2
Items related to discontinued operations not to be reclassified to profit (net of tax)		-	-
Other comprehensive income (expense) for the period		(353)	80
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD		2,897	646
Attributable to:			
> owners of the parent		2,868	612
continuing operations		2,272	612
discontinued operations		596	-
> non-controlling interests		29	34
continuing operations		28	34
discontinued operations		7	-

<sup>(\*)</sup> The data published for first-half 2017 have been restated to reflect the impact of the change in accounting policy resulting from the retrospective application of IFRS 15, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" (see Note 3.a.2, "Impact at June 30, 2017"), but have not been restated to reflect the impact of the change in accounting policy resulting from the limited retrospective application of IFRS 9, "Financial Instruments" (see Note 3.b, "Application of IFRS 9").

The data shown for first-half 2018 include four months of activity for Zodiac Aerospace, acquired by Safran on February 13, 2018 and consolidated with effect from March 1, 2018.

In first-half 2018, other comprehensive income relating to translation adjustments includes:

- > €3 million in translation gains (losses of €3 million in first-half 2017) arising in the period on long-term financing for foreign subsidiaries. This financing meets the criteria for classification as a net investment in a foreign operation and is treated in accordance with the applicable provisions of IAS 21;
- > €91 million in translation gains (losses of €92 million in first-half 2017) arising in the period on foreign operations.

In first-half 2018, other comprehensive income resulting from the remeasurement of hedging instruments includes €29 million in translation losses (gains of €17 million in first-half 2017) arising in the period on the February 2012 issue by Safran of USD 1.2 billion in senior unsecured notes on the US private placement market, classified as a hedge of the net investment in some of the Group's US operations (wholly effective hedge in both first-half 2018 and first-half 2017).

Other comprehensive income relating to equity-accounted companies (net of tax) includes (see Note 15, "Investments in equity-accounted companies")  $\in$ 12 million in translation gains arising in the period on foreign joint ventures (losses of  $\in$ 29 million in first-half 2017) and  $\in$ 2 million in negative fair value adjustments relating to cash flow hedges of joint ventures ( $\in$ 10 million in positive fair value adjustments in first-half 2017).

In first-half 2017, items of comprehensive income related to discontinued operations to be reclassified to profit comprised pre-tax income of €220 million in unrealized translation gains reclassified to profit further to the disposal of the Security businesses. These translation gains mainly relate to the US entities sold as part of this divestment. The related tax reclassified to profit represents income of €6 million.

In accordance with the amended IAS 19, changes in actuarial gains and losses are shown in "Other comprehensive income" and are not subsequently reclassified to profit.

The discount rates used to calculate post-employment benefit obligations are determined by reference to the yield on private investment-grade bonds (AA), using the Iboxx index. The main discount rate assumptions used to calculate post-employment benefit obligations at the dates shown were revised as follows:

	Dec. 31, 2016	June 30, 2017	Dec. 31, 2017	June 30, 2018
Eurozone	1.30%	1.30%	1.40%	1.40%
UK	2.75%	2.55%	2.60%	2.60%

The inflation rate assumption used to calculate obligations in the United Kingdom was as follows:

	Dec. 31, 2016	June 30, 2017	Dec. 31, 2017	June 30, 2018
UK inflation rate	3.35%	3.20%	3.35%	3.35%

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## **CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET**

#### **Assets**

(in € millions)	Note	Jan. 1, 2017*	Dec. 31, 2017*	June 30, 2018
Goodwill	11	1,864	1,831	7,346
Intangible assets	12	5,483	5,596	6,285
Property, plant and equipment	13	3,169	3,518	4,116
Non-current financial assets	14	382	324	459
Investments in equity-accounted companies	15	2,193	2,127	2,144
Non-current derivatives (positive fair value)	22	28	16	12
Deferred tax assets		1,478	251	398
Other non-current financial assets		-	-	5
Non-current assets		14,597	13,663	20,765
Current financial assets	14	147	2,113	127
Current derivatives (positive fair value)	22	582	566	819
Inventories and work-in-progress		3,754	3,954	5,578
Contract costs		258	261	473
Trade and other receivables		5,279	4,952	6,154
Contract assets		1,109	1,366	1,485
Tax assets		513	596	589
Cash and cash equivalents	16	1,926	4,914	2,380
Current assets		13,568	18,722	17,605
Assets related to discontinued operations	23	3,250	-	-
TOTAL ASSETS		31,415	32,385	38,370

## **Equity and liabilities**

Share capital         17         83         83         89           Consolidated retained earnings         17         3,742         4,686         9,863           Net unrealized gains on available-for-sale financial assets         17         35         28         -           Profit for the period         1,908         4,550         535           Equity attributable to owners of the parent         5,768         9,347         10,487           Non-controlling interests         287         301         309           Total equity         6,055         9,648         10,796           Provisions         18         1,357         1,263         1,506           Borrowings subject to specific conditions         19         699         569         610           Non-current interest-bearing financial liabilities         20         2,392         3,246         3,596           Non-current derivatives (negative fair value)         22         -         -         20           Deferred tax liabilities         21         5         8         765           Non-current financial liabilities         21         5         8         765           Non-current financial liabilities         20         945         1,390         2,309<	(in € millions)	Note	Jan. 1, 2017*	Dec. 31, 2017*	June 30, 2018
Net unrealized gains on available-for-sale financial assets         17         35         28         -           Profit for the period         1,908         4,550         535           Equity attributable to owners of the parent         5,768         9,347         10,487           Non-controlling interests         287         301         309           Total equity         6,055         9,648         10,796           Provisions         18         1,357         1,263         1,506           Borrowings subject to specific conditions         19         699         569         610           Non-current interest-bearing financial liabilities         20         2,392         3,246         3,596           Non-current derivatives (negative fair value)         22         -         -         20           Deferred tax liabilities         21         5         8         765           Non-current financial liabilities         21         5         8         765           Non-current liabilities         5,152         5,760         7,103           Provisions         18         708         925         1,26           Current liabilities         20         945         1,390         2,309           Trad	Share capital	17	83	83	89
Profit for the period         1,908         4,550         535           Equity attributable to owners of the parent         5,768         9,347         10,487           Non-controlling interests         287         301         309           Total equity         6,055         9,648         10,796           Provisions         18         1,357         1,263         1,506           Borrowings subject to specific conditions         19         699         569         610           Non-current interest-bearing financial liabilities         20         2,392         3,246         3,596           Non-current derivatives (negative fair value)         22         -         -         -         20           Deferred tax liabilities         21         5         8         765           Non-current financial liabilities         21         5         8         765           Non-current liabilities         5,152         5,760         7,103           Provisions         18         708         925         1,126           Current liabilities         20         945         1,390         2,309           Trade and other payables         3,951         4,409         5,244           Contract liabilities	Consolidated retained earnings	17	3,742	4,686	9,863
Equity attributable to owners of the parent         5,768         9,347         10,487           Non-controlling interests         287         301         309           Total equity         6,055         9,648         10,796           Provisions         18         1,357         1,263         1,506           Borrowings subject to specific conditions         19         699         569         610           Non-current interest-bearing financial liabilities         20         2,392         3,246         3,596           Non-current derivatives (negative fair value)         22         -         -         20           Deferred tax liabilities         21         5         8         765           Other non-current financial liabilities         21         5         8         765           Non-current liabilities         21         5         8         765           Non-current liabilities         20         945         1,390         2,309           Provisions         18         708         925         1,126           Current interest-bearing financial liabilities         20         945         1,390         2,309           Trade and other payables         3,951         4,409         5,244	Net unrealized gains on available-for-sale financial assets	17	35	28	-
Non-controlling interests         287         301         309           Total equity         6,055         9,648         10,796           Provisions         18         1,357         1,263         1,506           Borrowings subject to specific conditions         19         699         569         610           Non-current interest-bearing financial liabilities         20         2,392         3,246         3,596           Non-current derivatives (negative fair value)         22         -         -         20           Deferred tax liabilities         699         674         606           Other non-current financial liabilities         21         5         8         765           Non-current liabilities         5,152         5,760         7,103           Provisions         18         708         925         1,126           Current interest-bearing financial liabilities         20         945         1,390         2,309           Trade and other payables         3,951         4,409         5,244           Contract liabilities         179         214         365           Current derivatives (negative fair value)         22         4,375         805         1,230           Other current financi	Profit for the period		1,908	4,550	535
Total equity         6,055         9,648         10,796           Provisions         18         1,357         1,263         1,506           Borrowings subject to specific conditions         19         699         569         610           Non-current interest-bearing financial liabilities         20         2,392         3,246         3,596           Non-current derivatives (negative fair value)         22         -         -         20           Deferred tax liabilities         699         674         606           Other non-current financial liabilities         21         5         8         765           Non-current liabilities         21         5         8         765           Non-current liabilities         18         708         925         1,126           Current interest-bearing financial liabilities         20         945         1,390         2,309           Trade and other payables         3,951         4,409         5,244           Contract liabilities         8,874         9,090         10,103           Tax liabilities         179         214         365           Current derivatives (negative fair value)         22         4,375         805         1,230           O	Equity attributable to owners of the parent		5,768	9,347	10,487
Provisions         18         1,357         1,263         1,506           Borrowings subject to specific conditions         19         699         569         610           Non-current interest-bearing financial liabilities         20         2,392         3,246         3,596           Non-current derivatives (negative fair value)         22         -         -         20           Deferred tax liabilities         699         674         606           Other non-current financial liabilities         21         5         8         765           Non-current liabilities         21         5         8         765           Non-current liabilities         18         708         925         1,126           Current interest-bearing financial liabilities         20         945         1,390         2,309           Trade and other payables         3,951         4,409         5,244           Contract liabilities         8,874         9,090         10,103           Tax liabilities         179         214         365           Current derivatives (negative fair value)         22         4,375         805         1,230           Other current financial liabilities         21         357         144         94 <td>Non-controlling interests</td> <td></td> <td>287</td> <td>301</td> <td>309</td>	Non-controlling interests		287	301	309
Borrowings subject to specific conditions         19         699         569         610           Non-current interest-bearing financial liabilities         20         2,392         3,246         3,596           Non-current derivatives (negative fair value)         22         -         -         20           Deferred tax liabilities         699         674         606           Other non-current financial liabilities         21         5         8         765           Non-current liabilities         5,152         5,760         7,103           Provisions         18         708         925         1,126           Current interest-bearing financial liabilities         20         945         1,390         2,309           Trade and other payables         3,951         4,409         5,244           Contract liabilities         8,874         9,090         10,103           Tax liabilities         179         214         365           Current derivatives (negative fair value)         22         4,375         805         1,230           Other current financial liabilities         21         357         144         94           Current liabilities         19,389         16,977         20,471           <	Total equity		6,055	9,648	10,796
Non-current interest-bearing financial liabilities       20       2,392       3,246       3,596         Non-current derivatives (negative fair value)       22       -       -       20         Deferred tax liabilities       699       674       606         Other non-current financial liabilities       21       5       8       765         Non-current liabilities       5,152       5,760       7,103         Provisions       18       708       925       1,126         Current interest-bearing financial liabilities       20       945       1,390       2,309         Trade and other payables       3,951       4,409       5,244         Contract liabilities       8,874       9,090       10,103         Tax liabilities       179       214       365         Current derivatives (negative fair value)       22       4,375       805       1,230         Other current financial liabilities       21       357       144       94         Current liabilities       19,389       16,977       20,471         Liabilities related to discontinued operations       23       819       -       -	Provisions	18	1,357	1,263	1,506
Non-current derivatives (negative fair value)         22         -         -         20           Deferred tax liabilities         699         674         606           Other non-current financial liabilities         21         5         8         765           Non-current liabilities         5,152         5,760         7,103           Provisions         18         708         925         1,126           Current interest-bearing financial liabilities         20         945         1,390         2,309           Trade and other payables         3,951         4,409         5,244           Contract liabilities         8,874         9,090         10,103           Tax liabilities         179         214         365           Current derivatives (negative fair value)         22         4,375         805         1,230           Other current financial liabilities         21         357         144         94           Current liabilities         19,389         16,977         20,471           Liabilities related to discontinued operations         23         819         -         -	Borrowings subject to specific conditions	19	699	569	610
Deferred tax liabilities         699         674         606           Other non-current financial liabilities         21         5         8         765           Non-current liabilities         5,152         5,760         7,103           Provisions         18         708         925         1,126           Current interest-bearing financial liabilities         20         945         1,390         2,309           Trade and other payables         3,951         4,409         5,244           Contract liabilities         8,874         9,090         10,103           Tax liabilities         179         214         365           Current derivatives (negative fair value)         22         4,375         805         1,230           Other current financial liabilities         21         357         144         94           Current liabilities         19,389         16,977         20,471           Liabilities related to discontinued operations         23         819         -         -	Non-current interest-bearing financial liabilities	20	2,392	3,246	3,596
Other non-current financial liabilities         21         5         8         765           Non-current liabilities         5,152         5,760         7,103           Provisions         18         708         925         1,126           Current interest-bearing financial liabilities         20         945         1,390         2,309           Trade and other payables         3,951         4,409         5,244           Contract liabilities         8,874         9,090         10,103           Tax liabilities         179         214         365           Current derivatives (negative fair value)         22         4,375         805         1,230           Other current financial liabilities         21         357         144         94           Current liabilities         19,389         16,977         20,471           Liabilities related to discontinued operations         23         819         -         -	Non-current derivatives (negative fair value)	22	-	-	20
Non-current liabilities         5,152         5,760         7,103           Provisions         18         708         925         1,126           Current interest-bearing financial liabilities         20         945         1,390         2,309           Trade and other payables         3,951         4,409         5,244           Contract liabilities         8,874         9,090         10,103           Tax liabilities         179         214         365           Current derivatives (negative fair value)         22         4,375         805         1,230           Other current financial liabilities         21         357         144         94           Current liabilities         19,389         16,977         20,471           Liabilities related to discontinued operations         23         819         -         -	Deferred tax liabilities		699	674	606
Provisions         18         708         925         1,126           Current interest-bearing financial liabilities         20         945         1,390         2,309           Trade and other payables         3,951         4,409         5,244           Contract liabilities         8,874         9,090         10,103           Tax liabilities         179         214         365           Current derivatives (negative fair value)         22         4,375         805         1,230           Other current financial liabilities         21         357         144         94           Current liabilities         19,389         16,977         20,471           Liabilities related to discontinued operations         23         819         -         -	Other non-current financial liabilities	21	5	8	765
Current interest-bearing financial liabilities       20       945       1,390       2,309         Trade and other payables       3,951       4,409       5,244         Contract liabilities       8,874       9,090       10,103         Tax liabilities       179       214       365         Current derivatives (negative fair value)       22       4,375       805       1,230         Other current financial liabilities       21       357       144       94         Current liabilities       19,389       16,977       20,471         Liabilities related to discontinued operations       23       819       -       -	Non-current liabilities		5,152	5,760	7,103
Trade and other payables       3,951       4,409       5,244         Contract liabilities       8,874       9,090       10,103         Tax liabilities       179       214       365         Current derivatives (negative fair value)       22       4,375       805       1,230         Other current financial liabilities       21       357       144       94         Current liabilities       19,389       16,977       20,471         Liabilities related to discontinued operations       23       819       -       -	Provisions	18	708	925	1,126
Contract liabilities         8,874         9,090         10,103           Tax liabilities         179         214         365           Current derivatives (negative fair value)         22         4,375         805         1,230           Other current financial liabilities         21         357         144         94           Current liabilities         19,389         16,977         20,471           Liabilities related to discontinued operations         23         819         -         -	Current interest-bearing financial liabilities	20	945	1,390	2,309
Tax liabilities         179         214         365           Current derivatives (negative fair value)         22         4,375         805         1,230           Other current financial liabilities         21         357         144         94           Current liabilities         19,389         16,977         20,471           Liabilities related to discontinued operations         23         819         -         -	Trade and other payables		3,951	4,409	5,244
Current derivatives (negative fair value)         22         4,375         805         1,230           Other current financial liabilities         21         357         144         94           Current liabilities         19,389         16,977         20,471           Liabilities related to discontinued operations         23         819         -         -	Contract liabilities		8,874	9,090	10,103
Other current financial liabilities2135714494Current liabilities19,38916,97720,471Liabilities related to discontinued operations23819	Tax liabilities		179	214	365
Current liabilities19,38916,97720,471Liabilities related to discontinued operations23819	Current derivatives (negative fair value)	22	4,375	805	1,230
Liabilities related to discontinued operations 23 819	Other current financial liabilities	21	357	144	94
·	Current liabilities		19,389	16,977	20,471
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES         31,415         32,385         38,370	Liabilities related to discontinued operations	23	819	-	-
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		31,415	32,385	38,370

<sup>(\*)</sup> The data published for December 31, 2017 have been restated to reflect the impact of the change in accounting policy resulting from the retrospective application of IFRS 15, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" (see Note 3.a.1, "Impact at January 1, 2017" and Note 3.a.3, "Impact at December 31, 2017"). They do not include data relating to Zodiac Aerospace, which was acquired after December 31, 2017.

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

	Share	Additional paid-in	Treasury	Available- for-sale financial	Translation	Remeasurement of hedging	Consolidated reserves and retained	Actuarial gains and losses on post- employment	Profit for the		Equity attributable to owners of the	Non- controlling	
(in € millions)	capital	capital	shares	assets	adjustments	instruments	earnings	benefits	period	Other	parent	interests	Total
At Dec. 31, 2016	83	3,360	(99)	35	(235)	765	1,014	(479)	1,908	169	6,521	288	6,809
Change in accounting policy (IFRS 15)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(753)	-	-	-	(753)	(1)	(754)
At Jan. 1, 2017	83	3,360	(99)	35	(235)	765	261	(479)	1,908	169	5,768	287	6,055
Comprehensive income (expense) for the period	-	-	-	(4)	253	(580)	10	(3)	3,221	(29) <sup>(a)</sup>	2,868	29	2,897
Acquisitions/disposals of treasury shares	-	-	(8)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(8)	-	(8)
Dividends	-	-	-	-	-	-	(340)	-	-	-	(340)	(28)	(368)
Share buyback programs	-	-	(402)	-	-	-	208	-	-	-	(194)	-	(194)
Other movements, including appropriation of profit	_	-	_	_	-	-	1,902	6	(1,908)	(4)	(4)	(8)	(12)
At June 30, 2017*	83	3,360	(509)	31	18	185	2,041	(476)	3,221	136	8,090	280	8,370
Comprehensive income (expense) for the period	-	-	-	(3)	51	(176)	6	43	1,329	(24) <sup>(a)</sup>	1,226	27	1,253
Dividends	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4)	(4)
Other movements, including appropriation of profit	_	-	_	-	-	-	_	-	-	31	31	(2)	29
At Dec. 31, 2017*	83	3,360	(509)	28	69	9	2,047	(433)	4,550	143	9,347	301	9,648
Change in accounting policy (IFRS 9)	-	-	-	(28)	-	-	26	-	-	-	(2)	-	(2)
At Jan. 1, 2018	83	3,360	(509)	-	69	9	2,073	(433)	4,550	143	9,345	301	9,646
Comprehensive income (expense) for the period	-	-	-	-	103	(29)	(2)	(6)	535	11 <sup>(a)</sup>	612	34	646
Acquisitions/disposals of treasury shares	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	4
Dividends	-	-	-	-	-	-	(695)	-	-	-	(695)	(26)	(721)
OCEANE 2018-2023 bond	-	-	-	-	-	-	31	-	-	-	31	-	31
Share buyback programs	-	-	(122)	-	-	-	(400)	-	-	-	(522)	-	(522)
Acquisition of Zodiac Aerospace <sup>(b)</sup>	6	2,238	-	-	-	-	(283)	-	-	-	1,961	-	1,961
Reclassification of Zodiac Aerospace hybrid debt <sup>(c)</sup>	_	-	-	-	-	-	(251)	-	-	-	(251)	_	(251)
Other movements, including appropriation of profit							4550		(4550)	2	2		2
of profit	-		-		-	-	4,550	- (470)	(4,550)	2	2	-	2
At June 30, 2018	89	5,598	(627)	-	172	(20)	5,023	(439)	535	156	10,487	309	10,796

<sup>(\*)</sup> The data published for December 31, 2017 have been restated to reflect the impact of the change in accounting policy resulting from the retrospective application of IFRIC 15, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" (see Note 3.a.2, "Impact at June 30, 2017" and Note 3.a.3, "Impact at December 31, 2017").

<sup>(</sup>a) See table below:

(in € millions)	Tax impact on actuarial gains and losses	Tax impact on foreign exchange differences	
Comprehensive income (expense) for first-half 2017 (attributable to owners of the parent)	-	(29)	(29)
Comprehensive income (expense) for second-half 2017 (attributable to owners of the parent)	(7)	(17)	(24)
Comprehensive income (expense) for first-half 2018 (attributable to owners of the parent)	2	9	11

<sup>(</sup>b) Including a €283 million liability for purchase commitments (put option) granted to Zodiac Aerospace minority shareholders (net of the share in net assets).

<sup>(</sup>c) See Note 20, "Interest-bearing financial liabilities".

## **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

(in € millions)	Note	First-half 2017*	First-half 2018
I. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit attributable to owners of the parent		3,221	535
Depreciation, amortization, impairment and provisions(1)		397	523
Share in profit from equity-accounted companies (net of dividends received)	15	(40)	(29)
Change in fair value of currency and commodity derivatives <sup>(2)</sup>	22	(2,865)	207
Capital gains and losses on asset disposals		(3)	(3)
Profit (loss) from discontinued operations and disposal gain (before tax)		(955)	-
Profit attributable to non-controlling interests		28	31
Other <sup>(3)</sup>		1,311	455
Cash flow from operations, before change in working capital		1,094	1,719
Change in inventories and work-in-progress		(477)	(444)
Change in operating receivables and payables <sup>(4)</sup>		182	(242)
Change in contract costs		(1)	(7)
Change in contract assets and liabilities		518	446
Change in other receivables and payables		(39)	(52)
Change in working capital		183	(299)
	TOTAL I <sup>(5)</sup>	1,277	1,420
II. CASH FLOW FROM (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Capitalization of R&D expenditure <sup>(6)</sup>	12	(170)	(144)
Payments for the purchase of intangible assets, net of proceeds(7)		(96)	(69)
Payments for the purchase of property, plant and equipment, net of proceeds(8)		(345)	(387)
Payments arising from the acquisition of investments or businesses, net <sup>(9)</sup>		4	(4,129)
Proceeds arising from the sale of investments or businesses, net		3,109	-
Proceeds (payments) arising from the sale (acquisition) of investments and loans <sup>(10)</sup>		(68)	1,991
	TOTAL II	2,434	(2,738)
III. CASH FLOW FROM (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Change in share capital - owners of the parent		-	-
Change in share capital - non-controlling interests		(3)	(1)
Acquisitions and disposals of treasury shares	17.b	(453)	(117)
Repayment of borrowings and long-term debt <sup>(11)</sup>	20	(17)	(477)
Increase in borrowings	20	1,012	702
Change in repayable advances	19	(11)	1
Change in short-term borrowings	20	966	(601)
Dividends and interim dividends paid to owners of the parent	17.e	(340)	(695)
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests		(26)	(26)
	TOTAL III	1,128	(1,214)
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES OF DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS	TOTAL IV	14	-
CASH FLOW USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES OF DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS	TOTAL V	(52)	-
CASH FLOW USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES OF DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS	TOTAL VI	(139)	-
EFFECT OF CHANGES IN FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES	TOTAL VII	(17)	(2)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	I+II+III+IV+V+VI+VII	4,645	(2,534)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		1,926	4,914
Cash and cash equivalents of discontinued operations at beginning of period		180	-
	16	6,751	2,380
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	16	0,751	2,000
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period  Cash and cash equivalents of discontinued operations at end of period	16	-	-

- (\*) The data published for first-half 2017 have been restated to reflect the impact of the change in accounting policy resulting from the retrospective application of IFRS 15, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" (see Note 3.a.2, "Impact at June 30, 2017").
- (1) Including in first-half 2018; depreciation and amortization for €449 million (€375 million in first-half 2017), impairment for €21 million (€74 million in first-half 2017) and additions to provisions for €53 million (reversals of provisions for €52 million in first-half 2017).
- (2) Including in first-half 2018: positive impact of €210 million arising on currency derivatives (negative impact of €2,861 million in first-half 2017) (see Note 22, "Management of market risks and derivatives").
- (3) Including in first-half 2018: deferred tax negative impact of €65 million arising on the change in fair value of currency derivatives (deferred tax positive impact of €943 million in first-half 2017).
- (4) Including in first-half 2018: net premiums on currency options for €1 million (see Note 22, "Management of market risks and derivatives"), shown on the balance sheet under current derivatives with a negative fair value (net premiums paid for €2 million
- (5) Including in first-half 2018: €103 million in taxes paid (€64 million in first-half 2017), of which €35 million in interest paid (€35 million in first-half 2017) and €9 million in interest received (€12 million in first-half 2017).
- (6) Including in first-half 2018: €4 million in capitalized interest (€6 million in first-half 2017).
- (7) Including in first-half 2018: €55 million in disbursements for acquisitions of intangible assets (€127 million in first-half 2017), €5 million in proceeds from disposals (€17 million in first-half 2017) and changes in amounts payable on acquisitions of non-current assets representing a negative €19 million (a positive €16 million in first-half 2017).
- (8) Including in first-half 2018: €360 million in disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant and equipment (€349 million in first-half 2017), changes in amounts payable on acquisitions of non-current assets representing a negative €34 million (a negative €6 million in first-half 2017), €11 million in proceeds from disposals (€10 million in first-half 2017) and changes in amounts receivable on disposals of non-current assets representing a negative €4 million.
- (9) Including the acquisition of Zodiac Aerospace for €4,092 million (amount paid as part of the tender offer net of cash and cash equivalents acquired).
- (10) Including in first-half 2018: the transfer to cash and cash equivalents of €2,000 million in money market funds pledged during the tender offer for Zodiac Aerospace and previously classified under other financial assets (see Note 14, "Current and non-current financial assets").
- (11) Including in first-half 2018: €250 million relating to the repayment of Zodiac Aerospace hybrid debt (see Note 20, "Interest-bearing financial liabilities").

## NOTES TO THE SAFRAN GROUP CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Safran (2, boulevard du Général-Martial-Valin - 75724 Paris Cedex 15, France) is a société anonyme (joint-stock corporation) incorporated in France and permanently listed on Compartment A of the Euronext Paris Eurolist market.

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements reflect the accounting position of Safran and the subsidiaries it controls, directly or indirectly and jointly or exclusively, as well as entities over which it exercises significant influence (the "Group").

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes are drawn up in euros and all amounts are rounded to the nearest million unless otherwise stated.

The Board of Directors' meeting of September 5, 2018 adopted and authorized for issue the 2018 condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

## **NOTE 1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The consolidated financial statements of Safran and its subsidiaries have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) published by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and adopted by the European Union (available from http://ec.europa. eu/internal\_market/accounting/ias/index\_en.htm) at the date the condensed interim consolidated financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors. They include standards approved by the IASB, namely the IFRSs, International Accounting Standards (IAS), and interpretations issued by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC) or its predecessor, the Standing Interpretations Committee (SIC).

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements at June 30, 2018 have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34. Interim Financial Reporting and with all the standards and interpretations adopted by the European Union and applicable to accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018.

In preparing these condensed interim consolidated financial statements at June 30, 2018, Safran applied the same accounting rules and methods as those applied in the preparation of its consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017 (see section 3.1, Note 1 of the 2017 Registration Document), except as regards the specific requirements of IAS 34 (use of projected annual rates in calculating the Group's income tax, adjusted for the main permanent differences) and the changes described below.

## Changes in accounting policies

#### New IFRS standards, amendments and interpretations effective as of January 1, 2018:

- > IFRS 9, "Financial Instruments";
- > IFRS 15, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers";
- > Amendments to IFRS 2, "Share-based Payment" Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payment Transactions;
- > Amendments to IAS 40, "Investment Property" Transfers of Investment Property;
- > Annual Improvements to IFRSs published in December 2016 (2014-2016 cycle);
- > IFRIC 22, "Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration".

The impacts of applying IFRS 9 and IFRS 15 are detailed Note 3, "Change in accounting policy".

The other standards, amendments and interpretations effective for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018 do not have a material impact on the Group's financial statements.

New published IFRS standards, amendments and interpretations early adopted by the Group as of January 1, 2018:

None.

#### New published IFRS standards, amendments and interpretations not yet effective or not early adopted by the Group:

- > IFRS 16, "Leases";
- > IFRS 17, "Insurance Contracts";
- > Amendments to IAS 19, "Employee Benefits" Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement;
- > Amendments to IAS 28, "Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures" - Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures;
- > Amendments to IAS 28, "Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures", and IFRS 10, "Consolidated Financial Statements" -Sale or Contribution of Assets Between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture;
- > Annual Improvements to IFRSs published in December 2017 (2015-2017 cycle);
- > IFRIC 23, "Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments".

Except for IFRS 16, these new standards, amendments and interpretations have not yet been adopted by the European Union and cannot therefore be applied ahead of their effective date even if early adoption were permitted by the texts concerned.

Regarding IFRS 16, "Leases", the Group has analyzed its lease contracts and is currently carrying out an initial impact simulation. IFRS 16 will be applied using the "modified retrospective" approach at January 1, 2019, whereby the impact of first-time application of the new standard will be recorded against equity at that date. Accordingly, the comparative 2018 data included in the 2019 financial statements will not be restated.

## **NOTE 2 MAIN SOURCES OF ESTIMATES**

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) described above requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of consolidated assets, liabilities, income and expenses.

The assumptions used vary from one business to the next, but are considered reasonable and realistic in all cases. The resulting estimates are based on the Group's past experience and factor in the economic conditions prevailing at the end of the reporting period and any information available as of the date of preparation of the financial statements, in particular of a contractual or commercial nature.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis.

When unforeseen developments in events and circumstances occur, particularly as regards global economic trends and the Group's own business environment, actual results may differ from these estimates. In such cases, the assumptions and, where appropriate, the reported amounts of assets and liabilities concerned are adjusted accordingly.

The Group also tests its sensitivity to changes in the assumptions underlying its main estimates in order to anticipate the impact of volatility and lack of visibility in the global economic environment and particularly in certain Group segments. These analyses are regularly reviewed by management.

The main accounting policies which require the use of estimates are described below.

## a) Estimates relating to programs and contracts

The main material estimates used by the Group to prepare its financial statements relate to forecasts of future cash flows under programs and contracts (business plans). Forecast future total cash flows under programs and contracts represent management's best estimate of the rights and obligations expected to derive from the program or contract.

The assumptions applied and resulting estimates used for programs and contracts cover periods that are sometimes very long (up to several decades), and take into account the technological, commercial and contractual constraints of each such program and contract.

These estimates primarily draw on assumptions about the volumes, output and selling prices of products sold, associated production costs, exchange rates for foreign currency-denominated sales and purchases as well as normal risks and uncertainties in respect of forecast cost overruns and, for discounted future cash flows, the discount rate adopted for each contract. Where such information is available, particularly for major civil aviation programs and contracts, volume and output assumptions used by the Group for products sold are analyzed in light of the assumptions published by major contractors.

Cash flow forecasts, which may or may not be discounted, are used to determine the following:

- > impairment of non-current assets: goodwill and assets allocated to programs (aircraft programs, development expenditure and property, plant and equipment used in production) are tested for impairment as described in section 3.1, Note 1.1 of the 2017 Registration Document. The recoverable amount of these assets is generally determined using cash flow forecasts based on the key assumptions described above.
- > capitalization of development expenditure: the conditions for capitalizing development expenditure are set out in section 3.1, Note 1.j of the 2017 Registration Document. Determining whether future economic benefits are expected to flow to the Group is instrumental in deciding whether project costs can be capitalized. This analysis is carried out based on future cash flow forecasts drawing on the key assumptions described above. The Group also uses estimates when determining the useful life of its projects.
- > profit (loss) on completion of contracts accounted for on a percentage-of-completion basis: the Group accounts for contracts on a percentage-of-completion basis (cost-to-cost method). Under this method, revenue is recognized based on the percentage of work completed, calculated by reference to the costs incurred. This method requires an estimate of results on completion using future cash flow forecasts that take into account contractual indexes and commitments as well as other factors inherent to the contract based on historical and/or forecast data. This method also requires an estimate of the contract's stage of completion.

When the total costs that are necessary to cover the Group's risks and obligations under the contract are likely to exceed total contract revenue, the expected loss (i) is recognized within provisions for losses on completion or (ii) leads to the write-down of contract fulfillment costs (if any) and to the subsequent recognition of a provision for losses on completion for the remaining amount of the loss.

- > timing of revenue recognition: the recognition of revenue under certain contracts is based on delivery volume assumptions. These assumptions therefore influence the timing of revenue
- > variable consideration: the transaction price may be comprised of both a fixed amount and a variable amount. This variable amount may depend on volume assumptions which therefore require the use of estimates.
- > losses arising on delivery commitments: sales contracts (or combinations of contracts) may be onerous. For all sales contracts or combinations of contracts, the Group estimates the volume of goods to be delivered as well as spare parts and services directly related to the delivery commitment, which may be contractual or highly probable. Accordingly, the Group recognizes a provision for losses arising on delivery commitments when the combination of contracts is onerous and a loss is likely to be incurred. It uses estimates, notably as regards the volume of goods to be produced and delivered under the sales contracts or combinations of contracts, as well as the volume of directly-related spare parts and services. projected production costs and the expected economic benefits.
- > repayable advances: the forecast repayment of advances received from public bodies is based on revenue from future sales of engines, equipment and spare parts, as appropriate. As a result, the forecasts are closely related to the business plans prepared by the operating divisions using the main assumptions discussed above.

Any changes in estimates and assumptions underlying cash flow forecasts for programs and contracts could have a material impact on the Group's future earnings and/or the amounts reported in its balance sheet. Consequently, the sensitivity of key estimates and assumptions to such changes is systematically tested and the results of these tests reviewed by management on a regular basis.

#### b) Provisions

Provisions reflect management's best estimates using available information, past experience and, in some cases, estimates by independent experts.

When estimating provisions relating to the Group's contractual commitments on timeframes and technical specifications in connection with the development phase, the general stage of development of each of the Group's programs is taken into account, particularly as regards changes made to specifications during the development phase. Contractually defined liability limits are also taken into account.

Contractual provisions relating to performance warranties given by the Group take into account factors such as the estimated cost of repairs and, where appropriate, the discount rate applied to cash flows. The value of these commitments may be based on a statistical assessment.

Provisions relating to financial guarantees given by the Group are based on the estimated value of the underlying assets, the probability that the customers concerned will default, and, where appropriate, the discount rate applied to cash flows.

The costs and penalties actually incurred or paid may differ significantly from these initial estimates when the obligations unwind, and this may have a material impact on the Group's

At the date of this report, the Group has no information suggesting that these inputs are not appropriate taken as a whole.

## c) Post-employment benefits

The Group uses statistical data and other forward-looking inputs to determine assets and liabilities relating to post-employment benefits. These inputs include actuarial assumptions such as the discount rate, salary increase rate, retirement age, and employee turnover and mortality. Actuarial calculations are performed by independent actuaries. At the date of preparation of the consolidated financial statements, the Group considers that the assumptions used to measure its commitments are appropriate and justified.

However, if circumstances or actuarial assumptions - especially the discount rate - prove significantly different from actual experience, the amount of post-employment liabilities shown in the balance sheet could change significantly, along with equity.

## d) Trade and other receivables

The Group estimates any collection risks based on commercial information, prevailing economic trends and information concerning the solvency of each customer, in order to determine any necessary write-downs on a case-by-case basis. These write-downs are in addition to any allowances recognized for expected losses, which are calculated on a collective basis for all clients with the same credit rating.

The specific nature of any receivables from governments or government-backed entities is taken into account when determining bad debt risk for each receivable and therefore when estimating the amount of any impairment loss.

## e) Allocation of the cost of business combinations

Business combinations are recorded using the acquisition (purchase) method. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed are measured at fair value at the date control is acquired.

One of the most important areas in which estimates are used in accounting for a business combination concerns the calculation of fair value and the underlying assumptions applied. The fair value of certain items acquired in a business combination can be measured reliably, for example property, plant and equipment using market prices. However, the fair value of other items such as intangible assets or contingent liabilities may prove more difficult to establish. These complex measurements are usually performed by independent experts based on a series of assumptions. These experts are generally required to estimate the impact of future events that are uncertain at the date of the combination.

## f) Disputes and litigation

Certain Group subsidiaries may be party to regulatory, legal or arbitration proceedings which, because of their inherent uncertainty, could have a material impact on the Group's financial position (see Note 26, "Disputes and litigation").

The Group's management takes stock of any outstanding proceedings and monitors their progress. It also decides whether to book a provision or adjust the amount of any existing provision if events arise during the proceedings that require a reassessment of the risk involved. The Group consults legal experts both within and outside the Group in determining the costs that may be incurred.

The decision to book a provision in respect of a given risk and the amount of any such provisions are based on an assessment of the risk associated with each individual case, management's estimate of the likelihood that an unfavorable decision will be issued in the proceedings in question, and the Group's ability to estimate the amount of the provision reliably.

## NOTE 3 CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING POLICY

## 3.a. Application of IFRS 15

The Group has applied IFRS 15, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" with effect from January 1, 2018.

The main customer contract types identified within the Group are:

- > sales of original equipment engines and spare engines, serial production equipment and spare parts;
- > sales of installed base maintenance and support contracts:
- > sales of time and materials service contracts:
- > sales of contracts with multiple elements ("combined contracts");
- > sales of studies.

The revenue recognition rules applicable to each of these contract types are outlined below.

On rare occasions, the impact of a financing component will also be taken into account in recognizing revenue, when the component is significant relative to the contract transaction price.

## Sales of original equipment engines and spare engines, serial production equipment and spare parts

For sales of engines, production equipment and spare parts, the performance obligation is generally defined for each individual product or service and not for a series of products and services.

Development work may be carried out prior to production and be wholly or partly financed by the customer.

Sales of development work primarily concern the Aircraft Equipment sector and certain contracts in the Defense sector.

Development work financed by customers is generally inseparable from serial production and does not therefore represent a separate performance obligation. Accordingly, customer-financed development work will be recognized within contract liabilities in the balance sheet when the funding is received, and subsequently taken to "serial" revenue in full as and when the related products are delivered.

However, financed development work that represents a separate performance obligation is recognized in revenue upon completion of the performance obligation when control is transferred at a point in time, or on a percentage-of-completion basis (cost-to-cost method) if control is transferred over time.

Extended warranties granted in connection with sales of engines or production equipment represent a separate performance obligation when the warranty is an additional service that is not granted to all customers (unlike a standard warranty). In this case, a portion of the transaction price of the engines or production equipment is allocated to this warranty and recognized within contract liabilities.

The contract liability will be reversed against revenue as and when the warranty costs are incurred.

Revenue recognized for each engine, item of production equipment or spare part is net of any discounts granted in any form whatsoever, including guarantees resembling trade discounts (performance bonds, fuel consumption, etc.) and any products or services granted free of charge which do not represent separate performance obligations.

When products or services granted free of charge are transferred to customers before the revenue recognition date, they are recognized in the balance sheet within contract assets until the date revenue is recognized.

Revenue is recognized when control of each product is transferred, which is usually upon delivery (i.e., at a point in time).

Where there is a risk of the transaction being canceled or the receivable not being recovered exists at the inception of the contract, no revenue is recognized. When the risk no longer exists, revenue is recorded.

Downpayments from customers are included in contract liabilities when they are received and taken to revenue when the products to which they relate are delivered.

## Sales of installed base maintenance and support contracts

Certain maintenance and support contracts require a fleet of engines or various equipment to be kept in flying condition. These contracts are billed based on the number of flight hours or landings for the engines/equipment concerned.

The different services provided under each such contract represent a single performance obligation since the services are related when the contracts are fulfilled.

Revenue is recognized if:

- > the stage of contract completion can be measured reliably; and
- > the costs incurred in respect of the contract and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

If control is transferred over time, revenue is recognized on a percentage-of-completion basis (cost-to-cost method).

If contract income cannot be measured reliably, revenue is only recognized to the extent of the contract costs incurred.

Forecast contract margins are reviewed on a regular basis. A provision is set aside for any losses on completion as soon as such losses are foreseeable.

Contract modifications do not generally result in the addition of distinct goods or services to the original contract. Accordingly, the associated revenue adjustment at that date results in an immediate adjustment to profit or loss ("catch-up method").

Amounts billed to customers for which payment has generally been received but which have not yet been recognized in revenue, are included within contract liabilities (deferred income) at the end of the reporting period. In contrast, revenue which has been recognized but which has not yet been billed is recorded within contract assets in the balance sheet at the reporting date.

#### Sales of time and materials service contracts

These contracts may cover engines or production equipment and are generally entered into on a short-term basis.

They represent a single performance obligation.

Revenue generated on these contracts is recognized once the repair service has been provided (i.e., at a point in time).

#### Sales of contracts with multiple elements

Contracts with multiple elements are contracts that include the sale of specific development work as well as the sale of both goods and services.

The Group identifies separate performance obligations for each contract and determines the date on which control is transferred.

In general, for these contracts:

- > the specific development work or customization assignments for a given contract and customer do not represent a separate performance obligation since the development and customization are inseparable from serial production. The costs associated with the development and installation are recognized within contract costs, a new balance sheet caption, and expensed over the contract term. These costs were previously either expensed or recognized within outstanding development work;
- > financing received from the customer for the development work or customization assignment is recognized as revenue as and when the various performance obligations under the contract are satisfied;
- > revenue generated on the serial production and service portion of the contract is recognized either on delivery of the goods, or on a percentage-of-completion basis (cost-to-cost method), depending on the nature of the performance obligation.

#### Sales of studies

These types of contract are found in all of the Group's business sectors. Generally speaking, each study represents a separate performance obligation since control of the development work is transferred to the customer, often through the transfer of intellectual property.

Revenue is recognized on a percentage-of-completion basis (cost-to-cost method) when control is transferred over time, or once the performance obligation has been satisfied if control is transferred at a point in time.

Contract assets and liabilities are new balance sheet captions resulting from the application of IFRS 15:

- > a contract asset denotes Safran's right to consideration in exchange for goods or services that it has transferred, when that right is conditioned on something other than the passage of time. Contract assets mainly include amounts relating to revenue recognized on a percentage-of-completion basis where Safran does not have the right to immediately bill the customer. These sums were previously recognized within trade receivables:
- > a contract liability denotes Safran's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which it has received consideration from the customer. Contract liabilities include advances and down payments received, deferred income and concession liabilities previously classified within trade and other payables.

In accordance with IAS 8, since this represents a change in accounting policy, comparative information for the prior period is presented in the 2018 interim consolidated financial statements showing the impact of "full retrospective" application.

The impacts of this change in accounting policy on the 2017 interim consolidated financial statements are shown below:

## 3.a.1. Impact at January 1, 2017

Opening balance sheet at January 1, 2017:

#### **Assets**

	Jan. 1, 2017		Jan. 1, 2017
(in € millions)	(published)	IFRS 15 impact	(restated)
Goodwill	1,864	-	1,864
Intangible assets	5,178	305	5,483
Property, plant and equipment	3,169	-	3,169
Non-current financial assets	382	-	382
Investments in equity-accounted companies	2,175	18	2,193
Non-current derivatives (positive fair value)	28	-	28
Deferred tax assets	1,351	127	1,478
Non-current assets	14,147	450	14,597
Current financial assets	147	-	147
Current derivatives (positive fair value)	592	(10)	582
Inventories and work-in-progress	4,247	(493)	3,754
Contract costs	-	258	258
Trade and other receivables	6,252	(973)	5,279
Contract assets	-	1,109	1,109
Tax assets	513	-	513
Cash and cash equivalents	1,926	-	1,926
Current assets	13,677	(109)	13,568
Assets held for sale	3,234	16	3,250
TOTAL ASSETS	31,058	357	31,415

# **Equity and liabilities**

(in € millions)	Jan. 1, 2017 (published)	IFRS 15 impact	Jan. 1, 2017 (restated)
Share capital	83	-	83
Consolidated retained earnings	4,495	(753)	3,742
Net unrealized gains on available-for-sale financial assets	35	-	35
Profit for the period	1,908	-	1,908
Equity attributable to owners of the parent	6,521	(753)	5,768
Non-controlling interests	288	(1)	287
Total equity	6,809	(754)	6,055
Provisions	1,706	(349)	1,357
Borrowings subject to specific conditions	699	-	699
Non-current interest-bearing financial liabilities	2,392	-	2,392
Non-current derivatives (negative fair value)		-	-
Deferred tax liabilities	987	(288)	699
Other non-current financial liabilities	5	-	5
Non-current liabilities	5,789	(637)	5,152
Provisions	1,558	(850)	708
Current interest-bearing financial liabilities	945	-	945
Trade and other payables	10,242	(6,291)	3,951
Contract liabilities		8,874	8,874
Tax liabilities	179	-	179
Current derivatives (negative fair value)	4,385	(10)	4,375
Other current financial liabilities	357	-	357
Current liabilities	17,666	1,723	19,389
Liabilities held for sale	794	25	819
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	31,058	357	31,415

## Notes to the Safran Group condensed interim consolidated financial statements

## 3.a.2. Impact at June 30, 2017

Consolidated income statement for first-half 2017:

(in € millions)	First-half 2017 (published)	IFRS 15 impact	First-half 2017 (restated)
Revenue	8,382	(371)	8,011
Other income	143	-	143
Income from operations	8,525	(371)	8,154
Change in inventories of finished goods and work-in-progress	415	12	427
Capitalized production	241	6	247
Raw materials and consumables used	(4,938)	154	(4,784)
Personnel costs	(2,237)	-	(2,237)
Taxes	(165)	-	(165)
Depreciation, amortization and increase in provisions, net of use	(390)	30	(360)
Asset impairment	(87)	7	(80)
Other recurring operating income and expenses	59	(7)	52
Share in profit from joint ventures	66	(9)	57
Recurring operating income	1,489	(178)	1,311
Other non-recurring operating income and expenses	(16)	-	(16)
Profit from operations	1,473	(178)	1,295
Cost of net debt	(28)	-	(28)
Foreign exchange gain (loss)	2,422	(38)	2,384
Other financial income and expense	(20)	17	(3)
Financial income	2,374	(21)	2,353
Profit before tax	3,847	(199)	3,648
Income tax expense	(1,234)	63	(1,171)
Profit from continuing operations	2,613	(136)	2,477
Profit from assets held for sale	765	8	773
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD	3,378	(128)	3,250
Attributable to:			
> owners of the parent	3,348	(127)	3,221
continuing operations	2,584	(135)	2,449
discontinued operations	764	8	772
> non-controlling interests	30	(1)	29
continuing operations	29	(1)	28
discontinued operations	1	-	1
Earnings per share from continuing operations attributable to owners of the parent (in $\in$ )			
Basic earnings per share	6.28	(0.32)	5.96
Diluted earnings per share	6.17	(0.32)	5.85
Earnings per share from assets held for sale attributable to owners of the parent (in $\in$ )			
Basic earnings per share	1.86	0.02	1.88
Diluted earnings per share	1.83	0.01	1.84

# INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Notes to the Safran Group condensed interim consolidated financial statements

Consolidated statement of comprehensive income for first-half 2017:

(in € millions)	First-half 2017 (published)	IFRS 15 impact	First-half 2017 (restated)
Profit for the period	3,378	(128)	3,250
Other comprehensive income			
Items to be reclassified to profit	(366)	16	(350)
Available-for-sale financial assets	(4)		(4)
Translation adjustments	(111)	16	(95)
Remeasurement of hedging instruments	17		17
Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income to be reclassified to profit	(23)		(23)
Share in other comprehensive income of equity-accounted companies to be reclassified to profit (net of tax)	(19)		(19)
Items related to discontinued operations to be reclassified to profit (net of tax)	(220)		(220)
Income tax on items related to discontinued operations to be reclassified to profit	(6)		(6)
Items not to be reclassified to profit	(3)	-	(3)
Actuarial gains and losses on post-employment benefits	(3)		(3)
Other comprehensive income (expense) for the period	(369)	16	(353)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD	3,009	(112)	2,897
Attributable to:			
> owners of the parent	2,982	(114)	2,868
continuing operations	2,443	(171)	2,272
discontinued operations	539	57	596
> non-controlling interests	27	2	29
continuing operations	26	2	28
discontinued operations	1	-	1

Statement of cash flows for first-half 2017:

(în € millions)		First-half 2017 (published)	IFRS 15 impact	First-half 2017 (restated)
I. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Profit attributable to owners of the parent		3,348	(127)	3,221
Depreciation, amortization, impairment and provisions		419	(22)	397
Share in profit (loss) from equity-accounted companies (net of dividends received)		(49)	9	(40)
Change in fair value of currency and commodity derivatives		(2,865)	-	(2,865)
Capital gains and losses on asset disposals		(3)	-	(3)
Profit (loss) from discontinued operations (before tax)		(947)	(8)	(955)
Profit attributable to non-controlling interests		30	(2)	28
Other		1,377	(66)	1,311
Cash flow from operations, before change in working capital		1,310	(216)	1,094
Change in inventories and work-in-progress		(466)	(11)	(477)
Change in operating receivables and payables		425	(243)	182
Change in contract costs			(1)	(1)
Change in contract assets and liabilities			518	518
Change in other receivables and payables		1	(40)	(39)
Change in working capital		(40)	223	183
enange in nerming capital	TOTAL I	1,270	7	1,277
II. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		-,		-,
Capitalization of R&D expenditure		(141)	(31)	(172)
Payments for the purchase of intangible assets, net of proceeds		(118)	24	(94)
Payments for the purchase of property, plant and equipment, net of proceeds		(345)		(345)
Payments arising from the acquisition of investments or businesses, net		4	_	(3-3)
Proceeds arising from the sale of investments or businesses, net		3,109	_	3,109
Proceeds (payments) arising from the sale (acquisition) of investments and loans		(68)		(68)
Proceeds (payments) ansing from the sale (acquisition) or investments and loans	TOTAL II	2,441	(7)	2,434
III. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	TOTAL	2,441	(7)	2,434
Change in share capital - owners of the parent				_
Change in share capital – non-controlling interests		(3)	_	(3)
Acquisitions and disposals of treasury shares		(453)		(453)
			_	
Repayment of borrowings and long-term debt  Increase in borrowings		(17) 1,012	_	(17) 1,012
Change in repayable advances		(11)		(11)
		966	_	966
Change in short-term borrowings			-	
Dividends and interim dividends paid to owners of the parent		340	-	340
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	TOTAL III	(26)		(26)
CASH FLOW FROM OREDATING ACTIVITIES OF DISCONTINUED OREDATIONS	TOTAL IV	1,128		1,128
CASH FLOW I ISED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES OF DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS	TOTAL IV	(52)		14
CASH FLOW USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES OF DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS  CASH FLOW USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES OF DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS	TOTAL VI	(139)		(52)
EFFECT OF CHANGES IN FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES	TOTAL VII			
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	I+II+III+IV+V+VI+VII	4,645		4,645
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		1,926		1,926
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period  Cash and cash equivalents of discontinued operations at beginning of period		1,920		180
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		6,751		6,751
Cash and cash equivalents of discontinued operations at end of period		4.04=		4.04-
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		4,645		4,645

#### Notes to the Safran Group condensed interim consolidated financial statements

Segment information for first-half 2017:

(in € millions)	Aerospace Propulsion	Aircraft Equipment	Defense	Total operating segments	Holding company and other	Total adjusted data	Currency hedges	Impact of business combinations	Total consolidated data
Revenue	4,691	2,715	624	8,030	8	8,038	344	-	8,382
IFRS 15 impact	(277)	(79)	(12)	(368)	-	(368)	(3)	-	(371)
Revenue (restated)	4,414	2,636	612	7,662	8	7,670	341	-	8,011
Recurring operating income (published)	849	327	40	1,216	2	1,218	350	(79)	1,489
IFRS 15 impact	(128)	(40)	(5)	(173)	-	(173)	(5)		(178)
Recurring operating income (restated)	721	287	35	1,043	2	1,045	345	(79)	1,311

(in € millions)	France	Europe (excl. France)	Americas	Asia and Oceania	Africa & Middle East	Total adjusted data	Currency hedges	Total consolidated data
Revenue by location of customers (published)	1,451	2,034	2,798	1,184	571	8,038	344	8,382
IFRS 15 impact	(141)	(65)	(97)	(57)	(8)	(368)	(3)	(371)
Revenue by location of customers (restated)	1,310	1,969	2,701	1,127	563	7,670	341	8,011

## 3.a.3. Impact at December 31, 2017

Consolidated balance sheet at December 31, 2017:

#### **Assets**

(in € millions)	Dec. 31, 2017 (published)	IFRS 15 impact	Dec. 31, 2017 (restated)
Goodwill	1,831	-	1,831
Intangible assets	5,241	355	5,596
Property, plant and equipment	3,518	-	3,518
Non-current financial assets	324	-	324
Investments in equity-accounted companies	2,119	8	2,127
Non-current derivatives (positive fair value)	16	-	16
Deferred tax assets	142	109	251
Non-current assets	13,191	472	13,663
Current financial assets	2,113	-	2,113
Current derivatives (positive fair value)	566	-	566
Inventories and work-in-progress	4,496	(542)	3,954
Contract costs		261	261
Trade and other receivables	6,371	(1,419)	4,952
Contract assets		1,366	1,366
Tax assets	596	-	596
Cash and cash equivalents	4,914	-	4,914
Current assets	19,056	(334)	18,722
TOTAL ASSETS	32,247	138	32,385

# **Equity and liabilities**

	D . 01 0017		D 01 0017
(in € millions)	Dec. 31, 2017 (published)	IFRS 15 impact	Dec. 31, 2017 (restated)
Share capital	83	-	83
Consolidated retained earnings	5,420	(734)	4,686
Net unrealized gains on available-for-sale financial assets	28	-	28
Profit for the period	4,790	(240)	4,550
Equity attributable to owners of the parent	10,321	(974)	9,347
Non-controlling interests	303	(2)	301
Total equity	10,624	(976)	9,648
Provisions	1,497	(234)	1,263
Borrowings subject to specific conditions	569	-	569
Non-current interest-bearing financial liabilities	3,246	-	3,246
Non-current derivatives (negative fair value)	-	-	-
Deferred tax liabilities	1,022	(348)	674
Other non-current financial liabilities	8	-	8
Non-current liabilities	6,342	(582)	5,760
Provisions	1,906	(981)	925
Current interest-bearing financial liabilities	1,390	-	1,390
Trade and other payables	10,822	(6,413)	4,409
Contract liabilities	-	9,090	9,090
Tax liabilities	214	-	214
Current derivatives (negative fair value)	805	-	805
Other current financial liabilities	144	-	144
Current liabilities	15,281	1,696	16,977
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	32,247	138	32,385

## 3.b. Application of IFRS 9

The Group has applied IFRS 9 with effect from January 1, 2018 using the "limited retrospective" approach. At this date, the first-time application of IFRS 9 financial asset impairment requirements had a negative impact of €4 million on consolidated equity before tax (negative impact of €2 million after tax).

The other requirements of IFRS 9 had no impact on the amount of consolidated equity at January 1, 2018.

#### 3.b.1. Reconciliation of IAS 39 and IFRS 9 financial asset categories

#### **Financial assets**

(in € millions)					
IAS 39 categories	Loans and receivables	Financial assets at fair value (through profit or loss)	Financial assets available for sale (through equity)	Assets held to maturity	Total
Carrying amount at Dec. 31, 2017	11,200	1,875	226	-	13,301
Reclassifications		226	(226)		-
Carrying amount at Jan. 1, 2018*	11,200	2,101	-	-	13,301
IFRS 9 categories	Amortized cost	Fair value through profit or loss	Fair value through equity (OCI) to be reclassified**	Fair value through equity (OCI) not to be reclassified**	Total

<sup>(\*)</sup> Before the first-time application of IFRS 9 financial asset impairment requirements.

Non-consolidated investments (€226 million at December 31, 2017) previously classified in the IAS 39, "Available-for-sale" category are now classified in the IFRS 9, "Fair value through profit or loss" category. This is because:

- > these assets by nature do not generate cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding at the dates indicated;
- > Safran did not opt to classify these assets at fair value through equity (OCI) not to be reclassified to profit.

The transition from IAS 39 to IFRS 9 categories had no impact on the carrying amount of the financial assets in the balance sheet and therefore on the amount of consolidated equity.

Due to non-consolidated investments now being classified within the "fair value through profit or loss" category, the available-for-sale financial assets reserve (€28 million at December 31, 2017) was reclassified to "Other reserves" at January 1, 2018.

#### 3.b.2. Impairment of financial assets and contract assets

The table below shows the pre-tax impact of IFRS 9 on the impairment of trade and other receivables and contract assets at January 1, 2018:

(in € millions)	Trade and other receivables	Contract assets
Carrying amount at Dec. 31, 2017* (before applying IFRS 9)	4,952	1,366
IFRS 9 impact - Impairment	(3)	(1)
Carrying amount at Jan. 1, 2018 (after applying IFRS 9)	4,949	1,365

<sup>(\*)</sup> The data published for December 31, 2017 have been restated to reflect the impact of the change in accounting policy resulting from the retrospective application of IFRS 15, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers".

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> OCI: other comprehensive income.

Trade receivables and contract assets are written down using the IFRS 9 simplified impairment approach, as they generally fall due in the short term.

Changes in the credit risk associated with these assets are assessed on both an individual and collective basis.

On a collective assessment basis, the allowance for expected credit losses is calculated for amounts owed by all customers except those rated A3 or A- (depending on the rating agency) or higher, for which no allowance is recognized on a collective basis. This collective assessment is made based on changes in an indicator reflecting airline company profits, since airline companies represent the Group's main risk exposure among customers ranked A3 or A- or below.

On an individual assessment basis, an additional credit loss allowance is recognized if there has been a significant increase in the credit risk associated with a given customer in any sense whatsoever (payment default at maturity, insolvency proceedings, etc.), such that the amount owed by the customer is likely to be written off.

IFRS 9 had no impact on impairment for other financial assets at January 1, 2018.

#### 3.b.3. Hedging

Safran is not affected by the new IFRS 9 requirements on hedge accounting.

## NOTE 4 SCOPE OF CONSOLIDATION

## Main changes in the scope of consolidation in 2018

#### **Acquisition of Zodiac Aerospace**

Safran filed a Tender Offer for Zodiac Aerospace's shares on December 7, 2017, which was declared compliant by the AMF on December 21, 2017.

The settlement of the initial Offer took place on February 13, 2018 and accordingly:

- > an amount of €3,620 million was paid to Zodiac Aerospace shareholders in consideration for the 144,816,396 Zodiac Aerospace shares tendered or carried over to the Principal
- > a total of 26,651,058 Safran preferred shares were issued at a price of €84.18 in consideration for the 88,847,828 Zodiac Aerospace shares effectively tendered to the Subsidiary Exchange Offer:
- > accordingly, Safran's share capital increased by €6 million from €83 million to €89 million, with an issue premium of €2.238 million.

The Offer was reopened from February 19, 2018 to March 2, 2018 to enable Zodiac Aerospace shareholders who had not yet done so to tender their shares to the Offer. In the United States, the Tender Offer was open only to qualified investors. Outside of France, it was not open in any jurisdiction where authorization for the Offer would be required.

Following the settlement of the Subsequent Offer, Safran acquired 27,310,744 Zodiac Aerospace shares for €683 million.

The required conditions being fulfilled, Safran made a request to the AMF for a mandatory squeeze-out of Zodiac Aerospace shares, following which it acquired a further 6,809,584 shares.

The mandatory squeeze-out was executed at the same price as that of the Offer, i.e., €25 per Zodiac Aerospace share (net of all expenses), representing a total amount of €171 million.

Upon completion of these operations, Safran held 267,784,552 Zodiac Aerospace shares (i.e., 95.58% of the share capital), while minority interests held 4.42% of the remaining share capital.

The date on which Safran acquired Zodiac Aerospace (February 13, 2018) is the date on which Safran took control of Zodiac Aerospace and the date of the first-time consolidation of Zodiac Aerospace in Safran's financial statements. To simplify matters, Zodiac Aerospace's activities are consolidated in Safran's financial statements as from March 1, 2018, except for certain major transactions that were carried out between these two dates to adjust Zodiac's financing structure.

The acquisition balance sheet used to calculate consolidation goodwill will be based on Zodiac Aerospace's consolidated balance sheet at March 1, 2018.

The final allocation of the Zodiac Aerospace purchase price to identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed, along with the final allocation of goodwill to cash-generating units (CGUs), will be completed in the second half of the year. At June 30, 2018, the purchase price had only been allocated to inventories and borrowings and debt.

The provisional allocation of the Zodiac Aerospace purchase price can be summarized as follows:

(in € millions)	Provisional allocation
Acquisition cost of 95.58% of the share capital* (A)	6,727
Fair value of total net assets:	
Net assets at acquisition date	1,047
Financial liabilities at fair value	(28)
Inventories remeasured at fair value	335
Deferred tax liabilities	(82)
Fair value of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed	1,272
Share of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed (95.58%) (B)	1,216
Provisional goodwill (A) - (B)	5,511

<sup>(\*)</sup> Including €4,474 million paid in cash within the scope of the tender offer and mandatory squeeze-out.

The contribution of Zodiac Aerospace to the Group's consolidated results based on its activity in the four months following the acquisition is as follows:

(in € millions)	2018
Revenue	1,492
Recurring operating income (loss)*	(192)
Recurring operating income excluding the impact of the provisional purchase price allocation	102

<sup>(\*)</sup> Including the impact of remeasuring inventories at fair value as part of the provisional allocation of the Zodiac Aerospace purchase price for a negative €294 million.

If the Group had purchased Zodiac Aerospace on January 1, 2018, Zodiac's contribution to the Group's consolidated results based on its activity in the six months following the acquisition would have been:

- > revenue of €2,223 million;
- > consolidated recurring operating loss of €202 million, including a negative €329 million relating to the provisional purchase price allocation, therefore reflecting consolidated recurring operating income before provisional purchase price allocation of €127 million.

## Main changes in the scope of consolidation in 2017

#### Sale of the Security businesses

Safran announced on April 7, 2017, that it had finalized the sale of Morpho Detection LLC, Morpho Detection International LLC and other detection assets to Smiths Group Plc for an enterprise value of USD 710 million. The divested companies were deconsolidated as from that date.

On May 31, 2017, Safran finalized the disposal of its identity and security businesses to Advent International for an enterprise value of €2.4 billion. The divested companies were deconsolidated as from that date.

These transactions generated a disposal gain of €824 million after tax in 2017, recognized in "Profit from discontinued operations" (€832 million restated to reflect the impact of the change in accounting policy resulting from the retrospective application of IFRS 15, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers").

Safran granted vendor warranties as part of these disposals (see Note 25.b, "Off-balance sheet commitments and contingent liabilities relating to the Group's scope of consolidation").

#### Structil

On October 2, 2017, Safran Ceramics and Mitsubishi Chemical Corporation finalized the sale of all shares and voting rights attached to the share capital of Structil, which they held at 80.05% and 19.95% respectively, to the Hexcel group. Structil specializes in high-performance carbon-fiber composite materials for the aerospace industry and other high-tech industries.

In Safran's consolidated financial statements, the sale of shares and land for €38 million generated a capital gain of €25 million, net of selling costs. This is recognized in "Non-recurring operating income" (see Note 7, "Breakdown of the main components of profit from operations").

Safran granted a vendor warranty as part of this disposal (see Note 25.b, "Off-balance sheet commitments and contingent liabilities relating to the Group's scope of consolidation").

## NOTE 5 SEGMENT INFORMATION

## Segments presented

In accordance with IFRS 8, "Operating Segments", segment information reflects Safran's different businesses.

The Group's operating segments reflect the organization of subsidiaries around tier-one entities ("consolidation sub-groups"). Since the acquisition of a controlling interest in Zodiac Aerospace in February 2018, Safran has had five operating segments, organized based on the type of products and services they sell and the markets they serve.

#### **Aerospace Propulsion**

The Group designs, develops, produces and markets propulsion systems for commercial aircraft, military transport, training and combat aircraft, civil and military helicopters, and drones. This segment also includes maintenance, repair and overhaul (MRO) activities and the sale of spare parts.

#### Aircraft Equipment

Safran covers the full life cycle of systems and equipment for civil and military aircraft and helicopters. The Group is involved in landing gear and brakes, engine systems and associated equipment such as thrust reversers and nacelles, and mechanical power transmission systems. The Group is also present at the different stages of the electrical power generation cycle, associated engineering services, and ventilation systems. Aircraft Equipment also includes maintenance, repair and overhaul (MRO) activities and the sale of spare parts.

#### Defense

Defense includes all businesses serving naval, land and aviation defense industries. The Group designs, develops, manufactures and markets optronic, avionic and electronic solutions and services, and critical software for civil and defense applications. Safran develops inertial navigation systems for aviation, naval and land applications, flight commands for helicopters, tactical optronic systems and drones (gyrostabilized optronic pods, periscopes, infrared cameras, multifunction binoculars, and air surveillance systems), as well as defense equipment and systems.

#### Aerosystems

The Aerosystems business, acquired as a result of the Zodiac Aerospace acquisition, includes civil and military operations for the supplier-furnished equipment (SFE) market, whose direct customers are mainly manufacturers of aircraft, helicopters and spacecraft. The Group designs, develops, manufactures and

markets evacuation systems, emergency arresting systems, protective parachutes and oxygen systems, electrical power management systems and actuators, elastomer systems and technologies, onboard control and fuel systems, fluid and water & waste management systems, as well as in-flight entertainment and connectivity (IFEC).

#### Aircraft Interiors

The Aircraft Interiors business, acquired as a result of the Zodiac Aerospace acquisition, includes all operations related to the buyer-furnished equipment (BFE) market, whose direct customers are mostly airline companies. The Group designs, develops, manufactures and markets, for example, aircraft seats for passengers (First, Business and Economy Class) and crew, as well as cabin equipment, overhead bins, class dividers, passenger service units, cabin interior solutions, chilling systems, galleys, electrical inserts and trolleys and cargo equipment.

#### Holding company and other

In "Holding company and other", the Group includes proprietary activities carried out by Safran SA, Zodiac and holding companies in various countries.

## **Business segment performance** indicators

The segment information presented in the tables below is identical to that presented to the Chief Executive Officer, who - in accordance with the Group's governance structure - has been designated as the "Chief Operating Decision Maker" for the assessment of the performance of business segments and the allocation of resources between the different businesses.

The assessment of each business segment's performance by the Chief Executive Officer is based on adjusted contribution figures as explained in the Foreword in chapter 1 of this document.

Data for each business segment are prepared in accordance with the same accounting principles as those used for the consolidated financial statements (see section 3.1, Note 1 of the 2017 Registration Document), except for the restatements made in respect of adjusted data (see Foreword in chapter 1).

Inter-segment sales are performed on an arm's length basis.

Free cash flow represents cash flow from operating activities less any disbursements relating to acquisitions of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets.

# **Segment information**

#### First-half 2018

(in € millions)	Aerospace Propulsion	Aircraft Equipment	Defense	Aerosystems	Aircraft Interiors	Total operating segments	Holding company and other	Total adjusted data	Currency hedges	Impacts of business combinations	Total consolidated data
Revenue	4,744	2,585	651	742	774	9,496	10	9,506	(113)	-	9,393
Recurring operating income (loss)	868	347	45	129	-	1,389	(3)	1,386	(112)	(362)	912
Other non-recurring operating income and expenses	(1)	-	6	(1)	(2)	2	(28)	(26)	-	-	(26)
Profit (loss) from operations	867	347	51	128	(2)	1,391	(31)	1,360	(112)	(362)	886
FREE CASH FLOW	685	71	(46)	97	(47)	760	60	820	-	-	820

The data shown for first-half 2018 include four months of activity for Zodiac Aerospace, acquired by Safran on February 13, 2018 and consolidated with effect from March 1, 2018.

#### First-half 2017\*

(in € millions)	Aerospace Propulsion	Aircraft Equipment	Defense	Aerosystems	Aircraft Interiors	Total operating segments	Holding company and other	Total adjusted data	Currency hedges	Impacts of business combinations	Total consolidated data
Revenue	4,414	2,636	612	-	-	7,662	8	7,670	341	-	8,011
Recurring operating income	721	287	35	-	-	1,043	2	1,045	345	(79)	1,311
Other non-recurring operating income and expenses	-	-	-	-	-	-	(16)	(16)	-	-	(16)
Profit (loss) from operations	721	287	35	-	_	1,043	(14)	1,029	345	(79)	1,295
FREE CASH FLOW	698	57	(20)	-	-	735	(69)	666	-	-	666

<sup>(\*)</sup> The consolidated data published for first-half 2017 have been restated to reflect the impact of the change in accounting policy resulting from the retrospective application of IFRS 15, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" (see Note 3.a.2, "Impact at June 30, 2017").

# Revenue (adjusted data)

(in € millions)	First-half 2017*	First-half 2018
Aerospace Propulsion		
Original equipment and related products and services	1,729	1,982
Services	2,641	2,721
Sales of studies	27	25
Other	17	16
Sub-total Sub-total	4,414	4,744
Aircraft Equipment		
Original equipment and related products and services	1,716	1,681
Services	807	846
Sales of studies	43	27
Other	70	31
Sub-total	2,636	2,585
Defense		
Sales of equipment	396	429
Services	164	161
Sales of studies	52	59
Other	-	2
Sub-total	612	651
Aerosystems		
Sales of equipment	N/A	439
Services	N/A	252
Sales of studies	N/A	36
Other	N/A	15
Sub-total Sub-total	N/A	742
Aircraft Interiors		
Sales of equipment	N/A	542
Services	N/A	188
Sales of studies	N/A	32
Other	N/A	12
Sub-total	N/A	774
Holding company and other		
Sales of studies and other	8	10
Sub-total Sub-total	8	10

<sup>(\*)</sup> The data published for first-half 2017 have been restated to reflect the impact of the change in accounting policy resulting from the retrospective application of IFRS 15, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers".

The data shown for first-half 2018 include four months of activity for Zodiac Aerospace, acquired by Safran on February 13, 2018 and consolidated with effect from March 1, 2018.

## Information by geographic area

#### First-half 2018

(in € millions)	France	Europe (excl. France)	Americas	Asia and Oceania	Africa & Middle East		Currency hedges	Total consolidated data
Revenue by location of customers	1,592	2,313	3,308	1,597	696	9,506	(113)	9,393
%	17%	24%	35%	17%	7%			

The data shown for first-half 2018 include four months of activity for Zodiac Aerospace, acquired by Safran on February 13, 2018 and consolidated with effect from March 1, 2018.

#### First-half 2017\*

(in € millions)	France	Europe (excl. France)	Americas	Asia and Oceania	Africa & Middle East	Total adjusted data	Currency hedges	Total consolidated data
Revenue by location of customers	1,310	1,969	2,701	1,127	563	7,670	341	8,011
%	17%	26%	35%	15%	7%			

<sup>(\*)</sup> The consolidated data published for first-half 2017 have been restated to reflect the impact of the change in accounting policy resulting from the retrospective application of IFRS 15, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" (see Note 3.a.2, "Impact at June 30, 2017").

# **NOTE 6 REVENUE**

# Breakdown of revenue by business

#### First-half 2018

(in € millions)	Aerospace Propulsion	Aircraft Equipment	Defense	Aerosystems	Aircraft Interiors	Holding company and other	Total
Description of products/services							
Sales of original equipment and other equipment	1,960	1,659	427	428	538	-	5,012
After-sales support	2,690	835	160	245	187	-	4,117
Studies, research and development (RTDI)	25	27	59	35	32	5	183
Other	16	31	2	15	12	5	81
TOTAL REVENUE	4,691	2,552	648	723	769	10	9,393
Timing of revenue recognition							
At a point in time	3,971	2,349	482	657	724	10	8,193
Over time	720	203	166	66	45	-	1,200
TOTAL REVENUE	4,691	2,552	648	723	769	10	9,393

#### First-half 2017\*

(in € millions)	Aerospace Propulsion	Aircraft Equipment	Defense	Aerosystems	Aircraft Interiors	Holding company and other	Total
Description of products/services							
Sales of original equipment and other equipment	1,818	1,784	401	-	-	-	4,003
After-sales support	2,777	839	166	-	-	-	3,782
Studies, research and development (RTDI)	29	45	54	-	-	5	133
Other	18	73	(1)	-	-	3	93
TOTAL REVENUE	4,642	2,741	620	-	-	8	8,011
Timing of revenue recognition							
At a point in time	3,997	2,543	440	-	-	6	6,986
Over time	645	198	180	-	-	2	1,025
TOTAL REVENUE	4,642	2,741	620	-	-	8	8,011

<sup>(\*)</sup> The data published for first-half 2017 have been restated to reflect the impact of the change in accounting policy resulting from the retrospective application of IFRS 15, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" (see Note 3.a.2, "Impact at June 30, 2017").

Revenue is broken down into four categories which best reflect the Group's main businesses:

> Sales of original equipment and other equipment.

These sales reflect quantities specified in contracts or aircraft programs as well as contractual financing received from customers to develop these products.

> After-sales support, which includes deliveries of spare parts and maintenance contracts.

As these sales are contingent on repairs and maintenance requested by airline companies, they are included within services and volumes that are less predictable since they depend on the condition of fleets.

> Sales of studies, research and development.

Contracts are drawn up for all such development work, which represents separate performance obligations. This category relates to specific work carried out for a given project or program.

#### > Other

In terms of revenue recognition, it should be noted for each of these business sectors that:

- Most revenue within the Group is recognized "at a point
- Revenue recognized on a percentage-of-completion basis ("over time") mainly concerns service and after-sales support contracts in the Propulsion and Aircraft Equipment segments.

In other sectors, it concerns contract-related activities accounted for as an overall performance obligation.

# NOTE 7 BREAKDOWN OF THE OTHER MAIN COMPONENTS OF PROFIT FROM OPERATIONS

Data for first-half 2017 do not include Zodiac Aerospace, which was acquired after the end of the reporting period.

#### Other income

(in € millions)	First-half 2017	First-half 2018
Research tax credit <sup>(1)</sup>	74	72
Competitiveness and employment tax credit (CICE)	21	22
Other operating subsidies	39	40
Other operating income	9	14
TOTAL	143	148

<sup>(1)</sup> Of which €5 million in connection with additional research tax credits in respect of 2017, included in first-half 2018 income (€8 million in respect of 2016 included in first-half 2017 income).

#### Raw materials and consumables used

This caption breaks down as follows for the period:

(in € millions)	First-half 2017*	First-half 2018
Raw materials, supplies and other	(1,434)	(2,310)
Bought-in goods	(71)	(20)
Changes in inventories	50	38
Contract costs	1	8
Sub-contracting	(2,162)	(1,990)
Purchases not held in inventory	(223)	(188)
External service expenses	(945)	(1,112)
TOTAL	(4,784)	(5,574)

<sup>(\*)</sup> The data published for first-half 2017 have been restated to reflect the impact of the change in accounting policy resulting from the retrospective application of IFRS 15, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" (see Note 3.a.2, "Impact at June 30, 2017").

#### **Personnel costs**

(in € millions)	First-half 2017	First-half 2018
Wages and salaries	(1,386)	(1,739)
Social security contributions	(579)	(718)
Statutory employee profit-sharing	(67)	(77)
Optional employee profit-sharing	(73)	(76)
Additional contributions	(38)	(43)
Corporate social contribution	(36)	(40)
Other employee costs	(58)	(77)
TOTAL	(2,237)	(2,770)

# Depreciation, amortization and increase in provisions, net of use

(in € millions)	First-half 2017*	First-half 2018
Net depreciation and amortization expense		
> intangible assets	(177)	(202)
> property, plant and equipment	(198)	(247)
Total net depreciation and amortization expense <sup>(1)</sup>	(375)	(449)
Net increase in provisions	15	(29)
DEPRECIATION, AMORTIZATION AND INCREASE IN PROVISIONS, NET OF USE	(360)	(478)

<sup>(\*)</sup> The data published for first-half 2017 have been restated to reflect the impact of the change in accounting policy resulting from the retrospective application of IFRS 15, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" (see Note 3, "Change in accounting policy").

<sup>(1)</sup> Of which depreciation and amortization of assets measured at fair value at the time of the Sagem-Snecma merger: €30 million in first-half 2018 and €33 million in first-half 2017; and during recent acquisitions: €19 million in first-half 2018 and €20 million in first-half 2017.

## **Asset impairment**

	Impairmer	it expense	Reversals		
(in € millions)	First-half 2017*	First-half 2018	First-half 2017*	First-half 2018	
Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	(16)	(4)	3	2	
Financial assets	-	-	3	1	
Contract costs	-	-	7	6	
Inventories and work-in-progress	(182)	(150)	105	131	
Receivables	(26)	(24)	22	17	
Contract assets	-	-	4	1	
TOTAL	(224)	(178)	144	158	

<sup>(\*)</sup> The data published for first-half 2017 have been restated to reflect the impact of the change in accounting policy resulting from the retrospective application of IFRS 15, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" (see Note 3.a.2, "Impact at June 30, 2017").

## Other recurring operating income and expenses

(in € millions)	First-half 2017*	First-half 2018
Capital gains and losses on asset disposals	10	(2)
Royalties, patents and licenses	(9)	(13)
Losses on irrecoverable receivables	(5)	(7)
Other operating income and expenses	56	42
TOTAL	52	20

<sup>(\*)</sup> The data published for first-half 2017 have been restated to reflect the impact of the change in accounting policy resulting from the retrospective application of IFRS 15, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" (see Note 3.a.2, "Impact at June 30, 2017").

## Other non-recurring operating income and expenses

(in € millions)	First-half 2017	First-half 2018
Impairment net of reversals on intangible assets	-	1
Other non-recurring items	(16)	(27)
TOTAL	(16)	(26)

In first-half 2018, other non-recurring items chiefly include transaction costs totaling €32 million and capital gains on the disposal of property for €5 million.

In first-half 2017, other non-recurring items concern €16 million in transaction costs.

# **NOTE 8 FINANCIAL INCOME (LOSS)**

(in € millions)	First-half 2017*	First-half 2018
Financial expense on interest-bearing financial liabilities	(40)	(43)
Financial income on cash and cash equivalents	12	9
Cost of net debt	(28)	(34)
Gain (loss) on foreign currency hedging instruments	2,740	(189)
Foreign exchange gains and losses	(387)	33
Net foreign exchange gains (losses) on provisions	31	(19)
Foreign exchange gain (loss)	2,384	(175)
Gain or loss on interest rate and commodity hedging instruments	4	1
Change in the fair value of assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	5
Impairment of available-for-sale financial assets	(2)	-
Dividends received	1	1
Other financial provisions	-	(1)
Interest component of IAS 19 expense	(6)	(6)
Impact of discounting	-	(8)
Other	-	(3)
Other financial income and expense	(3)	(11)
FINANCIAL INCOME (LOSS)	2,353	(220)
Of which financial expense	(435)	(269)
Of which financial income	2,788	49

<sup>(\*)</sup> The data published for first-half 2017 have been restated to reflect the impact of the change in accounting policy resulting from the retrospective application of IFRS 15, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" (see Note 3.a.2, "Impact at June 30, 2017"), but have not been restated to reflect the impact of the change in accounting policy resulting from the limited retrospective application of IFRS 9, "Financial Instruments" (see Note 3.b, "Application of IFRS 9").

Data for first-half 2017 do not include Zodiac Aerospace, which was acquired after the end of the reporting period.

In first-half 2018, the €189 million loss on foreign currency hedging instruments reflects changes in the fair value of these instruments attributable to cash flows that will be recognized in profit or loss in future periods. This loss results chiefly from the change in the EUR/USD closing exchange rate (1.17 at June 30, 2018 versus 1.20 at December 31, 2017).

The €33 million foreign exchange gain includes:

- > €83 million in income on unwinding currency derivatives hedging operating cash flows recognized in profit or loss in the period. This foreign exchange gain reflects the fact that the currency derivatives unwound in the period broadly guaranteed a EUR/USD exchange rate of USD 1.18 for €1, which proved more favorable than the actual exchange rate observed during the period;
- > €50 million in net foreign exchanges losses resulting mainly from the remeasurement of monetary items at the closing rate.

# **NOTE 9 INCOME TAX**

Group tax is calculated by using the projected annual rates in each of the Group's tax jurisdictions, adjusted for the main permanent differences identified.

The tax expense in first-half 2018 amounts to €100 million.

In first-half 2018, changes in the fair value of currency derivatives recognized in financial income (loss) generated €72 million in deferred tax income.

In first-half 2017, changes in the fair value of currency instruments amounted to a positive €2,740 million and generated a deferred tax expense.

# **NOTE 10 EARNINGS PER SHARE**

	Index	First-half 2017*	First-half 2018
Numerator (in € millions)			
Profit for the period attributable to owners of the parent	(A)	3,221	535
Profit from continuing operations attributable to owners of the parent	(1)	2,449	535
Profit from discontinued operations attributable to owners of the parent	(J)	772	-
Denominator (in shares)			
Total number of shares	(B)	417,029,585	443,680,643
Number of treasury shares held	(C)	7,773,268	9,129,450
Number of shares excluding treasury shares	(D)=(B-C)	409,256,317	434,551,193
Weighted average number of shares (excluding treasury shares)	(D')	411,224,858	428,935,570
Potentially dilutive ordinary shares	(E)	7,277,205	12,287,283
Weighted average number of shares after dilution	(F)=(D'+E)	418,502,063	441,222,853
Ratio: earnings per share from continuing operations (in $\in$ )			
Basic earnings per share	(K)=(I*1million)/(D')	5.96	1.25
Diluted earnings per share	(L)=(I*1million)/(F)	5.85	1.21
Ratio: earnings per share from discontinued operations (in $\in$ )			
Basic earnings per share	(M)=(J*1million)/(D')	1.88	-
Diluted earnings per share	(N)=(J*1million)/(F)	1.84	-
- '			

<sup>(\*)</sup> The data published for first-half 2017 have been restated to reflect the impact of the change in accounting policy resulting from the retrospective application of IFRS 15, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" (see Note 3.a.2, "Impact at June 30, 2017").

At June 30, 2018, potentially dilutive ordinary shares essentially comprise shares that may be issued if all of the options issued by the Group as part of the issue of bonds convertible and/or exchangeable for new and/or existing shares (OCEANE 2016-2020 and OCEANE 2018-2023 - see Note 17.c, "Convertible bond issues") are converted.

The calculation of earnings per share in first-half 2018 includes the issuance of 26,651,058 Class A Preferred Shares on February 13, 2018 to the shareholders of Zodiac Aerospace who tendered their shares to the subsidiary exchange offer (see Note 4, "Scope of consolidation"). The Class A Preferred Shares bear dividend rights as from their date of issuance.

## NOTE 11 GOODWILL

Goodwill breaks down as follows:

(in € millions)	Dec. 31, 2017 Net	Changes in scope of consolidation	Impairment	Price adjustments and allocation to identifiable assets and liabilities	Translation adjustments and other	June 30, 2018 Net
Safran Aircraft Engines	392	-	-	-	-	392
Safran Helicopter Engines	307	-	-	-	-	307
Safran Aero Boosters	47	-	-	-	-	47
Other	1	-	-	-	-	1
<b>Total Aerospace Propulsion</b>	747	-	-	-	-	747
Safran Nacelles	213	-	-	-	-	213
Safran Engineering Services	78	-	-	-	(2)	76
Safran Landing Systems	190	-	-	-	-	190
Technofan - Ventilation Systems	10	-	-	-	-	10
Safran Electrical & Power	464	-	-	-	5	469
Total Aircraft Equipment	955	-	-	-	3	958
Safran Electronics & Defense	129	-	-	-	1	130
Total Defense	129	-	-	-	1	130
Zodiac Aerospace	-	5,511	-	-	-	5,511
Total Zodiac Aerospace	-	5,511	-	-	-	5,511
TOTAL	1,831	5,511	-	-	4	7,346

## **Annual impairment tests**

The Group tests goodwill for impairment during the first half of the year.

The Group performed annual impairment tests on the cash-generating units (CGUs) presented above, by comparing their value in use with their net carrying amount.

The main assumptions used in determining the value in use of CGUs are described below:

- > expected future cash flows are determined over a period consistent with the useful life of the assets included in each CGU. This is generally estimated at ten years but may be extended for businesses with longer development and production cycles;
- > operating forecasts used to determine expected future cash flows take into account general economic data, specific inflation rates for each geographic area, a USD exchange rate based on available market information and mid- to long-term macroeconomic assumptions. These projections and assumptions are based on the Group's medium-term plan for the next four years, while projections and assumptions beyond this period are based on management's best case long-term scenario;
- > the value in use of CGUs is equal to the sum of these discounted estimated future cash flows plus a terminal value, calculated by applying the growth rate expected for the relevant businesses to standardized cash flows representing long-term business activity, which usually corresponds to the last year in the long-term plan;

- > the growth rate used to calculate terminal value was set at 1.5% for the Defense CGU (unchanged from 2017) and at 2%for the Aerospace Propulsion and Aircraft Equipment CGUs (unchanged from 2017);
- > the average USD exchange rate adopted is 1.18 for years 2019 to 2021 and 1.30 thereafter. These exchange rate assumptions were used for forecasting during the first half of the year, and take into account the foreign currency hedging portfolio (see Note 22, "Management of market risks and derivatives");
- > the benchmark post-tax discount rate used is 7.5% (unchanged from 2017) and is applied to post-tax cash flows.

Based on these tests, no impairment was deemed necessary in addition to that already recognized against individual assets. Furthermore, the recoverable amount of each CGU wholly justifies the goodwill balances recorded in Group assets. No impairment of goodwill was recognized as a result of the annual impairment tests in 2017.

A sensitivity analysis was carried out in respect of the Group's main goodwill balances, by introducing the following changes to the main assumptions:

- > a 5% increase or decrease in the USD/EUR exchange rate;
- > a 0.5% increase in the benchmark discount rate;
- > a 0.5% decrease in the perpetual growth rate.

In 2018 as in 2017, the above changes in the main assumptions taken individually do not result in values in use lower than the carrying amounts of goodwill balances.

## **NOTE 12 INTANGIBLE ASSETS**

Intangible assets break down as follows:

		Dec. 31, 2017*			June 30, 2018	
(in € millions)	Gross	Amortization/ impairment	Net	Gross	Amortization/ impairment	Net
Aircraft programs	2,350	(1,450)	900	2,351	(1,502)	849
Development expenditure	4,814	(1,508)	3,306	5,791	(1,820)	3,971
Commercial agreements and concessions	661	(98)	563	672	(109)	563
Software	547	(467)	80	621	(521)	100
Commercial relationships	198	(80)	118	210	(92)	118
Technology	83	(25)	58	84	(28)	56
Other	715	(144)	571	793	(165)	628
TOTAL	9,368	(3,772)	5,596	10,522	(4,237)	6,285

<sup>(\*)</sup> The data published for December 31, 2017 have been restated to reflect the impact of the change in accounting policy resulting from the retrospective application of IFRS 15, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" (see Note 3.a.3, "Impact at December 31, 2017").

Movements in intangible assets break down as follows:

(in € millions)	Gross	Amortization/ impairment	Net
At December 31, 2017*	9,368	(3,772)	5,596
Capitalization of R&D expenditure <sup>(1)</sup>	144	-	144
Capitalization of other intangible assets	21	-	21
Acquisitions of other intangible assets	34	-	34
Disposals and retirements	(1)	1	-
Amortization	-	(202)	(202)
Impairment losses recognized in profit or loss	-	-	-
Reclassifications	(2)	-	(2)
Changes in scope of consolidation (including Zodiac Aerospace)	929	(254)	675
Foreign exchange differences	29	(10)	19
AT JUNE 30, 2018	10,522	(4,237)	6,285

<sup>(\*)</sup> The data published for December 31, 2017 have been restated to reflect the impact of the change in accounting policy resulting from the retrospective application of IFRS 15, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" (see Note 3.a.3, "Impact at December 31, 2017").

Research and development expenditure recognized in recurring operating income for the period totaled €530 million including amortization (€448 million in first-half 2017). This amount does not include the research tax credit recognized in the income statement within "Other income" (see Note 7, "Breakdown of the other main components of profit from operations").

Amortization was recognized in respect of intangible assets for €49 million relating to the remeasurement of aircraft programs resulting from the application of IFRS 3 to the Sagem-Snecma merger (€30 million), and to assets identified as part of other business combinations (€19 million).

No impairment losses were recognized as a result of the impairment tests carried out in first-half 2018 or first-half 2017.

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<sup>(1)</sup> Including €4 million in capitalized interest on R&D expenditure at June 30, 2018 (€6 million at June 30, 2017).

# **NOTE 13 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT**

Property, plant and equipment break down as follows:

		Dec. 31, 2017			June 30, 2018	
(in € millions)	Gross	Depreciation/ impairment	Net	Gross	Depreciation/ impairment	Net
Land	204	-	204	219	-	219
Buildings	1,624	(750)	874	1,941	(890)	1,051
Technical facilities, equipment and tooling	4,711	(3,127)	1,584	5,300	(3,479)	1,821
Assets in progress, advances	750	(76)	674	849	(69)	780
Site development and preparation costs	51	(30)	21	56	(32)	24
Buildings on land owned by third parties	90	(31)	59	83	(32)	51
Computer hardware and other equipment	459	(357)	102	644	(474)	170
TOTAL	7,889	(4,371)	3,518	9,092	(4,976)	4,116

Movements in property, plant and equipment can be analyzed as follows:

(in € millions)	Gross	Depreciation/ impairment	Net
At December 31, 2017	7,889	(4,371)	3,518
Internally produced assets	34	-	34
Additions <sup>(1)</sup>	332	-	332
Disposals and retirements	(53)	40	(13)
Depreciation	-	(247)	(247)
Impairment losses recognized in profit or loss	-	(2)	(2)
Reclassifications	(5)	6	1
Changes in scope of consolidation (including Zodiac Aerospace)	852	(380)	472
Foreign exchange differences	43	(22)	21
AT JUNE 30, 2018	9,092	(4,976)	4,116

<sup>(1)</sup> Including €6 million in assets held under finance leases.

#### Notes to the Safran Group condensed interim consolidated financial statements

## NOTE 14 CURRENT AND NON-CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS

Financial assets include:

		Dec. 31, 2017			June 30, 2018	
(in € millions)	Gross	Impairment	Net	Gross	Impairment	Net
Non-consolidated investments	N/A	N/A	226	N/A	N/A	310
Other financial assets	2,298	(87)	2,211	362	(86)	276
TOTAL	N/A	N/A	2,437	N/A	N/A	586

Non-consolidated investments are measured at fair value or at cost if cost appropriates fair value.

Other financial assets are measured at amortized cost.

The Group reviewed the value of its other financial assets in order to determine whether any items needed to be written down based on available information.

No material write-downs were recognized in first-half 2018.

## Other financial assets

Other financial assets break down as follows:

(in € millions)	Dec. 31, 2017	June 30, 2018
Loans to non-consolidated companies	108	157
Loans to employees	31	31
Deposits and guarantees	2,007	7
Other	65	81
TOTAL	2,211	276
Non-current	98	149
Current	2,113	127

Loans to non-consolidated companies correspond to revolving credit agreements.

The table below shows movements in other financial assets:

(in € millions)	
At December 31, 2017	2,211
Increase	33
Decrease	(2,024)
Impairment (reversals/additions)	1
Changes in scope of consolidation (including Zodiac Aerospace)	55
AT JUNE 30, 2018	276

The decrease in other financial assets at June 30, 2018 is mainly due to the transfer to cash and cash equivalents of €2,000 million in money market funds which were pledged during the tender offer for Zodiac Aerospace. These money market funds could not be classified under cash and cash equivalents during the offer period due to their usage restriction (see Note 16, "Cash and cash equivalents").

The fair value of other financial assets approximate their carrying amount.

# NOTE 15 INVESTMENTS IN EQUITY-ACCOUNTED COMPANIES

The Group's share in the net equity of equity-accounted companies breaks down as follows:

(in € millions)	Dec. 31, 2017*	June 30, 2018
ArianeGroup	1,557	1,546
Other joint ventures	570	598
TOTAL	2,127	2,144

<sup>(\*)</sup> The data published for December 31, 2017 have been restated to reflect the impact of the change in accounting policy resulting from the retrospective application of IFRS 15, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" (see Note 3.a.3, "Impact at December 31, 2017").

Movements in this caption during the period break down as follows:

(in € millions)	
At December 31, 2017*	2,127
Share in profit from ArianeGroup	20
Share in profit from other joint ventures	43
Dividends received from joint ventures <sup>(1)</sup>	(61)
Changes in scope of consolidation	2
Foreign exchange differences	17
Other movements	(4)
AT JUNE 30, 2018	2,144

<sup>(\*)</sup> The data published for December 31, 2017 have been restated to reflect the impact of the change in accounting policy resulting from the retrospective application of IFRS 15, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" (see Note 3.a.3, "Impact at December 31, 2017").

The Group's off-balance sheet commitments with joint ventures are described in Note 24, "Related parties".

The Group has interests in the following joint ventures which are accounted for using the equity method:

- > Airbus Safran Launchers (ASL), which changed corporate name to ArianeGroup on July 1, 2017: space launchers;
- > Shannon Engine Support Ltd: leasing of CFM56 and Leap engines, modules, equipment and tooling to airline companies;
- > ULIS: manufacture of uncooled infrared detectors;

- > SOFRADIR: manufacture of cooled infrared detectors;
- > Safran Martin-Baker France: manufacture of ejectable seating;
- > A-Pro: repair of landing gear for regional and business jets;
- > CFM Materials LP: sale of used CFM56 parts;
- > Roxel SAS: holding company;
- > Roxel France SA: motors for tactical missiles;
- > Roxel Ltd: motors for tactical missiles;
- > SAIFEI: electrical wiring;
- > Fadec International LLC: digital engine control systems;
- > EZ Air Interior Ltd: cabin interiors.

<sup>(1)</sup> Including €27 million in dividends receivable at June 30, 2018.

ArianeGroup is the Group's sole material joint venture.

Financial information for ArianeGroup can be summarized as follows:

(in € millions)	Dec. 31, 2017*	June 30, 2018
Non-current assets	1,134	1,277
Current assets	5,360	5,773
of which: cash and cash equivalents	807	487
Non-current liabilities	(496)	(566)
of which: non-current financial liabilities	(31)	(32)
Current liabilities	(6,448)	(6,924)
of which: current financial liabilities	(36)	(139)
Non-controlling interests	7	3
Net assets of ArianeGroup (excl. goodwill and PPA) – Attributable to owners of the parent (based on a 100% interest)	(457)	(443)
Equity share in net assets of ArianeGroup (excl. goodwill and PPA) (based on a 50% interest)	(229)	(222)
Purchase price allocation, net of deferred taxes	609	591
Safran equity share - Net assets of ArianeGroup	381	370
Goodwill	1,176	1,176
CARRYING AMOUNT OF INVESTMENT IN ARIANEGROUP	1,557	1,546

<sup>(\*)</sup> The data published for December 31, 2017 have been restated to reflect the impact of the change in accounting policy resulting from the retrospective application of IFRS 15, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers".

(in € millions)	First-half 2017*	First-half 2018
Profit for the period attributable to owners of the parent	113	77
Other comprehensive income (expense)	20	(4)
Total comprehensive income attributable to owners of the parent	133	73
Safran equity share - Profit for the period	56	39
Amortization of purchase price allocation, net of deferred taxes	(25)	(19)
Safran equity share in profit of ArianeGroup	31	20
Safran equity share - Other comprehensive income (expense)	10	(2)
Safran equity share in comprehensive income of ArianeGroup	41	18

<sup>(\*)</sup> The data published for first-half 2017 have been restated to reflect the impact of the change in accounting policy resulting from the retrospective application of IFRS 15, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers".

No dividends were paid by ArianeGroup in first-half 2018.

The contribution of other joint ventures to the Group's comprehensive income was as follows:

(in € millions)	First-half 2017	First-half 2018
Profit from continuing operations	25	43
Other comprehensive income (expense)	(29)	12
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (EXPENSE)	(4)	55

# **NOTE 16 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**

(in € millions)	Dec. 31, 2017	June 30, 2018
Money-market funds	1,293	10
Short-term investments	2,077	1,072
Sight deposits	1,544	1,298
TOTAL	4,914	2,380

Money-market funds are classified within level 1 of the IFRS 13 fair value hierarchy.

The table below presents changes in cash and cash equivalents:

(in € millions)	
At December 31, 2017	4,914
Movements during the period	(2,914)
Changes in scope of consolidation (including Zodiac Aerospace)	382
Foreign exchange differences	(2)
AT JUNE 30, 2018	2,380

Changes in cash and cash equivalents in first-half 2018 notably include the payment made as part of the tender offer for Zodiac Aerospace, representing an outflow of €4,474 million, and the transfer to cash and cash equivalents of money market funds which were pledged during the Zodiac tender offer, representing an inflow of €2,000 million. These money market funds could not be classified under cash and cash equivalents during the offer period due to their usage restriction (see Note 14, "Current and non-current financial assets").

# NOTE 17 CONSOLIDATED SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

## 17.a. Share capital

At June 30, 2018, Safran's share capital was fully paid up and comprised 443,680,643 shares, each with a par value of €0.20.

Safran's equity does not include any equity instruments issued other than its shares.

## 17.b. Breakdown of share capital and voting rights

Changes in the breakdown of share capital and voting rights are as follows:

#### **December 31, 2017**

Shareholders	Number of shares	% share capital	Number of voting rights <sup>(1)</sup>	% voting rights <sup>(1)</sup>
Private investors	320,032,130	76.74%	336,208,280	66.12%
French State	58,393,131	14.00%	116,786,262	22.97%
Employees <sup>(2)</sup>	30,861,700	7.40%	55,471,370	10.91%
Treasury shares	7,742,624	1.86%	-	-
TOTAL	417,029,585	100.00%	508,465,912	100.00%

<sup>(2)</sup> Employee shareholding within the meaning of Article L.225-102 of the French Commercial Code (Code de commerce).

#### June 30, 2018

Shareholders	Number of shares	% share capital	Number of voting rights <sup>(1)</sup>	% voting rights <sup>(1)</sup>
Private investors	345,362,187	77.84%	360,935,513	67.73%
French State	58,393,131	13.16%	116,786,262	21.91%
Employees <sup>(2)</sup>	30,795,875	6.94%	55,195,215	10.36%
Treasury shares	9,129,450	2.06%	-	-
TOTAL	443,680,643	100.00%	532,916,990	100.00%

<sup>(1)</sup> Exercisable voting rights.

Each share carries entitlement to one vote. Shares held in registered form for over two years have double voting rights.

The 9,129,450 treasury shares have no voting rights.

At June 30, 2018, the total number of shares includes the 26,651,058 preferred shares issued on February 13, 2018 in consideration for the 88,847,828 Zodiac Aerospace shares tendered to the subsidiary exchange offer.

#### Treasury shares

The number of treasury shares has increased since December 31, 2017 following:

- > the sale of 44,657 shares under the Group's liquidity agreement, net of shares purchased:
- > the purchase of 1,431,483 shares in connection with the implementation of the share buyback program.

On June 15, 2017, the Shareholders' Meeting authorized the Board of Directors to buy and sell shares in the Company in accordance with the applicable laws and regulations, at a maximum purchase price of €95 per share. This authorization was renewed by the Shareholders' Meeting of May 25, 2018, which set the maximum purchase price at €118 per share.

Pursuant to these authorizations and to the liquidity agreement signed in 2012 with Oddo BHF, the Company purchased 865,909 shares for €81 million, and sold 910,566 shares for €85 million. At June 30, 2018, 150,699 shares were held in connection with the liquidity agreement.

On May 24, 2017, Safran announced that it intended to buy back up to €2,300 million in shares over a two-year period, starting as soon as its tender offer for Zodiac Aerospace had been completed. Since the offer was completed on March 23, 2018 following the mandatory squeeze-out of Zodiac Aerospace shares, Safran signed:

- > a share purchase agreement with an investment services firm on March 27, 2018 for an initial buyback tranche of up
- > a share purchase agreement with a different investment services firm on June 29, 2018 for a second tranche of up to €.400 million.

At June 30, 2018, the first buyback tranche had been completed, concerning the purchase of 1,431,483 shares for €122 million. No shares have been bought back as yet under the second buyback tranche.

#### 17.c. Convertible bond issues

#### **OCEANE 2016-2020**

On January 8, 2016, Safran issued 7,277,205 bonds convertible and/or exchangeable for new and/or existing shares ("OCEANE" bonds) for a total nominal amount of €650 million.

The bonds do not carry any coupon.

Bondholders have the option of converting their bonds into shares on a one-for-one basis. This option can be exercised at any point after the issue date and up to the seventh trading day preceding the standard or early redemption date.

This bond comes with an early redemption option that the issuer may trigger if the share price exceeds 130% of par value and that the bearer may trigger in the event of a change of control.

Unless converted, redeemed or bought back and canceled prior to maturity, the bonds are redeemable at par on December 31, 2020. OCEANE convertible bonds are deemed a hybrid instrument comprising equity and debt.

The effective annual interest rate on the liability component is 1.50% including issuance fees.

#### OCEANE 2018-2023

On June 21, 2018, Safran issued 4,996,431 bonds convertible and/or exchangeable for new and/or existing shares ("OCEANE" bonds) for a total nominal amount of €700 million.

The bonds do not carry any coupon.

Bondholders have the option of converting their bonds into shares on a one-for-one basis. This option can be exercised at any point after the issue date and up to the seventh trading day preceding the standard or early redemption date.

<sup>(2)</sup> Employee shareholding within the meaning of Article L.225-102 of the French Commercial Code.

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This bond comes with an early redemption option that the issuer may trigger if the share price exceeds 130% of par value and that the bearer may trigger in the event of a change of control.

Unless converted, redeemed or bought back and canceled prior to maturity, the bonds are redeemable at par on June 21, 2023.

OCEANE convertible bonds are deemed a hybrid instrument comprising equity and debt.

After deducting issuance fees, a total of €653 million is recognized under interest-bearing financial liabilities, which corresponds to the discounted value of cash flows from a similar bond with no conversion rights (see Note 20, "Interest-bearing financial liabilities").

The effective annual interest rate on the liability component is 1.40% including issuance fees.

The option component recognized in equity was valued at €44 million on the issue date, or €31 million after the deferred tax impact (see the consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity).

#### 17.d. Dividend distribution

A dividend payout of €1.60 per share in respect of 2017 was approved and paid in first-half 2018, representing a total amount of €695 million.

## **NOTE 18 PROVISIONS**

Provisions break down as follows:

				Reversals		Changes		
(in € millions)	Dec. 31, 2017*	Additions	Utilizations	Reclassifications	Surplus	in scope of consolidation (including Zodiac Aerospace)	Other	June 30, 2018
Performance warranties	637	210	(57)	-	(74)	96	7	819
Financial guarantees	5	1	-	-	(1)	-	-	5
Post-employment benefits	813	33	(50)	-	-	125	7	928
Sales agreements and long-term receivables	392	60	(23)	-	(19)	68	4	482
Provisions for losses on completion and losses arising on delivery commitments	72	11	(17)	-	(7)	27	(5)	81
Disputes and litigation	39	4	(4)	-	(1)	4	(2)	40
Other	230	43	(49)	-	(7)	61	(1)	277
TOTAL	2,188	362	(200)	-	(109)	381	10	2,632
Non-current	1,263							1,506
Current	925							1,126

<sup>(\*)</sup> The data published for December 31, 2017 have been restated to reflect the impact of the change in accounting policy resulting from the retrospective application of IFRS 15, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" (see Note 3.a.3, "Impact at December 31, 2017").

For the Silvercrest program, the Group has recorded provisions to cover its contractual obligations as they currently stand, including penalties payable to Dassault in connection with the development phase.

The impacts on the income statement of overall movements in provisions can be analyzed as follows:

(in € millions)	First-half 2018
Net additions recognized in recurring operating income (loss)	(29)
Net additions recognized in financial income (loss)	(24)
TOTAL	(53)

# NOTE 19 BORROWINGS SUBJECT TO SPECIFIC CONDITIONS

This caption mainly includes repayable advances granted by public bodies.

Movements in this caption break down as follows:

(in € millions)	
At December 31, 2017	569
New advances received	21
Advances repaid	(20)
Sub-total: changes giving rise to cash flows	1
Cost of borrowings and discounting	16
Foreign exchange differences	(1)
Other	1
Changes in scope of consolidation (including Zodiac Aerospace)	24
Adjustments to the probability of repayment of advances	-
Sub-total: changes with no cash impacts	40
AT JUNE 30, 2018	610

Estimates as to the repayable amounts and the timing of repayments are made regarding borrowings subject to specific conditions. No reliable estimate can be made of the fair value of such borrowings.

# **NOTE 20 INTEREST-BEARING FINANCIAL LIABILITIES**

## Breakdown of interest-bearing financial liabilities

(in € millions)	Dec. 31, 2017	June 30, 2018
Bond issue	1,209	912
OCEANE convertible bond	622	1,280
Senior unsecured notes in USD	1,006	877
Finance lease liabilities	140	134
Other long-term borrowings	269	393
Total non-current interest-bearing financial liabilities (portion maturing in more than 1 year at inception)	3,246	3,596
Bond issue	-	499
Senior unsecured notes in USD	-	133
Finance lease liabilities	26	27
Other long-term borrowings	258	540
Accrued interest not yet due	15	21
Current interest-bearing financial liabilities, long-term at inception	299	1,220
Commercial paper	850	764
Short-term bank facilities and equivalent	241	325
Current interest-bearing financial liabilities, short-term at inception	1,091	1,089
Total current interest-bearing financial liabilities (less than 1 year)	1,390	2,309
TOTAL INTEREST-BEARING FINANCIAL LIABILITIES(1)	4,636	5,905

<sup>(1)</sup> The fair value of interest-bearing financial liabilities amounts to €6,053 million (€4,710 million at December 31, 2017).

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Movements in this caption break down as follows:

(in € millions)	
At December 31, 2017	4,636
Increase in long-term borrowings at inception (excluding finance lease liabilities)	702
Decrease in long-term borrowings at inception <sup>(1)</sup>	(477)
Change in short-term borrowings	(601)
Sub-total: changes giving rise to cash flows	(376)
Increase in finance lease liabilities	6
Accrued interest	8
Changes in scope of consolidation (including Zodiac Aerospace)	1,415
Reclassification of Zodiac Aerospace hybrid debt	250
Foreign exchange differences	19
Option component of the OCEANE convertible bond <sup>(2)</sup>	(44)
Change in the fair value of borrowings hedged with interest rate instruments(3)	(24)
Reclassifications and other	15
Sub-total: changes with no cash impacts	1,645
AT JUNE 30, 2018	5,905

<sup>(1)</sup> Including  $\leqslant$ 250 million relating to the repayment of Zodiac Aerospace hybrid debt.

#### Analysis by maturity:

TOTAL	4,636	5,905
Beyond 5 years	694	701
More than 1 year and less than 5 years	2,552	2,895
1 year or less	1,390	2,309
Maturing in:		
(in € millions)	Dec. 31, 2017	June 30, 2018

#### Analysis by currency:

	Dec. 31, 201	7	June 30	, 2018
(in millions of currency units)	Currency	EUR	Currency	EUR
EUR	3,450	3,450	4,744	4,744
USD	1,384	1,154	1,337	1,148
CAD	-	-	2	1
Other	N/A	31	N/A	12
TOTAL		4,636		5,905

<sup>(2)</sup> See Note 17.c, "Convertible bond issues". (3) See Note 22, "Management of market risks and derivatives".

Analysis by type of interest rate:

> analysis by type of interest rate (fixed/floating), before hedging:

	То	tal	Non-current				Current			
	Dec. 31, 2017	June 30, 2018	Dec. 31, 2017		Dec. 31, 2017 June 30, 2018		Dec. 31, 2017		June 30, 2018	
(in € millions)	Base	Base	Base	Average interest rate	Base	Average interest rate	Base	Average interest rate	Base	Average interest rate
Fixed rate	2,912	3,839	1,892	3.17%	2,746	2.73%	1,020	0.10%	1,093	0.70%
Floating rate	1,724	2,066	1,354	0.33%	850	0.48%	370	0.56%	1,216	0.48%
TOTAL	4,636	5,905	3,246	1.99%	3,596	2.20%	1,390	0.22%	2,309	0.58%

> analysis by type of interest rate (fixed/floating), after hedging:

	Total			Non-current				Current			
	Dec. 31, 2017	June 30, 2018	Dec. 3	Dec. 31, 2017 June 30, 2018		Dec. 31, 2017		June 30, 2018			
(in € millions)	Base	Base	Base	Average interest rate	Base	Average interest rate	Base	Average interest rate	Base	Average interest rate	
Fixed rate	1,823	2,744	805	1.97%	1,658	1.85%	1,018	0.10%	1,086	0.70%	
Floating rate	2,813	3,161	2,441	1.62%	1,938	2.32%	372	0.56%	1,223	0.48%	
TOTAL	4,636	5,905	3,246	1.71%	3,596	2.10%	1,390	0.22%	2,309	0.58%	

The Group's net debt position is as follows:

(in € millions)	Dec. 31, 2017	June 30, 2018
Cash and cash equivalents (A)	4,914	2,380
Interest-bearing financial liabilities (B)	4,636	5,905
Fair value of interest rate derivatives hedging borrowings (C)	16	(8)
TOTAL (A) - (B) + (C)	294	(3,533)

Safran's issue of USD 1.2 billion in senior unsecured notes on the US private placement market on February 9, 2012 was maintained in US dollars and no currency swaps were taken out in this respect. Changes in the euro value of this issue had a negative impact of €29 million on the Group's net debt at June 30, 2018. Since this issue classified as a net investment hedge, the offsetting entry was a reduction in consolidated equity (see the consolidated statement of comprehensive income).

The Group's gearing ratio is shown below:

(in € millions)	Dec. 31, 2017*	June 30, 2018
Net debt	294	(3,533)
Total equity	9,648	10,796
GEARING RATIO	N/A	32.73%

<sup>(\*)</sup> The data published for December 31, 2017 have been restated to reflect the impact of the change in accounting policy resulting from the retrospective application of IFRS 15, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" (see Note 3.a.3, "Impact at December 31, 2017").

#### Main long-term borrowings at inception

- > On February 9, 2012, Safran issued USD 1.2 billion in senior unsecured notes on the US private placement market, which included:
  - USD 155 million of 7-year notes due February 2019 at a 3.70% fixed-rate coupon (tranche A);
  - USD 540 million of 10-year notes due February 2022 at a 4.28% fixed-rate coupon (tranche B);
  - USD 505 million of 12-year notes due February 2024 at a 4.43% fixed-rate coupon (tranche C).

A USD interest rate hedge (floating-rate swap on 6-month US Libor) was taken out in respect of tranches B and C, issued at 10 and 12 years, respectively. Tranche A has been kept at a fixed rate.

The issue's initial fixed-rate interest came out at 4.28% in 2018 after taking account of interest rate derivatives.

- > Issuance on June 28, 2017 of floating-rate bonds for a total amount of €1 billion in two tranches:
  - €500 million of 2-year bonds due June 2019 at a fixed-rate coupon of 3-month Euribor +30 basis points (floor at 0%), issued at 100.059% of nominal (tranche 1);

#### Notes to the Safran Group condensed interim consolidated financial statements

• €500 million of 4-year bonds due June 2021 at a fixed-rate coupon of 3-month Euribor +57 basis points (floor at 0%), issued at 100% of nominal (tranche 2).

These bonds have been maintained at variable rates.

- > Bonds convertible and/or exchangeable for new and/or existing shares ("OCEANE" bonds) on January 8, 2016 for a nominal total amount of €650 million. These bonds do not carry a coupon and were offered at an issue price of €676 million, or 104% of par, corresponding to a gross yield-to-maturity of -0.78%. Unless converted, redeemed or bought back and canceled prior to maturity, the bonds are redeemable at par on December 31, 2020. The effective annual interest rate on the liability component is 1.50% including issuance fees (see Note 17.c, "Convertible bond issues").
- Bonds convertible and/or exchangeable for new and/or existing shares ("OCEANE" bonds) on June 21, 2018 for a nominal total amount of €700 million. These bonds do not carry a coupon and were offered at an issue price of €700 million, or 100% of par, corresponding to a gross yield-to-maturity of 0.00%. Unless converted, redeemed or bought back and canceled prior to maturity, the bonds are redeemable at par on June 21, 2023. The effective annual interest rate on the liability component is 1.40% including issuance fees (see Note 17.c, "Convertible bond issues").
- > 10-year bonds: €200 million issued to French investors on April 11, 2014 and maturing on April 11, 2024. The interest rate on these bonds was hedged by a floating-rate swap on
  - The issue's initial fixed-rate interest came out at 1.21% in 2018 after taking account of interest rate derivatives.
- > Euro placement ("Euro PP") in the form of a syndicated loan with an original maturity of seven years, contracted by Zodiac Aerospace on March 10, 2016 and falling due on March 10, 2023, on which €180 million was outstanding at June 30, 2018 at an adjustable rate of 3.302%. This loan for an initial amount of €230 million also included a €50 million floating-rate tranche which the Group chose to repay early on March 20, 2018.
- > European Investment Bank (EIB) borrowings: €112.5 million (€112.5 million at December 31, 2017). These borrowings bear floating-rate interest indexed to 3-month Euribor plus 0.73% and are repayable in equal yearly installments between December 17, 2013 and December 17, 2020.
- > Employee savings financing under the Group employee savings plan: €369.6 million (€351.2 million at December 31, 2017).
  - The maximum maturity is five years and the amount falling due within one year is €232.7 million. The interest rate is set annually and indexed to the 5-year French treasury bill rate (BTAN), i.e., 0.722% for 2018 and 0.70% for 2017.
- > Schuldschein loan set up by Zodiac Aerospace on July 25, 2013, breaking down as follows at June 30, 2018:
  - a tranche with an initial maturity of five years, maturing on July 25, 2018, on which €212.5 million was outstanding, including €168.5 million at 6-month Euribor +1.90% floating-rate interest and €44 million at fixed-rate interest of 2.936%;
  - a tranche with an initial maturity of seven years, maturing on July 27, 2020, on which €152.5 million was outstanding, including €53.5 million at 6-month Euribor +2.20% floating-rate interest and €99 million at fixed-rate interest of 3.605%. Since an agreement was reached with the lenders prior to June 30, 2018 providing for early repayment of the €53.5 million floating-rate portion on July 25, 2018, this liability was classified within current financial liabilities in the consolidated balance sheet at June 30, 2018. On July 25, 2018, Zodiac Aerospace repaid €95 million of the fixed-interest

portion of the facility ahead of maturity. As the facility was replaced by one contracted by Safran with the same lenders, for the same amount, under the same financial terms and with the same residual maturity, the €95 million was not reclassified within current financial liabilities at June 30, 2018. Following this early repayment, only €4 million of this debt remains outstanding at fixed-rate interest.

At June 30, 2018, outstanding borrowings reflect the fact that between March 1, 2018 and June 30, 2018, certain lenders requested early repayment of the loans following the change of control of Zodiac Aerospace. Accordingly, the amount outstanding on the initial 5-year tranche was reduced by €8.5 million, while the amount outstanding on the initial 7-year tranche was reduced by €1.5 million during this period.

- > Safran Helicopter Engines real estate lease financing contract: €21.3 million (€24 million at December 31, 2017), of which €6 million was due within one year. The lease bears fixed-rate interest of 4.7% and expires in November 2021.
- > Safran University real estate lease financing contract: €37 million (€39 million at December 31, 2017), of which €4 million was due within one year. The lease bears floating-rate interest and expires in October 2026.
- > Safran R&T Center real estate lease financing contract: €40 million (€36 million at December 31, 2017), of which €4.7 million was due within one year. The lease bears floating-rate interest and expires in February 2026.
- > Following the change of control of Zodiac Aerospace, the €1,030 million "Club Deal" set up on March 14, 2014 with a contractual maturity of March 11, 2021 was terminated on February 28, 2018 following repayment of the amounts drawn (GBP 20 million and USD 154 million).
- > On March 22, 2018, Zodiac Aerospace's €250 million hybrid loan set up on March 10, 2016 was repaid in full ahead of maturity. Given the terms applicable to this loan, it was shown within equity at the date of the Zodiac Aerospace acquisition. Implementation of the repayment procedure led the Group to reclassify this amount from equity to financial liabilities (see the consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity).

The Group's other long- and medium-term borrowings are not material taken individually.

#### Main short-term borrowings

- > Commercial paper: €763.5 million (€850 million at December 31, 2017).
  - This amount comprises several drawdowns made under market terms and conditions, with maturities of less than one year.
- > Financial current accounts with joint ventures: €207 million (€93 million at December 31, 2017). Interest is indexed to Euribor.

Other short-term borrowings consist mainly of bank overdrafts.

#### Sale of receivables without recourse

Net debt at both June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 does not include trade receivables assigned without recourse, relating mainly to CFM Inc.

This confirmed facility for USD 1,375 million, maturing in December 2018 and renewed in February 2018 by a syndicate of seven banks led by Crédit Agricole CIB (USD 2,350 million at December 31, 2017), had been drawn in an amount of USD 1,374 million at June 30, 2018 (USD 687 million at 50%) versus USD 1,862 million (USD 931 million at 50%) at December 31, 2017.

## NOTE 21 OTHER CURRENT AND NON-CURRENT FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

(in € millions)	Dec. 31, 2017	Movements during the period	Changes in scope of consolidation (including Zodiac Aerospace)	Foreign exchange differences	Other	June 30, 2018
Payables on purchases of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	147	(54)	3	-	-	96
Payables on purchases of investments	5	408	348	-	2	763
TOTAL	152	354	351	-	2	859
Non-current	8					765
Current	144					94

The increase in amounts payable on purchases of investments in the period relates to the firm commitment under the share buyback program launched on June 29, 2018 for €400 million (see Note 17.b, "Breakdown of share capital and voting rights") and to the purchase commitment (put option) granted to non-controlling shareholders of Zodiac Aerospace for €339 million. These liabilities are not included in the Group's net financial position at June 30, 2018.

# NOTE 22 MANAGEMENT OF MARKET RISKS AND DERIVATIVES

The main market risks to which the Group is exposed are foreign currency risk, interest rate risk, counterparty risk and liquidity risk.

The carrying amount of derivatives used to manage market risks is shown below:

	Dec. 31, 2017		June 30, 2018	
(in € millions)	Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities
Interest rate risk management	16	-	12	(20)
Fixed-for-floating interest rate swaps	16	-	12	(20)
Foreign currency risk management	566	(805)	819	(1,230)
Currency swaps	-	-	-	-
Purchase and sale of forward currency contracts	135	(349)	98	(406)
Currency option contracts	431	(455)	721	(824)
TOTAL	582	(805)	831	(1,250)

All derivatives are categorized within level 2 of the fair value hierarchy set out in IFRS 13 (as at December 31, 2017).

Credit valuation adjustment (CVA) and debt valuation adjustment (DVA) are taken into account when measuring the fair value of derivatives.

## Foreign currency risk management

Most Aerospace Propulsion and Aircraft Equipment revenue is denominated in US dollars, which is virtually the sole currency used in the civil aviation industry. The net excess of revenues over operating expenses for these activities totaled USD 4.2 billion in first-half 2018 (USD 3.9 billion in first-half 2017).

To protect its earnings, the Group implements a hedging policy (see below) with the aim of reducing uncertainty factors affecting operating profitability and allowing it to adapt its cost structure to an unfavorable monetary environment.

## **Hedging policy**

The Group's foreign currency risk management policy is described in section 3.1, Note 26 of the 2017 Registration Document.

It also applies to Zodiac Aerospace. During a transition period running from the acquisition date (February 28, 2018) to August 31, 2018, Zodiac Aerospace's foreign currency risk is managed using the portfolio of currency derivatives which were outstanding at the acquisition date.

#### Foreign currency derivatives

The portfolio of foreign currency derivatives breaks down as follows:

	Dec. 31, 2017					June 30, 2018		
(in millions of currency units)	Fair value <sup>(1)</sup>	Notional amount <sup>(1)</sup>	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years	Fair value <sup>(1)</sup>	Notional amount <sup>(1)</sup>	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years
Forward exchange contracts	(215)				(308)			
Short USD position	(164)	10,253	10,203	50	(328)	5,129	5,129	-
Of which against EUR	(165)	10,097	10,097	-	(325)	5,038	5,038	-
Long USD position	(16)	(1,069)	(869)	(200)	42	(2,407)	(1,507)	(900)
Of which against EUR	(14)	(851)	(651)	(200)	37	(2,249)	(1,349)	(900)
Short USD position against GBP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Short EUR position against GBP	-	-	-	-	(1)	(166)	(166)	-
Short EUR position against CAD	7	16	3	13	3	53	4	49
Long ZAR position against EUR	-	-	-	-	-	(4)	(4)	-
Long THB position against USD	-	-	-	-	-	(221)	(221)	-
Long CZK position against USD	-	-	-	-	-	(166)	(166)	-
Long MXN position against EUR	-	-	-	-	5	(8,412)	-	(8,412)
Long PLN position against EUR	-	(40)	(40)	-	-	-	-	-
Long MXN position against USD	(42)	(4,000)	(2,650)	(1,350)	(29)	(3,090)	(3,090)	-
<b>Currency option contracts</b>	(24)				(103)			
USD put purchased	309	13,795	12,795	1,000	538	22,854	11,104	11,750
USD call purchased	23	(4,160)	(2,800)	(1,360)	84	(2,860)	(2,360)	(500)
USD call sold	(239)	29,859	25,867	3,992	(751)	50,820	26,920	23,900
USD put sold	(175)	(6,520)	(3,800)	(2,720)	(66)	(7,258)	(5,420)	(1,838)
EUR put purchased	7	300	300	-	23	680	680	-
EUR call sold	(4)	600	600	-	(2)	1,360	1,360	-
Accumulators – sell USD <sup>(2)</sup>	10	774	-	774	30	384	-	384
Accumulators - buy USD <sup>(2)</sup>	44	(2,580)	(2,580)	-	41	(938)	(938)	-
Accumulators - buy GBP <sup>(2)</sup>	1	(541)	(541)	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	(239)				(411)			

<sup>(1)</sup> Fair values are expressed in millions of euros; notional amounts are expressed in millions of currency units.

In the balance sheet, the €172 million decrease in the fair value of foreign currency derivatives between December 31, 2017 and June 30, 2018 reflects a €171 million decrease in the fair value of currency hedging instruments not yet settled at June 30, 2018 and a €1 million decrease in net premiums.

In the income statement, the Group does not apply hedge accounting to these derivatives. As a result, any changes in the fair value of these instruments are recognized in full in financial income (loss).

As previously noted, Zodiac Aerospace applied hedge accounting, which was discontinued as of the acquisition date.

<sup>(2)</sup> Notional amounts for accumulators represent the maximum cumulative amount until the instrument is unwound.

#### Notes to the Safran Group condensed interim consolidated financial statements

## Interest rate risk management

The Group's interest rate risk management policy is described in section 3.1, Note 26 of the 2017 Registration Document.

#### Exposure to euro interest rate risk

An interest rate swap was taken out to convert the fixed rate payable on the €200 million bond issue carried out in first-half 2014 and maturing in April 2024 to a floating rate.

These swaps are eligible for fair value hedge accounting.

	Dec. 31, 2017				June 30, 2018					
(in € millions)	Fair value	Notional amount (€)	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years	More than 5 years	Fair value	Notional amount (€)	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years	More than 5 years
Interest rate swaps										
Fixed-for-floating	12	200	-	-	200	12	200	-	-	200
TOTAL	12					12				

Zodiac Aerospace also set up a fixed-rate borrower/floating-rate lender swap to hedge against fluctuations in the 6-month Euribor rate. The swap was taken out for €50 million and matures on July 25, 2018.

	Dec. 31, 2017				June 30, 2018					
(in € millions)	Fair value	Notional amount (€)	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years	More than 5 years	Fair value	Notional amount (€)	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years	More than 5 years
Interest rate swaps										
Floating-for-fixed						(1)	50	50	-	-
TOTAL						(1)				

Between February 28, 2018 and June 30, 2018, changes in the fair value of interest rate derivatives included within "Other comprehensive income" were virtually nil.

#### Exposure to USD interest rate risk

The interest rate on the Group's February 9, 2012 issue of USD 1.2 billion in senior unsecured notes on the US private placement market (USPP) has also been partially converted to a floating rate. At their inception, floating-rate borrower/ fixed-rate lender USD swaps were set up on the 10-year and 12-year tranches, for USD 540 million and USD 505 million, respectively. The 7-year tranche for USD 155 million has been kept at a fixed rate. These swaps are eligible for fair value hedge accounting.

Fixed-rate borrower/floating-rate lender swaps for a nominal amount of USD 1.000 million were contracted in January 2018 in connection with the assignment of trade receivables without recourse. The swaps are for a term of 11 months and were taken out on behalf of a joint arrangement 50%-owned by the Group. This transaction also gives rise to a floating-rate borrower/ fixed-rate lender swap for a nominal amount of USD 500 million after elimination of intragroup items. These swaps are not eligible for hedge accounting.

	Dec. 31, 2017				June 30, 2018					
(in € millions)	Fair value	Notional amount (USD)	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years	More than 5 years	Fair value	Notional amount (USD)	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years	More than 5 years
USD interest rate swaps										
Fixed-for-floating	4	1,525	480	540	505	(20)	1,545	500	540	505
Floating-for-fixed	-	960	960	-	-	-	1,000	1,000	-	-
TOTAL	4					(20)				

## Liquidity risk management

Treasury management is centralized within the Group. Where permitted by local legislation, all surplus cash is invested with, and financing requirements of subsidiaries met by, the parent company on an arm's length basis. The central cash team manages the Group's current and forecast financing requirements, and ensures it has the ability to meet its financial commitments while maintaining a level of available cash funds and confirmed credit facilities commensurate with its scale and debt repayment profile.

Since the Group has an undrawn, confirmed liquidity line at June 30, 2018, it is relatively insensitive to liquidity risk. This €2,520 million line was set up in December 2015 and expires in December 2020. It includes two successive one-year extension options. Both these options have been exercised, meaning that the line is currently set to expire in December 2022. This line is not subject to any financial covenants.

A number of financial covenants apply to the EIB borrowings set up in 2010 (see Note 20, "Interest-bearing financial liabilities").

The following two ratios apply:

- > net debt/EBITDA <2.5;
- > net debt/total equity <1.

The "net debt/EBITDA <2.5" covenant also applies to the senior unsecured notes issued on the US private placement market (see Note 20, "Interest-bearing financial liabilities").

The terms "net debt", "EBITDA" and "total equity" used in connection with the EIB borrowings and senior unsecured notes issued on the US private placement market are defined as follows:

- > net debt: interest-bearing borrowings (excluding borrowings subject to specific conditions) less marketable securities and cash and cash equivalents;
- > EBITDA: the sum of profit (loss) from operations and the net charge to depreciation, amortization and provisions for impairment of assets (calculated based on adjusted data):
- > total equity: equity attributable to owners of the parent and non-controlling interests.

The following covenant applies to the euro private placement ("Euro PP") in the form of a syndicated loan, set up by Zodiac Aerospace on March 10, 2016 and with an original maturity of seven years (see Note 20, "Interest-bearing financial liabilities"):

> net debt/EBITDA <3.5.

The following covenant applies to the Schuldschein loan contracted by Zodiac Aerospace on July 25, 2013 (see Note 20, "Interest-bearing financial liabilities"):

> net debt/EBITDA <3.5.

## NOTE 23 DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

There were no discontinued operations in first-half 2018. All of the businesses in the Group's Security sector were sold in 2017.

The vendor warranties granted in connection with these disposals are presented in Note 25.b, "Off-balance sheet commitments and contingent liabilities relating to the Group's scope of consolidation".

In accordance with IFRS 5, "Profit from discontinued operations" as presented in the consolidated income statement for the first half of 2017 includes the contribution of discontinued operations up to the finalization date of each of the disposals (i.e., three months for the detection activities, five months for the identity and security businesses), the disposal gain net of disposal costs and the associated tax effect:

(in € millions)	First-half 2017*	First-half 2018
Revenue	748	-
Recurring operating income	39	-
Profit (loss) for the period	(1)	-
Post-tax disposal gain on detection and security businesses	774	-
Profit from discontinued operations	773	-
Attributable to:	-	-
> Owners of the parent	772	-
> Non-controlling interests	1	-

<sup>(\*)</sup> The data published for first-half 2017 have been restated to reflect the impact of the change in accounting policy resulting from the retrospective application of IFRS 15, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" (see Note 3.a.2, "Impact at June 30, 2017").

Other comprehensive income relating to discontinued operations and reclassified to profit at the disposal date are presented separately in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

## **NOTE 24 RELATED PARTIES**

In accordance with IAS 24, the Group's related parties are considered to be its owners (including the French State), companies in which these owners hold equity interests, associates, joint ventures and management executives.

The French State also holds a golden share in Safran Ceramics allowing it to veto any change in control of the Company or sale of company assets.

Data for 2017 do not include Zodiac Aerospace, which was acquired after the end of the reporting period.

The following transactions were carried out with related parties other than joint ventures:

(in € millions)	First-half 2017*	First-half 2018
Sales to related parties other than joint ventures	1,521	1,855
Purchases from related parties other than joint ventures	(34)	(41)

(\*) The data published for first-half 2017 have been restated to reflect the impact of the change in accounting policy resulting from the retrospective application of IFRS 15, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" (see Note 3.a.2, "Impact at June 30, 2017").

(in € millions)	Dec. 31, 2017*	June 30, 2018
Amounts receivable from related parties other than joint ventures	1,352	1,797
Amounts payable to related parties other than joint ventures	2,447	3,000

(\*) The data published for December 31, 2017 have been restated to reflect the impact of the change in accounting policy resulting from the retrospective application of IFRS 15, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" (see Note 3.a.3, "Impact at December 31, 2017").

(in € millions)	31, 2017	June 30, 2018
Commitments given to related parties other than joint ventures <sup>(1)</sup>	2,158	1,989

(1) See Note 25.a, "Off-balance sheet commitments and contingent liabilities relating to the Group's operating activities".

Transactions with related parties other than joint ventures primarily concern the delivery of aviation products to Airbus and the French Defense Procurement Agency (DGA).

The following transactions were carried out with joint ventures:

(in € millions) First-half 2017*	First-half 2018
Sales to joint ventures 136	104
Purchases from joint ventures <sup>(1)</sup> (55)	(40)

<sup>(\*)</sup> The data published for first-half 2017 have been restated to reflect the impact of the change in accounting policy resulting from the retrospective application of IFRS 15, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" (see Note 3.a.2, "Impact at June 30, 2017").

(1) Mainly with Shannon Engine Support Limited.

(in € millions)	Dec. 31, 2017*	June 30, 2018
Amounts receivable from joint ventures	160	158
Amounts payable to joint ventures	20	20

(\*) The data published for December 31, 2017 have been restated to reflect the impact of the change in accounting policy resulting from the retrospective application of IFRS 15, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" (see Note 3.a.3, "Impact at December 31, 2017").

(in € millions)	Dec. 31, 2017	June 30, 2018
Commitments given to joint ventures <sup>(2)</sup>	131	121

(2) See Note 13, "Investments in equity-accounted companies".

## NOTE 25 OFF-BALANCE SHEET COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Data for 2017 do not include Zodiac Aerospace, which was acquired after the end of the reporting period.

## 25.a. Off-balance sheet commitments and contingent liabilities relating to the Group's operating activities

#### (i) Commitments given and contingent liabilities

The Group granted the following commitments in connection with its operating activities:

(in € millions)	Dec. 31, 2017	June 30, 2018
Purchase commitments on intangible assets	95	86
Purchase commitments on property, plant and equipment	363	338
Guarantees given in connection with the performance of operating agreements	3,590	5,219
Operating lease commitments	317	566
Financial guarantees granted on the sale of Group products	29	25
Other commitments given	369	363
TOTAL	4,763	6,597

## **Guarantees** given in connection with the performance of operating agreements

These guarantees relate mainly to guarantees granted by Safran to customers and principals (essentially aircraft manufacturers) in which Safran or the subsidiary provide a joint and several guarantee that its subsidiaries will perform their duties under their contractual obligations. These guarantees are given in respect of research, design, development, manufacturing, marketing and

product support programs in place at Group subsidiaries. They are generally granted for the term of the program concerned, and are capped at a certain amount.

Guarantees granted to Airbus are shown within "Guarantees granted to related parties" in Note 24, "Related parties".

The increase in this caption in first-half 2018 reflects new partnerships signed by the Group, in particular with an aircraft manufacturer in the area of auxiliary power units (APU).

#### **Operating lease commitments**

Commitments under operating leases can be analyzed as follows:

	Dec. 31, 2017	June 30, 2018	Period to maturity		
(in € millions)	Total		Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years	Beyond 5 years
Operating lease commitments	317	566	101	304	161
TOTAL	317	566	101	304	161

## Financial guarantees granted on the sale of Group products

The financial quarantees shown in this table concern aerospace financing arrangements in place at the end of the period, granted to support sales of civil engines. These arrangements take the form of aircraft financing or guarantees covering the value of assets.

The Group's gross exposure in respect of these financing commitments in their transaction currency represents USD 29 million at June 30, 2018 (USD 35 million at December 31, 2017), or €25 million (€29 million at December 31, 2017). However, these amounts do not reflect the actual risk to which Safran is exposed. In view of the value of the underlying assets pledged as security, the net exposure represents USD 14 million at June 30, 2018

(USD 20 million at December 31, 2017), for which a provision, based on an assessment of the risk, is booked in the financial statements (see Note 18, "Provisions").

Financing commitments granted in principle to clients alongside aircraft manufacturers in connection with certain civil engine sales campaigns form part of financing packages proposed by aircraft manufacturers to airline companies and generally correspond to the share represented by Group engines in the financing of the aircraft concerned. These commitments are not included in the gross exposure since (i) the probability that they will be called by the airline companies is too uncertain because the deliveries are too far in the future, and (ii) in the past, few commitments have been called due to their dissuasive conditions and to the fact that they represent a "last recourse" after the active banking, credit insurance and investor markets.

#### Notes to the Safran Group condensed interim consolidated financial statements

## Contingent liabilities arising on ordinary activities

As part of their ordinary activities, Safran, some of its subsidiaries, or certain joint arrangements or consortia in which they are shareholders or members, may be subject to various claims from customers. These claims usually consist of compensation claims for failing to meet technical specifications, a delay in the development phase, late completion and/or for additional work in connection with product performance and reliability falling outside the scope of the warranties and commitments provisioned

or included within contract costs (see Note 2.b, "Provisions", and Note 18, "Provisions"). While the initial amount of any such claim may be material in certain cases, it does not necessarily have any bearing on the costs that may be ultimately incurred to satisfy the customer. As these claims represent contingent liabilities, no provision has been recognized beyond contractual liability limits, if any.

In the absence of an agreement between the parties, certain of these claims may give rise to litigation, the most significant of which are indicated in Note 26, "Disputes and litigation".

#### (ii) Commitments received

The Group was granted the following commitments in connection with its operating activities:

(in € millions)	Dec. 31, 2017	June 30, 2018
Commitments received from banks on behalf of suppliers	18	17
Completion warranties	21	27
Endorsements and guarantees received	3	3
Other commitments received	96	152
TOTAL	138	199

## 25.b. Off-balance sheet commitments and contingent liabilities relating to the Group's scope of consolidation

Vendor warranties are given or received on the acquisition or sale of companies.

#### (i) Vendor warranties given

(in € millions)	17	June 30, 2018
Vendor warranties given <sup>(1)</sup>	33	330

<sup>(1)</sup> Vendor warranties, the amount of which may be fixed or determinable.

#### (ii) Vendor warranties received

(in € millions) Dec. 31, 2017	June 30, 2018
Vendor warranties received -	-

## **Vendor warranties granted in connection** with the disposal of the Security businesses (see Note 4, "Scope of consolidation")

In connection with the sale of the identity and security businesses on May 31, 2017, Safran granted Advent International a vendor warranty valued at €180 million at June 30, 2018, as well as a specific indemnity capped at BRL 200 million (€45 million at June 30, 2018) to cover any financial consequences arising from the dispute between Morpho do Brasil and the Brazilian tax authorities concerning the calculation method for value added tax on certain products.

In connection with the sale of the detection businesses on April 7, 2017, Safran granted Smiths Group Plc a vendor warranty valued at USD 74 million (€63 million at June 30, 2018).

In connection with the sale of Structil on October 2, 2017, Safran Ceramics granted the Hexcel group a vendor warranty valued at €37 million at June 30, 2018.

## 25.c. Off-balance sheet commitments and contingent liabilities relating to the Group's financing

Commitments received in respect of financing relate to:

- > an unused portion of the trade receivable assignment facility (see Note 20, "Interest-bearing financial liabilities"); and
- > the confirmed, undrawn syndicated credit line for €2,520 million set up in December 2015 (see Note 22, "Management of market risks and derivatives").

## **NOTE 26 DISPUTES AND LITIGATION**

Safran and certain Group subsidiaries are party to regulatory, legal or arbitration proceedings arising in the ordinary course of their operations. Safran and certain Group subsidiaries are also party to claims, legal action and regulatory proceedings outside the scope of their ordinary operations. The most important are described below.

The amount of the provisions booked is based on the level of risk for each case, as assessed by Safran and its subsidiaries and largely depends on their assessment of the merits of the claims and defensive arguments, bearing in mind that the occurrence of events during the proceedings can lead to a reassessment of the risk at any time.

A provision is only booked to cover the expenses that may result from such proceedings when the expenses are probable and their amount can be either quantified or reasonably estimated.

Safran considers that the provisions booked are adequate to cover the risks it incurs.

- > A number of civil and/or criminal lawsuits have been filed against certain Safran subsidiaries in connection with aviation accidents. The Group's insurance policy would cover any civil damages payable by Safran or its subsidiaries under these proceedings.
- > On April 2, 2014, Safran was fined by the European Commission relating to the activities of Silec Cable, a former subsidiary of Sagem SA which was sold to General Cable at the end of 2005. General Cable, which was also fined, filed a claim against Safran under the sale agreement in order to protect its rights. Safran paid the €8.5 million fine in 2014. Relying on the European Commission's findings, a number of cable buyers have initiated proceedings for reimbursement of overcharges against the companies fined by the Commission. Safran's joint and several liability with other suppliers has been alleged in one such legal action, and the Group could be at risk of further claims in Europe. At the date of this report, it is not possible to evaluate any potential financial risk.

To the best of Safran's knowledge and that of its subsidiaries, there are no other ongoing regulatory, legal or arbitration proceedings that could have a material impact on the financial position of the Company and/or Group.

## NOTE 27 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

## Issue of €500 million in 2-year bonds paying floating-rate interest

On July 5, 2018, Safran issued €500 million in 2-year floating-rate bonds. These notes carry a coupon at 3-month Euribor +33 bps (0% floor) and were issued at 100% of par.

The settlement date for the issue was July 13, 2018, and the funds raised will be used by Safran for general corporate purposes.

#### Silvercrest

Safran and Dassault Aviation reached an agreement regarding the indemnity to be paid to Dassault Aviation related to the termination of the Silvercrest engine for the Falcon 5X.

The amount is covered by the provisions previously booked by the Group, and the payment will be spread over three years from 2018.



# FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

## Statutory Auditors' review report on the 2018 interim financial information

This is a free translation into English of the Statutory Auditors' review report on the interim financial information issued in French and is provided solely for the convenience of English-speaking users. This report includes information relating to the specific verification of information given in the Group's interim management report. This report should be read in conjunction with, and construed in accordance with. French law and professional standards applicable in France.

To the Shareholders.

In compliance with the assignment entrusted to us by your General Meeting and in accordance with the requirements of Article L.451-1-2 III of the French Monetary and Financial Code (Code monétaire et financier), we hereby report to you on:

- > the review of the accompanying condensed interim consolidated financial statements of Safran for the six months ended June 30, 2018;
- > the verification of the information contained in the interim management report.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Board of Directors. Our role is to express a conclusion on these financial statements based on our review.

#### Conclusion on the financial statements

We conducted our review in accordance with professional standards applicable in France. A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with professional standards applicable in France and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying condensed interim consolidated financial statements are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with IAS 34, "Interim Financial Reporting", as adopted by the European Union.

Without qualifying our conclusion, we draw your attention to Note 3, "Change in accounting policy" to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements, which describes the impacts on the financial statements of applying IFRS 9, "Financial Instruments" and IFRS 15, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" as of January 1, 2018.

#### 2. Specific verification

We have also verified the information presented in the interim management report on the condensed interim consolidated financial statements subject to our review.

We have no matters to report as to its fair presentation and consistency with the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Courbevoie and Paris-La Défense, September 5, 2018

The Statutory Auditors

Ernst & Young et Autres Mazars

Gaël Lamant Christophe Berrard Jean-Roch Varon Nicolas Macé



# SAFRAN'S ORDINARY AND EXTRAORDINARY SHAREHOLDERS' MEETING OF MAY 25, 2018

Safran's Ordinary and Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting was held on May 25, 2018.

All resolutions submitted to the vote of the Annual General Meeting were approved.

In particular shareholders approved:

- > the financial statements for fiscal year 2017 and voted for the payment of a dividend of €1.60 per share, to be paid as of May 31, 2018;
- > the consolidated, updated agreement between the French State and Safran related to the defense of the national interest;
- > the re-appointment of Monique Cohen and the appointment of Didier Domange and F&P represented by Robert Peugeot as Directors;
- > the components of the 2017 compensation of the executive corporate officers, as well as the compensation policies applicable
- > the authorization required to continue implementing the announced share buyback program.

Upon the expiration of their terms as Directors, the Board and Committee duties of Christian Streiff and Jean-Marc Forneri ceased.

# COMPOSITION OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND ITS PERMANENT COMMITTEES

Since the close of the Annual General Meeting of May 25, 2018, the Board of Directors is composed of the following members:

- > Ross McInnes, Chairman;
- > Philippe Petitcolin, Director and Chief Executive Officer;
- > Hélène Auriol Potier, independent Director;
- > Éliane Carré-Copin, Director representing employee shareholders;
- > Jean-Lou Chameau, independent Director:
- > Monique Cohen, independent Director and Lead Director;
- > Odile Desforges, independent Director;
- > Didier Domange, Director;
- > F&P, represented by Robert Peugeot, independent Director;
- > Patrick Gandil, Director put forward by the French State;
- > Vincent Imbert, Director put forward by the French State;
- > Brigitte Lesschaeve, Director representing employees;
- > Gérard Mardiné, Director representing employee shareholders;
- > Daniel Mazaltarim, Director representing employees;
- > Lucie Muniesa, representative of the French State;
- > Patrick Pélata, independent Director;
- > Sophie Zurquiyah, independent Director.

The Board of Directors thus includes a representative of the French State, two Directors put forward by the French State. two Directors representing employee shareholders, two Directors representing employees and seven independent Directors.

The independence rate of the Board of Directors, which is still composed of 17 Directors, is unchanged at 53.8% (in accordance with the AFEP-MEDEF Corporate Governance Code of Listed Companies used by Safran as its corporate governance framework, Directors representing employee shareholders and Directors representing employees are not taken into account when calculating this percentage).

Further to decisions made by the Board of Directors on May 25, 2018:

- > Didier Domange joined the Appointments and Compensation Committee;
- > Robert Peugeot, permanent representative of F&P, joined the Audit and Risk Committee, replacing Monique Cohen;
- > Patrick Pélata replaced Christian Streiff as Chairman of the Innovation and Technology Committee;
- > Vincent Imbert and Brigitte Lesschaeve also joined the Innovation and Technology Committee.

Since May 25, 2018, the permanent committees of the Board of Directors are thus composed as follows:

Audit and Risk Committee	Independent
Odile Desforges, Chair	X
Robert Peugeot, permanent representative of F&P	X
Gérard Mardiné (Director representing employee shareholders)	
Lucie Muniesa (representative of the French State)	
Sophie Zurquiyah	X
5 members, of which 75% independent*	

In accordance with the AFEP-MEDEF Corporate Governance Code of Listed Companies, Directors representing employee shareholders and Directors representing employees are not taken into account when calculating this percentage.

Appointments and Compensation Committee	Independent
Monique Cohen, Chair	X
Hélène Auriol Potier	X
Jean-Lou Chameau	X
Didier Domange	
Daniel Mazaltarim (Director representing employees)	
Lucie Muniesa (representative of the French State)	
Patrick Pélata	X
7 members, of which 66.7% independent*	

In accordance with the AFEP-MEDEF Corporate Governance Code of Listed Companies, Directors representing employee shareholders and Directors representing employees are not taken into account when calculating this percentage.

Innovation and Technology Committee	Independent
Patrick Pélata, Chairman	X
Hélène Auriol Potier	X
Jean-Lou Chameau	X
Brigitte Lesschaeve (Director representing employees)	
Patrick Gandil (Director put forward by the French State)	
Vincent Imbert (Director put forward by the French State)	
6 members, of which 50% independent	

In addition, Monique Cohen was appointed as Lead Director by the Board of Directors on March 22, 2018.

# SHARE BUYBACK PROGRAM AUTHORIZED BY THE ORDINARY AND EXTRAORDINARY SHAREHOLDERS' MEETING OF MAY 25, 2018

In its fourteenth resolution, the Annual General Meeting of May 25, 2018 authorized a new share buyback program.

Shares may not be purchased at a price of more than €118 per share and the maximum amount that may be invested in the program is €5.2 billion.

The program description, drafted in accordance with the provisions of Article 241-2 of the General Regulations of the French financial markets authority (Autorité des marchés financiers - AMF), is available on the Company's website (www.safran-group.com, in the Finance/Publications/Regulated information section).

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All financial information pertaining to Safran is available on the Group's website at www.safran-group.com, in the Finance section.

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# POWERED BY TRUST

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